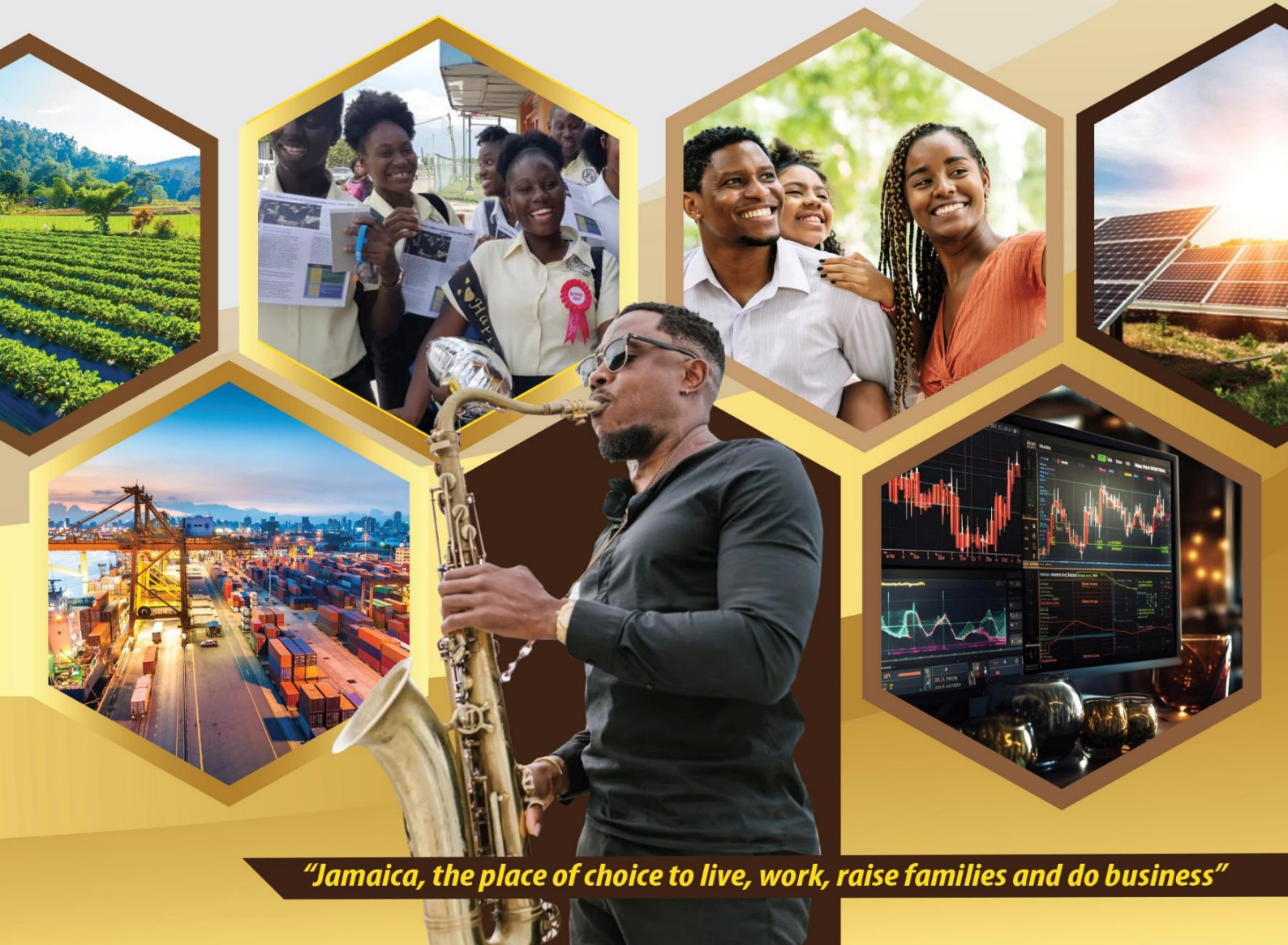




MEDIUM TERM SOCIO-ECONOMIC POLICY FRAMEWORK (MTF) 2024-2027



"Jamaica, the place of choice to live, work, raise families and do business"



Vision 2030 Jamaica – National Development Plan

Final Draft

(Approved by Cabinet, June 2025)

Medium Term Socio-Economic Policy Framework (MTF) 2024–2027

**ADVANCING JAMAICA’S LONG-TERM DEVELOPMENT TO 2030 AND
BEYOND**

“Jamaica, the place of choice to live, work, raise families and do business”

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VISION 2030 JAMAICA – NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN

National Goals and National Outcomes



The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are being implemented through Vision 2030 Jamaica



Alignment of MTF 2024-2027 and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)



Vision 2030 Jamaica...Advancing the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)...Leaving No One Behind”

Acknowledgements

The Planning Institute of Jamaica, thanks all partners in Jamaica’s development for taking the time to consult the Medium Term Socio-Economic Policy Framework (MTF) 2024–2027. This is an active step towards contributing to the achievement of Jamaica’s long-term national development goals, and specifically, the implementation of Vision 2030 Jamaica. Your implementation of the MTF will also advance the achievement of Jamaica’s commitments under global agendas and frameworks, including the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development – Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

The MTF was developed through significant contributions of time, technical expertise and other resources from Ministries, Departments and Agencies (MDAs) of the Government of Jamaica (GOJ) and partners in the country’s development. The PIOJ thanks all parties for the collaboration and invaluable contributions that have led to this collective product. It represents Jamaica’s continued engagement in participatory results-based development that reflects the will, passion and voice of the people.

“One Love, One Heart, One Jamaica”

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ABC	Agri-Business Cold Chain
ADSC	Anti-Dumping and Subsidies Commission
ALMD	Agriculture Land Management Division
AMANDA	Application Management and Data Automation Software
(AML/CFT)	Anti-Money Laundering/ Combating the Financing of Terrorism
ASTI	Annual Survey of Tertiary Institutions
ASYCUDA	Automated System for Custom Data
ATI	Access to Information
BBC	Brain Builder Centres
BGA	Bureau of Gender Affairs
BOJ	Bank of Jamaica
BOJA	Bank of Jamaica Act
BPO	Business Process Outsourcing
BSA	Banking Services Act
BSJ	Bureau of Standards Jamaica
CAC/FTC	Consumer Affairs Commission and Fair-Trade Commission
CAD	Court Administration Division
CAP	Community Access Point
CARICOM	Caribbean Community
CARIFORUM	Caribbean Forum
CCIs	Cultural and Creative Industries
CCTV	Closed Circuit Television
CD	Child Diversion
CD	Communicable Disease
CDB	Caribbean Development Bank
CDC	Community Development Committee
CEO	Chief Executive Officer
CFLGM	Caribbean Forum of Local Government Ministers
CGF	Caribbean Growth Forum
CHASE Fund	Culture, Health, Arts, Sports and Education Fund
CHEC	China Harbour Engineering Company
CIB	Central Investigations Bureau
CIC	Construction Industry Council
CIP	Construction Industry Policy
CITO	Central Information Technology Office
CLRISK	Child Labour Risk Identification Model
CMI	Caribbean Maritime Institute
CMS	Court Management System
CO ₂	Carbon Dioxide
COJ	Companies Office of Jamaica
COP	Conference of the Parties (to the UNFCCC)
COTED	Council for Trade and Economic Development
COVID-19	Coronavirus 2019
CPC	Chief Parliamentary Council

Abbreviations and Acronyms

CPFSA	Child Protection and Family Services Agency
CPP	Community Priority Plan
CPSO	CARICOM Private Sector Organization (CPSO)
CRC	Constitutions Reform Council
CRDP	Community Research and Development Planning
CRP	Community Renewal Programme
CSCS	Climate Smart Centralized Services
CSEC	Caribbean Secondary Education Certificate
CSEZ	Caymanas Special Economic
CSF	Community Systems Foundation
CSGB	Citizen Security Business Group
CSIP	Customer Service Improvement Plan
CSJP	Citizen Security and Justice Programme
CSME	CARICOM Single Market and Economy
CSO	Civil Society Organization
CSP	Citizen Security Plan
CTE	Career and Technical Education
C-TOC	Counter-Terrorism and Organized Crime Investigation Branch
CUG	Closed User Group
DARP	Development and Application and Review Process
DBJ	Development Bank of Jamaica
DCIS	Data Collection and Information Sharing
DCS	Department of Correctional Services
DFA	Data for All
DPA	Data Protection Act
DPIA	Data Protection Impact Assessment
DRM	Disaster Risk Management
EC	Early Childhood
ECC	Early Childhood Commission
ECD	Early Childhood Development
ECI	Early Childhood Institution
ECJ	Electoral Commission of Jamaica
ECLAC	Economic Commission of Latin America and the Caribbean
EEA	European Environment Agency
EEZ	Exclusive Economic Zone
e-Gov	Electronic Government
eGovJa	eGov Jamaica Limited
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
EII	Energy Intensity Index
e-LJam	e-Learning Jamaica Company Ltd.
EMS	Environmental Management System
EOJ	Electoral Office of Jamaica
EPA	Economic Partnership Agreement
EPM	Employee Performance Management

Abbreviations and Acronyms

EPI	Environmental Performance Index
ERBM	Evidence- and Results- Based Management
ESCO	Energy Services Company
ESSJ	Economic and Social Survey Jamaica
EU	European Union
EXIM	Export Import Bank
EWS	Early Warning Systems
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations
FAD	Fish Aggregating Device
FCJ	Factories Corporation of Jamaica
FDA	Foreign Direct Assistance
FDI	Foreign Direct Investment
FFIT	Full-fledged Inflation Targeting
FSC	Financial Services Commission
FTC	Fair Trading Commission
FY	Fiscal Year
GAP	Good Agricultural Practices
GBV	Gender-based Violence
GCCA+	Global Climate Change Alliance Plus
GCF	Green Climate Fund
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GHG	Greenhouse Gas
GIP	Growth Inducement Programme
GNI	Gross National Income
GOJ	Government of Jamaica
HACCP	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points
HAI	Housing Agency of Jamaica
HDI	Human Development Index
HEART/NSTA Trust	Human Employment and Resource Training Trust/National Service Training Agency
HEIs	Higher Education Institutions
HQI	Housing Quality Index
HR	Human Resources
HRH	Human Resources for Health
ICCAT	International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas
ICT	Information and Communications Technology
IDPs	International Development Partners
IERBM	Integrated Evidence- and Results- Based Management
IFIA	Ian Fleming International Airport
IGI	Inclusive Growth Index
IMF	International Monetary Fund
IP	Intellectual Property
IP	Investment Project
IRBM	Integrated Results-Based Management
IRP	Integrated Resource Plan

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ISO	International Standards Organization
ITA	Island Traffic Authority
JACRA	Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority
JADCO	Jamaica Anti-Doping Commission
JAMPRO	Jamaica Promotions Corporation
JAS	Jamaica Agricultural Society
JBDC	Jamaica Business Development Corporation
JCA	Jamaica Customs Agency
JCC	Jamaica Chamber of Commerce
JCDC	Jamaica Cultural Development Commission
JCF	Jamaica Constabulary Force
JCMS	Judicial Case Management System
Jddb	Jamaica Dairy Development Board
JANAAC	Jamaica National Agency for Accreditation
JCATS	Jamaica Credit Accumulation and Transfer System
JDF	Jamaica Defence Force
JDIC	Jamaica Deposit Insurance Corporation
JIPO	Jamaica Intellectual Property Office
JIS	Jamaica Information Service
JMEA	Jamaica Manufacturers and Exporters Association
JNHT	Jamaica National Heritage Trust
JSE	Jamaica Stock Exchange
JSEZA	Jamaica Special Economic Zone Authority
JSIF	Jamaica Social Investment Fund
JSLC	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions
JTB	Jamaica Tourist Board
KMA	Kingston Metropolitan Area
KMTR	Kingston Metropolitan Transport Region
KSA	Kingston and St. Andrew
KSAC	Kingston and St. Andrew Municipal Corporation
LAC	Latin America and the Caribbean
LDCs	Least Developed Countries
LE	Life Expectancy
LPG	Liquefied Petroleum Gas
LSDPs	Local Sustainable Development Plan(s)
LTSs	Long Term Strategies
M&E	Monitoring and Evaluation
MAJ	Maritime Authority of Jamaica
MDAs	Ministries, Departments, and Agencies
MDGs	Millennium Development Goals
MEGJC	Ministry of Economic Growth and Job Creation
MFAFT	Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Foreign Trade
MGCES	Ministry of Gender, Culture, Entertainment and Sport
mgd	Million Gallons Per Day

Abbreviations and Acronyms

MIDP	Major Infrastructure Development Programme
MIIC	Ministry Industry, Investment and Commerce
MIND	Management Institute for National Development
MLCA	Ministry of Legal and Constitutional Affairs
MLGCD	Ministry of Local Government and Community Development
MLSS	Ministry of Labour and Social Security
MNS	Ministry of National Security
MOAFM	Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Mining
MOCA	Major Organized Crime and Anti-Corruption Agency
MOESYI	Ministry of Education, Skills, Youth and Information
MOFPS	Ministry of Finance and the Public Service
MOG	Machinery of Government
MOH	Ministry of Health and Wellness
MOJ	Ministry of Justice
MOT	Ministry of Tourism
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
MPC	Monetary Policy Committee
MRV	Measuring and Reporting Verification System
MSETT	Ministry of Science, Energy, Telecommunications and Transport
MSJ	Met Service of Jamaica
MSMEs	Micro, Small and Medium-sized Enterprises
MTF	Medium Term Socio-Economic Policy Framework
MTRBB	Medium Term Results Based Budgeting
NAP	National Adaptation Plan
NARM	National Archives and Records Management
NCBJ	National Commercial Bank of Jamaica
NCCIC	National Cultural and Creative Industries Council
NCDs	Non-Communicable Diseases
NCST	National Commission on Science and Technology
NCTVET	National Council on Technical and Vocational Education and Training
NDC	Nationally Determined Contribution(s)
NDP	National Development Plan
NEI	National Education Inspectorate
NEPA	National Environment and Planning Agency
NFA	National Fisheries Authority
NGO	Non-Governmental Organization
NHCDS	National Human Capital Development Strategy
NHF	National Health Fund
NHT	National Housing Trust
NIC	National Identification Card
NIDS	National Identification System
NIF	National Insurance Fund
NIIP	Non-Intrusive Inspection Program
NIRA	National Identification and Registration Authority

Abbreviations and Acronyms

NLA	National Land Agency
NLJ	National Library of Jamaica
NMIA	Norman Manley International Airport
NNI	National Nutraceutical Industry
NOIs	National Outcome Indicators
NPRPC	National Poverty Reduction Programme Committee
NPSD	National Population and Sustainable Development (Policy)
NQI	National Quality Infrastructure
NQS	National Qualification System
NQSP	National Qualifications System Policy
NRIP	National Risk Information Platform
NROCC	National Road Operating and Construction Company
NRW	Non-Revenue Water
NSC	National Standard Curriculum
NSDI	National Spatial Data Infrastructure
NSO	National Statistics Office
NSPC	National Social Protection Committee
NSS	National Statistics System
NSWMA	National Solid Waste Management Authority
NSV-GBV	National Shelters for Victims of Gender-Based Violence
NWA	National Works Agency
NWC	National Water Commission
ODA	Official Development Assistance
ODPEM	Office of Disaster Preparedness and Emergency Management
OECD	Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development
OIC	Office of the Information Commissioner
OPC	Office of the Parliamentary Counsel
OPM	Office of the Prime Minister
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Act
PAs	Protected Areas
PAJ	Port Authority of Jamaica
PFMRAP	Public Financial Management Reform Action Plan
PICA	Passport, Immigration and Citizenship Agency
PIMIS	Public Investment Management Information System
PIMS	Public Investment Management System
PIOJ	Planning Institute of Jamaica
PISA	Programme for International Student Assessment
PPCR	Pilot Programme for Climate Resilience
PPP	Public-Private Partnership
PQPI	Plant Quarantine and Produce Inspection
PRs	Public Relations
PRMS	Privacy Regulation Management System
PSIP	Public Sector Investment Programme
PSLF	Public Sector Learning Framework

Abbreviations and Acronyms

PV	Photovoltaic
QMPR	Quarterly Monetary Policy Report
R&D	Research and Development
RADA	Rural Agricultural Development Authority
RAiS	Revenue Administration Information System
RBM	Results-Based Management
RE	Renewable Energy
RGD	Registrar General's Department
RHAs	Regional Health Authorities
RHS	Reproductive Health Survey
RJ	Restorative Justice
ROC	Rebuild, Overhaul and Construct
RTC	Revised treaty Of Chaguaramas
RWSL	Rural Water Supply Limited
RYEEP	Rural Youth Economic Empowerment Programme
SAMOA	SIDS Accelerated Modalities of Action
SCHIP	Southern Coastal Highway Improvement Project
SDC	Social Development Commission
SDF	Sport Development Foundation
SDGs	Sustainable Development Goals
SE	Service Excellence
SEZ	Special Economic Zone
SIDS	Small Island Developing States
SPS	Sanitary Phyto Sanitary
SPS	Social Protection Strategy
SRC	Scientific Research Council
SRH	Sexual and Reproductive Health
SRHA	Southern Regional Health Authority
SRR	Special Resolution Regime
STATIN	Statistical Institute of Jamaica
STEAM	Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts and Mathematics
STEM	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics
ST&I	Science, Technology and Innovation
TAJ	Tax Administration Jamaica
TAP	Technology Advancement Programme
TBT	Technical Barriers to Trade
TEF	Tourism Enhancement Fund
TIS	Tablets in Schools
TIS	Technology in Schools
TIU	Transformation Implementation Unit
TLEIs	Tertiary Level Educational Institutions
TOC	Theory of Change
TPDCo	Tourism Product Development Company
TTP	Tablets for Teachers Programme

Abbreviations and Acronyms

TTMS	Traffic Ticketing Management System
TVET	Technical Vocational Education and Training
TWG	Thematic Working Group
UCJ	University Council of Jamaica
UDC	Urban Development Corporation of Jamaica
UHC	Universal Health Coverage
UN	United Nations
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme
UNESCO	United Nations Education, Scientific and Cultural Organization
UNFCCC	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
USA	United States of America
USF	University of South Florida
USF	Universal Access Fund
USFSMA	United States Food Safety Modernization Act
VS	Victim Services
WADA	World Anti-Doping Agency
WCFJ	Women's Centre of Jamaica Foundation
WHO	World Health Organization
WoG	Whole-of-Government
WRA	Water Resources Authority
WRTRIM	Wholesale & Retail Trade; Repair & Installation of Machinery
WTO	World Trade Organization

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Section One

Executive Summary

The Medium Term Socio-Economic Policy Framework (MTF) 2024-2027 is the penultimate in a series of seven successive MTFs, each covering three fiscal years. It provides a macro-level view of the Government of Jamaica's (GOJ) results-based, strategic, policy-driven framework to foster sustainable and inclusive development in the social, economic, environmental and governance spheres.

Specifically, the MTF presents the planned results that Jamaica—through the collaborative efforts of the GOJ, non-government actors, and development partners—aim to achieve. It presents the long-term and medium-term policy-driven strategies to be implemented by all stakeholders working to advance Jamaica's development. The MTF also includes priority actions of the GOJ that serve as concrete representations of how the strategies are being implemented and the type of actions that stakeholders can replicate and/or support in implementing Vision 2030 Jamaica. These strategies and priority actions continue to prioritize the balanced development of Jamaica's social, economic and environmental sectors, encompassing all 15 National Outcomes, including the nine industry sectors under National Outcome 12 "Internationally Competitive Industry Structures".

The MTF 2024-2027 demonstrates that Vision 2030 Jamaica is adaptive, agile and evidence-driven, incorporating lessons learned and analyses of both Jamaica's development situation and the broader global environment. While the MTF gives focus to the macro-level and provides a comprehensive and generalised treatment of development issues, the strategies are to be applied as relevant to the development needs and capacities of different locales, groups and contexts. The MTF also provides the necessary information and tools to operationalise strategies in alignment with the Guiding Principles of Vision 2030 Jamaica, including sustainability, equity, social cohesion, transformational leadership, and transparency and accountability.

Trend data largely show stable performance across the various spheres of development and the associated sectors. Since 2009, an average of over sixty per cent of National Outcome indicators shows improvement compared to the 2007 baseline year. While this reflects consistency and predictability associated with growth in key determinants of development as well as an increasing ability to manage shocks and crises, it also demonstrates that structural impediments to accelerated growth persist. These obstacles have not been fully addressed or their impact sufficiently mitigated. Despite some progress, Jamaica has yet to establish an optimal enabling environment for sustainable growth across all spheres of development. This development should offer equitable opportunities for social mobility and wealth creation while ensuring a minimum standard of living above the poverty line through robust social protection mechanisms. The gaps in development are associated with several factors including challenges in establishing social contracts and adopting a whole-of-society approach to development that supports the identification and treatment of the root causes of intractable areas of underdevelopment and/or threats to growth. There should also be considerations for comprehensiveness and equitably addressing the development needs of all Jamaicans, including the diaspora.

The evidence also shows that Jamaica has the capacity for achieving efficiencies and effectiveness in key policy-driven areas. This is built on a foundation of government's commitment to long-term development that is demonstrated in the establishment and adherence to relevant strategy-, policy- and governance- mechanisms. The areas where there has been the most recognisable impact include debt reduction, monetary governance and inflation targeting, and modernisation of the tax administration system. There is also the prioritization of capacity building in government to address gaps in value chain effectiveness, including technology development and enablement, advancing

service excellence, improving timeliness and cost efficiency in procurement, and strengthening human capital development.

While there are structural and institutional gaps that create vulnerabilities – *which expand the risk profile and exacerbate the probability of critical risks impacting the development process* – the country has been developing its capacity for resilience to shocks and crises. There have been significant improvements in Jamaica's capacity for resilience, and this is evident in the pace of recovery from the economic downturn and other social and economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. Jamaica has been able to return to pre-pandemic growth levels and record-low unemployment rates. The government has also expanded its social safety net through programmes geared at accelerating social housing, social insurance and creating buffers to global inflationary pressures and other factors that impact living standards and social stability.

The assessment of the development environment and capacity has informed the identification of medium-term development themes that are people-centred and focused on promoting sustainable and inclusive growth. The themes reflect the prioritisation of social contracts and leveraging Jamaica's culture as catalysts for advancing transformational structural and institutional development. Hence, MTF 2024-2027 prioritises the level of the national results chain that encapsulates developing strong governance, institutional and regulatory frameworks in establishing an empowering and enabling environment for growth and development. The operationalisation of regulation is representative of infusing predictability and consistency in the production and delivery of quality public and private goods and services. It does not refer to government control but rather the government using policy to create an enabling environment for the various actors to drive development. Regulation within this context is about enabling producers and service providers to be efficient, effective and globally competitive. It is also about creating an enabling environment for consumers, including the citizenry, to equitably and easily access quality goods and services as well as multi-dimensional justice.

The strategies, medium-term objectives, and priority actions in the MTF are, therefore, largely focused on macro-level dynamics that are determinants of transformational development. They include establishing and strengthening relevant legislative, policy, strategy and related frameworks that clearly establish the values and approach to development. These frameworks also create incentive structures that guide social and economic participation and signal expected results. There is also a focus on promoting innovation across all sectors to enhance productive efficiencies and increase opportunities for social participation in education and training, public health, promoting the rule of law and effective governance, economic expansion, job creation, and environmental sustainability. There is also a focus on strengthening coordination, linkages and overall value chain management to identify and prioritise productivity in areas where there is comparative advantage, while reducing the social, economic, and environmental costs of productive inputs and maximise local productivity. The infusion of technology that is adaptive to cultural values and the needs of the Jamaican people is also prioritised. The country has also prioritised continued resilience building in response to ongoing global economic and geo-political shocks. Resilience building is also geared towards reducing the potential negative impacts associated with the increasing severity of climate related shocks and crises that disproportionately impact Small Island Developing States (SIDS), such as Jamaica.

The Medium Term Socio-Economic Policy Framework 2024-2027 presents a strategic policy-driven framework that is evidence- and results-based and has been verified by key stakeholders. It consists of a main document, extended version that includes a more detailed results chain and summary situation analysis. It is accompanied by a mini toolkit that supports understanding of the document and its appropriate use. The results and targets are demonstrative of Jamaica's continued efforts to

achieve accelerated growth and the prioritisation of removing constraints to the country achieving sustainable and inclusive development.

DRAFT

Description and Rationale – Focus of MTF 2024–2027

The Medium Term Socio-Economic Policy Framework (MTF) 2024-2027 is the sixth of seven planned MTFs from 2009-2030. Each successive MTF covers 3 fiscal years. The MTF presents expected development results and the national and sector strategies that should form the basis of planning and programming, resource allocation and implementation by partners in development. By aligning to the MTF, partners in development coalesce around a common policy framework, development principles, planned results and strategies, and support a coordinated, coherent approach to national development.

The MTF allows for the continued relevance of the National Development Plan and on-going improvement of the implementation framework based on evidence on performance against planned processes and results, and the development environment including capacity, context and emerging phenomena. MTF 2021–2024 included an expanded results and performance measurement framework that extended from the national level to the sector and programme levels. MTF 2024–2027 further expands on this approach.

MTF 2024–2027 gives focus to the following underpinning processes as part of building the foundations for growth:

- Developing and maintaining an enabling environment for development across the social, economic, environmental, and governance spheres of development based on strong and effective
 - *Policy, regulatory, institutional and governance frameworks and supporting mechanisms*
 - *National capabilities based on government effectiveness and social contract*

Social Contract for Jamaica's Long-Term Development



As a results-based policy-driven strategic framework for national development, Vision 2030 Jamaica – National Development Plan, including its Sector Plans and the MTF, is designed for social transformation based on strong systems, structures and institutions. The planned social transformation will be advanced through enabling environments that operate on the

foundation of strong and relevant policy, regulatory, institutional and governance frameworks. These enabling environments provide the basis for both government/public and non-public (incl. private sector and civil society) development actions. They are created through the actions of government supported by partners in development. In the absence of stakeholder participation in creating these enabling environments, they will insufficiently meet the requirements for supporting both public and private action that produce planned results.

Within a context of the need for accelerated growth and development, it is important to prioritise systems, mechanisms, and institutional building as the foundation for results-based implementation. Large, developed economies have several things in common, including a focus on research and development. One of the differences between developed and emerging and lesser developed economies is the strength of the economic systems to agilely respond and adapt to changing market and value chain realities. This is based on the presence of integration, synergies and technology, media, and skills-based mechanisms for fast information flows and appropriate responses within established systems. These systems should link sectors and geographic areas as a value chain based on a model of 'interdependence within diversification', global competitiveness, market and trade management, and national resilience and stability. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic demonstrated that gaps in the presence and/or capacity of these systems informed supply chain disruptions, increases in global inflation, reorientation of markets, and increasing inequities in the distribution of wealth towards businesses and states with stronger (more responsive and relevant) systems.

Hence, the importance of framework building as a tenet of advancing transformative development should not be underestimated. While it is undeniable that small island developing states (SIDS), like Jamaica, face significant hurdles in developing and executing comparable capacities to larger more developed states, the feat is achievable. The objective is not to achieve similar size and outputs from the economies, the objective is to achieve comparable economic profiles that produce outputs and outcomes that guarantee similar qualities of life across states. Frameworks that facilitate agile responsiveness and adaptability and link current social, economic, environmental and governance requirements with future scenarios are a necessity.

These considerations have informed an adapted approach to developing and applying systems, institutions and structures within the implementation of the National Development Plan (NDP) as follows:

- Developing and maintaining the requisite and strong policy, regulatory, institutional and governance frameworks along with capabilities through state action and social contracts:
 - in creating enabling frameworks and environments for
 - systemic, structural and institution based sustainable and inclusive transformations and resilience building that shape

- how society is organised, and enables citizen contribution to producing and creating mechanisms for accessing and benefiting from public goods, services and opportunities
 - to build human, knowledge, cultural and institutional capital
 - for optimizing innovation, productivity, competitiveness and per capita income/inclusive growth
 - to build assets and intergenerational wealth
 - for improved living standards/no poverty and social mobility
 - in building family lineages, community cultures, and Jamaica's future and legacy.

The lessons learned have demonstrated that there have been significant improvements in establishing policy, regulatory, institutional and governance frameworks, and partnerships for social transformation in Jamaica. However, critical gaps remain that serve as impediments to sustainable and inclusive development. These include:

- Insufficient policy, regulatory, institutional and governance frameworks and therefore enabling environments to support sustainable and inclusive growth grounded in transformative systems.
- Insufficient integration, harmonisation and linkages, accompanied by areas of incoherence, in the development and application of policy, regulatory, institutional and governance frameworks
- Incomplete build-out of Results Frameworks and/or Performance Measurement Frameworks to guide prioritisation and target setting in the development of integrated policy, regulatory, institutional and governance frameworks
- Absence of an Integrated Results-Based Management (IRBM) Policy Framework to guide institutionalisation and resource allocation in supporting the linkages between policy, planning, budgeting and the other elements of the IRBM Framework. The IRBM Policy is targeted for adoption with implementation commencing under MTF 2024–2027
- Insufficient recognition of the importance and engagement of social contracts in creating and maintaining frameworks, systems and mechanisms in achieving
 - Efficiency, effectiveness, transparency and accountability
 - Transformational results from implementation that are sustainable and long-standing, with multiplier effects.

The approach to the presentation of MTF 2024–2027 and what has been prioritised in the results framework is informed by a focus on bridging the gaps in:

” ...Developing and maintaining the requisite and strong policy, regulatory, institutional and governance frameworks along with capabilities through state action and social contracts”.

Hence, the stated sector-level results and strategies (national and sector strategies) largely give focus to addressing the gaps in developing relevant policy, regulatory, institutional and governance frameworks as the foundation for strategic planning and programming that informs efficient and effective implementation and the delivery of planned/expected development results from the activities to national impact. The results and strategy framework is also presented to highlight the role of stakeholder access and participation to frameworks and mechanisms for making systems and processes strong, relevant/appropriate, fit-for-purpose, enabling and effective for transformation and impact.

At the highest level, the Performance Measurement Framework includes National Outcome Indicators. The National Outcomes Indicators are quantitative metrics, which are used to measure the achievement of milestones (medium term targets) in advancing long-term outcomes and ultimately impact that represent the achievement of the National Outcomes. Each MTF presents the National Outcome Indicators, baseline year (2007), and medium-term targets. The MTF 2024–2027 presents policy-based national targets for 2027 and updated targets for 2030.

It should be noted that the majority of the targets presented in the document are provisional owing to data gaps that have material implications for target setting. The targets represent both aspiration and the expected results of planned strategies and actions.

During the medium term (FY 2024/25 – 2026/27), focus will be given to a comprehensive evaluation of Vision 2030 Jamaica and future planning including forecasting and projections. This process should inform an assessment of the applicability of existing targets and future target setting.

The MTF 2024–2027 provides a foundation for social contract building. MTF 2024–2027 is geared towards encouraging “conscious” participation by each Jamaican and all who do business or in some way share the Jamaican territorial and cultural space. We all contribute to the development journey and results of Jamaica. However, conscious participation aligned to common framework represents an explicit move to work together for the development of “Jamaica, land we love”.

The Planning Institute of Jamaica encourages each stakeholder to visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica website at <https://www.vision2030.gov.jm/> and the Data4Development Online Monitoring Platform, which includes a Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/>. You will find the following documents on both sites:

- Medium Term Socio-Economic Policy Framework (MTF) 2024-2027: Summary Document
- Medium Term Socio-Economic Policy Framework (MTF) 2024-2027: Extended Version
- “How-to-Guide: Toolkit”, which provides guidance on how to use the MTF 2024–2027 and the Extended Version.

Review of MTF 2021-2024 & Concept Development -
MTF 2024-2027
(Preparatory Phase)



Vision 2030 Jamaica Process Model



Road Map
Preparation of
MTF 2024-2027

Strategic National Thematic Priorities under MTF 2024–2027

Figure A1 below shows the main strategic priority areas or thematic areas of priority in MTF 2024–2027 that are aligned to the four (4) National Goals and 15 National Outcomes.



Tables A1 shows the translation of the Medium-Term Development Agenda in Cabinet Priorities

Table A1: Alignment of National Goals and MTF 2024–2027 with Government/Cabinet Priorities

National Goals	Medium-Term National Strategic Priorities – MTF 2024-2027	Cabinet Priorities
<u>National Goal # 1:</u> Jamaicans Are Empowered to Achieve Their Fullest Potential	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • People-Centered Development, Health and Wellness • Human Capital Development and Social Protection • Transformational Culture and Social Capital Development 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Human Capital Development • Healthcare and Wellness • Social Protection
<u>National Goal # 2:</u> The Jamaican Society Is Secure, Cohesive and Just	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Effective National Security, Justice and Governance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rule of Law and Timely Justice Outcomes
<u>National Goal # 3:</u> Jamaica’s Economy Is Prosperous	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Economic Stability, Competitiveness and Sustainable and Inclusive Growth 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Macroeconomic Stability and Fiscal Sustainability
<u>National Goal # 4:</u> Jamaica Has a Healthy Natural Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Environmental Sustainability and Climate Change Resilience • Balanced and Sustainable Rural and Urban Development 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inclusive Sustainable Economic Growth & Job Creation

Table A2: List of National Priority Actions by 4 National Goals and 15 National Outcomes

National Outcomes	Priority Actions (extract)
Goal 1: Jamaicans are empowered to achieve their fullest potential	
A Healthy and Stable Population	<p>Population Dynamics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Monitor and evaluate implementation of the National Population and Sustainable Development Policy - Produce demographic data, official statistics, and up-to-date population projections and forecasts - Strengthen the regulatory framework for civil registration and vital statistics, and electronic access to quality services

National Outcomes	Priority Actions (extract)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Establish a Sexual and Reproductive Health Policy Framework - Provide adequate maternal and child health care and services - Implement National Policy and Plan of Action on International Migration and Development & National Diaspora Policy
	<p>Children and Youth Development</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Strengthen framework and systems of the Child Care and Protection Act (CCPA) for child development and wellbeing - Modernize and strengthen the regulatory framework and plans for the adoption of children - Mainstream the National Youth Policy - Develop and implement initiatives to produce quality data and statistics on youth development issues - Promote Youth engagement in policy development and advocacy on youth development issues
	<p>Health Development</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Implement NCD Prevention Programme - Deliver National Immunization Programme - Implement Vector Control Programme (to emphasize reducing mosquito borne diseases) - Deliver services to reduce drug use and associated harms - Develop comprehensive quality primary care service - Establish systems, protocols and procedures for provision of appropriate services based on established care pathways for each stage of the life cycle - Establish new and/or upgrade existing health facilities to increase inclusive access to care and improve resilience and climate proofing - Develop and implement the policy, regulatory and planning framework for Human Resources for Health (HRH) - Implement policy, legislative, and regulatory programme for the health sector - Reform the Ministry of Health & Wellness (MOHW) Corporate Structure - Increase public and private service points for patients with hypertension and diabetes - Improve access to prescription medicines at Drug Serv and partner pharmacies
World-Class Education and Training	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Provide early stimulation programmes - Provide universal access to early childhood education

National Outcomes	Priority Actions (extract)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Establish Regulatory and Standards-Driven Framework for the delivery of early childhood education and care services (including certification of ECIs) - Establish and maintain Parent Places - Implement programmes in support of universal enrolment, regular student attendance and completion of primary level education (Grades 1-6) - Implement National Standard Curriculum (NSC) and National Assessment Programme (NAP) at the Primary level - Develop and implement a new National Assessment Programme (NAP) - Implement the Curriculum for Students with Moderate to Profound Intellectual Disabilities - Implement gender-based learning programme (to address learning disparities between males and females) - Support equity in access to learning resources - Strengthen the capacity of the National Education Inspectorate (NEI) to deliver on its mandate - Establish and institutionalize a professional teaching workforce - Continue the implementation of full support for the students on Programme of Advancement Through Health and Education (PATH) - Develop regulatory framework for safe schools - Strengthen the legal and policy framework for the Higher Education Sector - Strengthen the Registration Framework for Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) - Establish, staff and fund Jamaica Tertiary Education Commission (JTEC) with mandate to include the collection/analysis of institutional research data - Facilitate Flexible Learning Pathways - Develop/revise relevant laws, regulations, policies for the Training Sector (incl. HEART Trust/NSTA) - Provide globally relevant and accredited training through the Human Employment and Resource Training Trust / National Service Training Agency (HEART/NSTA) Trust and other approved institutions - Transform HEART/NSTA into an institution delivering world class Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, and Mathematics (STEAM) education - Establish National Qualifications System Policy (NQSP) - Implement National Human Capital Development Strategy (NHCDS) - Register higher education qualifications

National Outcomes	Priority Actions (extract)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Establish Jamaica Credit Accumulation and Transfer System (JCATS) - Strengthen labour market data and information systems - Develop and implement National Central Repository on the Education and Training Sector (data) - Establish a National Mentorship Programme
Effective Social Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Monitor, evaluate and coordinate the National Poverty Reduction Programme (NPRP) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Implement Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) Framework and Plan for Poverty Reduction - Conduct periodic national survey(s) and other evidence-gathering activities on Poverty - Deliver social housing - Improve land ownership (secure tenure) through the provision of affordable land, land titling/regularization and the reduction of squatting - Build the capacity of vulnerable youth and elderly to engage in sustainable livelihoods - Strengthen and implement programmes for social transfers (with exit strategies) to support social and income security of households - Maintain a viable and sustainable framework for social insurance and occupational pension coverage and delivery (public and private pensions) - Mainstream and operationalize the Disabilities Act - Increase awareness about Disability Rights, the Disabilities Act, and Jamaica Council for Persons with Disabilities (JCPD) - Deliver early intervention services for children with disabilities - Establish framework for and coordinate the Implementation of the Jamaica Social Protection Strategy, including develop Policy Briefs on social protection issues; and manage multi-stakeholder coordination mechanism – National Social Protection Committee (NSPC)
Authentic and Transformational Culture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Strengthen culture legislation - Develop and implement Jamaica's World Heritage Programme - Expand social interventions to cultural communities for community cultural development and cultural preservation - Collate and store cultural materials - Conserve the National Collection - Develop and implement regulatory and institutional frameworks for the development and protection of Jamaica's nation brand - Advance social development through sport, including promoting sensitization and public awareness on safeguarding children in sport; and implementing

National Outcomes	Priority Actions (extract)
	programmes/interventions to develop schools and communities via sport
Goal 2: The Jamaican society is secure, cohesive and just	
Security and Safety	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Develop and implement Citizen Security Plan (CSP) - Improve data quality for evidence-based policy, planning and programming - Establish Case Management Support Systems for Crime Prevention and Community Safety - Reform and Modernize Crime Management Systems and Technology - Implement Project Rebuild, Overhaul and Construct (ROC) - Implement JamaicaEye - Expand the JCF Microwave Network - Enhance the Traffic Ticketing Management System (TTMS) - Strengthen governance and regulatory frameworks for the management of Immigration, border security, and anti-terrorism efforts - Establish National Cyber Security Strategy and Programming Framework - Strengthen policy and legislative framework for offender management, rehabilitation, and re-integration
Effective Governance	<i>Government Effectiveness</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Review GOJ's strategy for the management and development of the civil service - Introduce the Human Resource Operating Model - Implement Accountability Framework for Senior Executives - Deliver the performance improvement programme - Operationalize the Employee Performance Management (EPM) Policy - Establish/operationalize the GOJ Learning and Development (L&D) Policy Framework - Establish an Integrated Results-Based Management (IRBM) Policy Framework in GOJ - Apply IRBM Framework for Business and Operational Planning in GOJ - Apply IRBM Framework for implementation of Vision 2030 Jamaica and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) - Deliver Service Excellence Programme - Provide shared Corporate Services - Leverage ICT to enable efficient service delivery
	<i>Constitutional Reform and Justice</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Reform and modernize the justice system, including infrastructural development, policy planning and development, Integrated Case Management - Develop and implement a programme of legal and constitutional reform

National Outcomes	Priority Actions (extract)
	<p>Gender</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Implement National Policy for Gender Equality - Establish National Shelters for Victims of Gender-based Violence (NSV-GBV) - Educate and sensitize the public and raise awareness of gender-based violence (GBV) - Implement Men and Masculinity Programme - Support the development of adolescent parents <p>Citizenship, Transparency and Accountability Mechanisms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Establish the National Identification and Registration Authority (NIRA) and National Identification and Registration Inspectorate (NIRI - ECJ) - Register Jamaicans in the NIDS database and issue National Identification Card (NIC) - Establish a coordinated National Statistical System (NSS) - Produce and provide open access to quality data and official statistics - Deliver online/electronic monitoring tools for Vision 2030 Jamaica and the SDGs - Develop and promulgate the National Archives and Records Management (NARM) Act and strengthen institutional capacity - Establish Office of the Information Commission - Establish Data Collection and Information Sharing (DCIS) Portal
Goal 3: Jamaica's economy is prosperous	
A Stable Macroeconomy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Maintain and bolster macroeconomic stability – implement debt management strategy, fiscal policy, and monetary policy, and modernization of the tax system - Fully operationalize the Independent Fiscal Commission - Advance policy framework for national natural disaster risk financing - Ensure price and financial stability - Implement structural reforms for economic resilience - Develop the policy framework for the creation of the Twin Peaks regulatory model - Enhance the efficiency and equitability of the tax system through improved digital services
An Enabling Business Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Improve the ease of doing business <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Improve processes for business development and innovation in new industries, including access to capital, investment promotion and trade facilitation - Support entrepreneurship and innovation

National Outcomes	Priority Actions (extract)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Strengthen the legal and regulatory framework for e-commerce and protection of intellectual property (IP) rights and inclusive access to copyrighted material
Strong Economic Infrastructure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Develop transportation and logistics infrastructure - Enhance ICT infrastructure - Upgrade water and energy systems - Strengthen regulatory and institutional framework - Improve road safety: revise the national road safety policy and develop vehicle safety standards - Modernize the public transportation system - Advance airport development and operation - Establish Jamaica as international shipping centre - Develop and link major supporting logistics centres and facilities islandwide - Strengthen the policy and regulatory framework for broadband access
Energy Security and Efficiency	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Diversify energy sources - Promote renewable energy and energy efficiency - Strengthen energy policy and governance: Revise the energy policy and develop sub-policies covering areas such as renewable energy, carbon trading and biofuels - Electromobility (Electric Vehicles): Develop and implement a strategic framework for electromobility
A Technology-Enabled Society	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Foster a culture of innovation - Promote ICT for development (ICT4D) - Develop digital skills and digital infrastructure - Strengthen national capacity for science, technology and innovation – improve digitalization, research and development, among other areas
Internationally Competitive Industry Structures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Strengthen the international competitiveness of main industry structures, including tourism, agriculture, manufacturing, services, cultural and creative industries, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) and sport
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Agriculture <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Agriculture Research and Development: Strengthen the environment for agricultural research and development including the rehabilitation of research centres o Develop an Agricultural Development Plan o Develop agro-parks and agro-economic Zone o Provide adequate water supply, irrigation and drainage to boost agricultural productivity o Establish and maintain fish sanctuaries

National Outcomes	Priority Actions (extract)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Implement the praedial larceny prevention programme including illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing ○ Farm Roads Development: Implement the national farm road rehabilitation programme ○ Youth and Women in Agriculture Entrepreneurship: Provide training for women and young people in the areas of agriculture, entrepreneurship and business development
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Manufacturing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Create an enabling business environment which fosters and supports the establishment, growth and survival of the manufacturing enterprises ○ Develop linkages between manufacturing and linkage sectors ○ Increase exposure and access to relevant, innovative and cleaner production technologies
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mining and Quarrying <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Strengthen the policy and legislative framework through, inter alia, the development and implementation of the National Industrial Minerals Policy as well as the strengthening of the Mining Act ○ Boost research and development capabilities of industry players and build institutional capacity ○ Develop cost-efficient solutions for the metallic and non-metallic sub-sectors ○ Promote investments in value added products
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Construction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Strengthen the policy and regulatory environment and capital for the development of the construction sector
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cultural and Creative Industries <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Develop policy/regulatory framework for Culture and Creative Economy ○ Develop and implement Business Plan for the Cultural and Creative Industry ○ Establish and operationalize the National Cultural and Creative Industries Council (NCCIC) to support development of the cultural and creative industries ○ Develop and implement the National Registry of Entertainment and Creative Industry Practitioners ○ Develop and implement Entertainment Policy and Strategy ○ Establish Entertainment Zones and Registry

National Outcomes	Priority Actions (extract)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Advocate for an equitable trade system, including for free movement of entertainment practitioners ○ Support entrepreneurship in the cultural and creative industries ○ Develop and Implement programme to promote community tourism ○ Strengthen systems for developing digital distribution and promotion of Jamaican music, video and fashion ○ Establish a Culture and Creative Industries Satellite Account
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sport <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Promote regulatory compliance with international standards/certification, legislation and conventions for anti-doping in sport ○ Establish Sport Diplomacy Programme ○ Support the development of local sport product and services ○ Package Jamaica's sport product to attract investment ○ Establish Jamaica Athletes Insurance Plan ○ Develop and implement National Results Framework & Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) System for Sport
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Information and Communications Technology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Strengthen the policy and regulatory environment including revising and implementing the Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Policy, implementing the Open Data Policy and developing and implementing a Spectrum Management Policy, Artificial Intelligence Policy ○ Implement Data Centre & GovNet Project, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Upgrade facilities to create/support a GOJ Shared Service Data Centre at concurrently maintainable standard ▪ Develop and implement a shared voice platform ▪ Design and implement the government-wide area network (GovNet) ○ Restructure Postal Services ○ Expand Community Access Points ○ ICT Infrastructure Development: Security of ICT systems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Build awareness about cybersecurity ▪ Implement cybersecurity strategy
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Increase levels of financial inclusion, especially among underserved populations ○ Advance financial inclusion

National Outcomes	Priority Actions (extract)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Develop policy framework for fair competition, promulgate the Credit Unions (Special Provisions) Bill, and related amendments to the Cooperative Societies Act ○ Develop regulatory framework for the development and growth of International Financial Services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tourism <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Develop Housing Policy for Tourism Workers ○ Amend Acts for Bath Fountain of St. Thomas, the Apostle and Milk River Hotel and Spa ○ Develop Peer-to-Peer Association Policy ○ Establish gastronomic experiences ○ Develop and implement multi-destination tourism concept ○ Develop and implement the revised community-based tourism policy ○ Enhance the promotion of heritage-based tourism and build out cultural and heritage assets ○ Develop and implement a Sustainable Tourism Strategy and Action Plan ○ Implement a Resilient Tourism Framework ○ Implement the Tourism Linkages Network Policy and Action Plan
Goal 4: Jamaica has a healthy natural environment	
Sustainable Management and Use of Environmental and Natural Resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increase the coverage of protected areas concerning Jamaica's territory, including ecologically sensitive areas - Develop and implement management/recovery plans for species that are threatened and endangered - Develop and implement a Green Economy Investment Strategy - Promulgate several environmental policies and plans including Beach Access and Management Policy, Policy and Legislative Framework for Protected Areas, National Mangrove Forest Management Plan, National Water Sector Policy and Implementation Plan, Jamaica Water Resources Master Plan - Revise and update the NSWMA Solid Waste Policy to reflect emerging issues
Hazard Risk Reduction and Adaptation to Climate Change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Create and manage a Database/ National Risk Information Platform (NRIP) - Develop and implement Disaster Risk Management (DRM) Plans - Implement the Revised Climate Change Policy Framework - Implement Green Climate Fund (GCF) Readiness Programmes

National Outcomes	Priority Actions (extract)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Develop and implement the National Adaptation Plan (NAP) along with NAP Financing Strategy - Implement Long-Term Strategies (LTS) for low carbon and climate-resilient development and complete the Cost-Benefit Analysis
Sustainable Urban and Rural Development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Maintain and periodically upgrade National Spatial Plan Information Technology Platform and continuously update associated datasets - Amend and operationalize the Town and Country Planning Act - Implement the Electronic Land Registration System with a focus on regularisation of informal land holdings/settlements and provision of an electronic land titling system - Develop and implement local sustainable development plans for municipalities - Complete the squatter census and develop the Squatter Management Policy. - Develop the rural road infrastructure/network - Expand and improve the rural water supply and advance efforts to create universal access to water - Maintain relevant legislative/regulatory framework for the housing sector - Increase access to housing and execution of social housing programme - Establish a Fire Prevention Programme, including inspections and investigations

Section Two

MTF 2024–2027

Medium-Term Strategy-Based, Policy Driven Framework for
Advancing Jamaica's Development by National Goals and
National Outcomes

*Let Us Emerge...Leveraging Jamaican Innovation, Resilience, and
Competitiveness for Sustainable and Inclusive Growth*

GOAL 1

**Jamaicans are Empowered to
Achieve Their Fullest Potential**



National Outcome #1 “A Healthy and Stable Population”

Introduction

National Outcome #1 “A Healthy and Stable Population” encompasses the gamut of considerations regarding the health and demographic characteristics of the population. It therefore gives focus to addressing gaps in development based on the national goals for a stable population and the health and wellness of the Jamaican people. Accordingly, the developmental areas of focus include children, youth, the elderly, and migrants, as well as sexual and reproductive health, mental health, mortality and morbidity and the quality of the health system.

Medium Term Socio-Economic Policy Framework (MTF) 2024-2027 provides a policy-driven strategic framework for stakeholders to apply in addressing existing and emerging development challenges affecting population and health. These include strengthening health promotion and primary health care in advancing disease prevention and universal access to care; increased focus on mental health; and climate proofing the health sector. There is also focus on advancing the use of digital technologies, and overall improvement in health infrastructure, information systems and governance.

Medium Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #1 “A Healthy and Stable Population” and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align your planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting your development programmes.

The planned strategies and development programming for “A Healthy and Stable Population” are aligned with SDGs 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 16 and 17.

Figure 1A. Alignment of National Outcome 1 “A Healthy and Stable Population” and the SDGs



Table 1A presents medium-term targets for “A Healthy and Stable Population” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to

which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 1A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 1 – “A Healthy and Stable Population”												
National Outcome #1: A Healthy and Stable Population	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Human Development Index (HDI)	Index	0.703	0.745	≥0.750	≥0.750	≥0.750	≥0.750	≥0.750	≥0.750	≥0.750	≥0.750	≥0.800
Life Expectancy (LE) at Birth – Total	Years	72.7	72.8	74.2	74.3	75.8	75.8	≥75.8	≥75.8	≥75.8	≥75.8	76.4
Life Expectancy (LE) at Birth – Male	Years	71.26	69.8	70.4	70.6	71.3	71.3	≥71.0	≥71.0	≥71.0	≥71.0	73.4
Life Expectancy (LE) at Birth – Female	Years	77.07	77.07	78.02	78.2	78.5	78.5	≥78.5	≥78.5	≥78.5	≥78.5	79.4
Population Growth Rate	Per cent	0.3	0.45	0.35	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Adolescent (10-19 y.o.) Fertility Rate	Births per 1000 population	79	72	65	60.95	-	-	30.6	30.3	29.9	28.9	-
Percentage staff/population ratio (physicians, nurses and mid-wives) per 1000 population	Per 1000 population	-	-	-	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Maternal mortality ratio	Ratio	94.8	-	90	88	88	≤90	≤88.7	≤87.5	≤86.4	≤82.9	70
Child (<5 yrs.) mortality ratio	Ratio	26.2	-	24	22	22	22	≤17.0	≤17.0	≤17.0	≤17.0	-
Unconditional probability of dying between ages of 30 and 70 from cardiovascular diseases, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory diseases	Per cent	17	-	15.7	15.6	15.7	15.6	≤15.6	≤15.6	≤15.6	≤15.6	11.4

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 1B show the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance “A Healthy and Stable Population” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align your planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 1B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “A Healthy and Stable Population”

A Stable Population

National Strategy 1-1: Maintain a Stable Population	National Strategy Outcome: A Stable Population
National Strategy Objective: To achieve and maintain a stable population with a balanced population structure, high life expectancy and healthy ageing, and sustainable population growth, by 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes (2):	
Population and Development – Institutional Framework <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for achieving long-term goals for the demographic structure, composition, longevity, and growth of the population 	
Population Dynamics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fertility <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fit-for-purpose governance framework for Sexual and Reproductive Health (SRH) • Migration <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for effective management of internal and external migration and the contribution to national development • Mortality: addressed under section “A Healthy Population” 	

National Strategy 1-1: Maintain a Stable Population	National Strategy Outcome: A Stable Population
National Strategy Objective: To achieve and maintain a stable population with a balanced population structure, high life expectancy and healthy ageing, and sustainable population growth, by 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes (2) Cont'd.:	
Population Structure <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Children <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for the holistic development, care, and protection of children - An effective Child and Family Welfare System <p>Strong child protection framework against physical and psycho-social violence and related vulnerabilities</p> • Youth <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for coordinated national youth development, across the island - An enabling environment for inclusive access to youth development services and opportunities, particularly by the vulnerable (incl. at-risk) - Effective youth-led governance and institutional arrangements - Mainstreamed youth engagement and leadership in national frameworks for sustainable and inclusive development 	

Population and Development – Institutional Framework

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for achieving long-term goals for the demographic structure, composition, longevity, and growth of the population	
Development Area: Population and Development – Governance Framework	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for achieving long-term goals for the demographic structure, composition, longevity, and growth of the population, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3, 4, 5, 16, 17	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 4.4, 5.6, 16.9, 17.18, 17.19

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Policy, Legislation, Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation	i. Advance integrated results-based implementation of the National Population and Sustainable Development Policy (NPSDP)	PIOJ
	ii. Integrate country-agreed international and regional frameworks for population and development in national policy and planning	PIOJ
2. Demographic Data and Statistics	i. Provide up-to-date population projections and forecasts	STATIN, PIOJ, Academia
	ii. Produce/Disseminate planned demographic data and official statistics	STATIN, PIOJ, Academia
	iii. Develop scientific/analytical papers on demography and population	PIOJ, Academia
3. Institutional Framework for Civil Registration and Vital Statistics	i. Strengthen legislative/regulatory framework for civil registration and vital statistics	RGD, OPM
	ii. Provide world-class civil registration services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Provide online access to products and services - Implement an Electronic Customer Queuing Management System - Implement Customer Service Strategy - Implement new Civil Registration Solution 	RGD, OPM

Population Dynamics – Fertility

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a fit-for-purpose regulatory and institutional framework for achieving country targets for sexual and reproductive health (SRH)	
Development Area: Sexual and Reproductive Health (SRH)	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a fit-for-purpose institutional framework for achieving country targets for the sexual and reproductive health of the population, by March 2027
Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3, 5	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.7, 5.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Sexual and Reproductive Health (SRH)	i. Establish a Sexual and Reproductive Health Policy Framework	MOHW
	ii. Provide adequate maternal and child health care and services (<i>pre-natal, anti-natal and neo-natal care to reduce maternal, neo-natal mortality</i>)	MOHW

Population Dynamics – Migration

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for achieving country development objectives through internal and external migration	
Development Area: Migration and Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for the effective management of internal and external migration and the contribution to national development, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 10, 16	8.8, 10.7, 10.c, 16.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. International Migration and Development (IMD)	i. Develop/Implement International Migration and Development Policy and Programme of Action	PIOJ and partners
	ii. Develop/Implement National Diaspora and Development Policy	MFAFT

Population Structure – Children

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment (incl. policies, legislation, plans, systems, and spaces) for the holistic development, care, and protection of children	
Development Area: Child Development, Care and Protection	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment, including appropriate policies, legislation, plans, systems, and spaces, for the holistic development, care, and protection of children, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
16, 17	16.2, 17.19

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Institutional Framework for the Development, Care and Protection of Children	i. Administer the Child Care and Protection Act (CCPA) based on a strong institutional framework	MOESYI, CPFSA
	ii. Modernize and strengthen the regulatory framework and plans for the adoption of children	MOESYI, CPFSA

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	iii. Develop and implement National Policy on Children	MOESYI, CPFSA
	iv. Establish and maintain Child Protection Committees (CPCs)	MOESYI, CPFSA
	v. Develop and implement Child Care Management System (CCMS)	MOESYI, CPFSA
	vi. Fulfil country obligations regarding international protocols and agreements on the development, care, and protection of children	MOESYI, CPFSA
	vii. Undertake policy-oriented scientific analyses on child development, care, and protection	MOESYI, CPFSA

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an Effective Child and Family Welfare System

Development Area: Child Development, Care and Protection

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and implement (in part) the child and family welfare system, including the delivery of intervention services geared towards meeting the needs of all children in care and at risk and their families, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
16	16.2, 16.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
7. Children and Family Welfare Services	i. Place children in appropriate environments using suitability and necessity principles	CPFSA
	ii. Develop and implement plans and programmes for improving access to appropriate Foster Care Services	CPFSA
	iii. Engage children and families to provide holistic interventions to aid capacity	CPFSA

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	development and wellbeing of families served	
	iv. Strengthen and implement the Transitional Living Project for Children in State Care	MOESYI, CPFSA and partners

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a strong child protection framework against physical, sexual, and psycho-social violence and related vulnerabilities

Development Area: Child Development, Care and Protection

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong child protection framework against physical, sexual, and psycho-social violence and related vulnerabilities through establishing legislation, policies, plans, and governance and institutional arrangements, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
10, 16	10.3, 16.3, 16.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
8. Frameworks and plans for protecting children against physical, sexual, and psycho-social violence and related vulnerabilities	i. Implement National Plan of Action for an Integrated Response to Children and Violence (NPACV)	MOESYI/CPFSA, MOJ, MNS
	ii. Implement Anti-Bullying Framework of Action and its provision	MOESYI, CPFSA
	iii. Strengthen the operations of the Ananda Alert System to aid in the recovery of missing children and provide psychosocial support to children and families	MOESYI/CPFSA
	iv. Implement recommendations from the Street and Working Children Study	MOESYI/CPFSA

Population Structure – Youth

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for a coordinated national approach to youth development, across the island	
Development Area: Youth Development Maintain a strong institutional framework (incl. evidence-based processes, policies, legislation, regulations, strategic frameworks and programmes) for coordinated youth development action across the island	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for a coordinated national approach to youth development, across the island, including developing and implementing coherent and integrated policies, strategies, regulations, programmes, and governance and institutional arrangements for youth-focused / youth-directed development, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
Crosscuts all 17 with a focus on 8, 10	Youth is considered crosscutting across the SDGs. Targets to be highlighted include 8.5, 8.6 & 8.b, 10.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
9. Youth Policy, Strategy and Research	i. Mainstream the National Youth Policy	MOESYI
	ii. Develop and implement initiatives to produce quality data and statistics on youth development issues	MOESYI, HEART Trust/NSTA MOHW and gov. and non-gov. partners

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for inclusive access to youth development services and opportunities, particularly by the vulnerable (incl. at-risk youth)	
Development Area: Youth Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) systems and mechanisms for enabling inclusive access to youth development services and opportunities, particularly by the vulnerable (incl. at-risk youth), by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
Crosscuts all 17 with a focus on 3, 4, 9, 10, 16	Youth is considered crosscutting across the SDGs. Targets to be highlighted include 3d., 4.4, 9b. 10.3, 16.7

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
10. Youth Development Programmes and Services	i. Establish and create access to Youth Innovation Centres	MOESYI, HEART Trust/NSTA MOHW and gov. and non-gov. partners
	ii. Provide Youth with a range of development services	MOESYI, HEART Trust/NSTA MOHW and gov. and non-gov. partners
	iii. Establish and implement National Unattached Youth Programme (NUYP)	MOESYI, HEART Trust/NSTA MOHW and gov. and non-gov. partners

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	iv. Provide youth with adolescent-friendly health and educational services	MOESYI, HEART Trust/NSTA MOHW and gov. and non-gov. partners

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain effective youth-led governance and institutional arrangements

Development Area: Youth Development

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) effective youth-led governance and institutional arrangements, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
Crosscuts all 17 with a focus on 10, 16	Youth is considered crosscutting across the SDGs. Targets to be highlighted include 10.2, 16.7

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
11. Youth-Led Organizational Governance and Institutional Leadership	i. Establish youth-led governance and institutional arrangements	MOESYI, youth organizations and partners

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Mainstream youth engagement and leadership in national frameworks (incl. policy, advocacy, and programming) for sustainable and inclusive development	
Development Area: Youth Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) mainstreamed youth engagement and leadership in national frameworks (incl. policy, advocacy, and programming) for sustainable and inclusive development, based on strong systems and mechanisms, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
Crosscuts all 17 with a focus on 10, 16	Youth is considered crosscutting across the SDGs. Targets to be highlighted include 10.2, 16.7

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
12. Youth-Led Organizational Governance and Institutional Leadership	i. Promote Youth engagement in policy development and advocacy on youth development issues	Youth organizations with support from state entities and non-gov partners
	ii. Facilitate Youth Development in the results-based implementation of Vision 2030 Jamaica – National development Plan and the SDGs	PIOJ, MOESYI with partners

A Healthy Population

National Strategy 1-2: Strengthen disease surveillance, mitigation, risk reduction and the responsiveness of the health system	National Strategy Outcome: Strong disease surveillance, mitigation, risk reduction and responsive health system
National Strategic Objective: To establish and institutionalise strong disease surveillance, mitigation, risk reduction and responsiveness in the health system	
Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for strong disease surveillance and mitigation, risk reduction and responsiveness of the health system 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for strong disease surveillance and mitigation, risk reduction and responsiveness of the health system in promoting low morbidity and premature mortality from diseases	
Development Area: Disease Surveillance and Management, and Health System Responsiveness	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for strong disease surveillance and mitigation, risk reduction and responsiveness of the health system (<i>for the prevention, early detection and treatment of NCDs and communicable diseases</i>), by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3	3.1,3.2, 3.3.,3.4, 3.8, 3.d

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
13. Disease Surveillance, Mitigation, Risk Reduction and Health System Responsiveness	i. Strengthen NCD Prevention Programmes	MOHW
	ii. Deliver National Immunization Programme (to reduce morbidity and mortality from vaccine preventable diseases)	MOHW
	iii. Strengthen Vector Control Programme (to emphasize reducing mosquito-borne diseases)	MOHW

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	iv. Reinforce the governance, policy, and strategic framework for Essential National Health Research	MOHW

National Strategy 1-3: Strengthen the Health Promotion Approach	National Strategy Outcome: A culture of responsibility for wellness in the Jamaican society
National Strategic Objective: To institutionalise a culture of responsibility for wellness in the Jamaican society through the Health Promotion Approach	
Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Empowered communities, adopting the Healthy Lifestyle Approach 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain empowered communities adopting the Healthy Lifestyle Approach	
Development Area: Healthy Lifestyle Approach	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) community empowerment to adopt the Healthy Lifestyle Approach, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
2, 3	2.1, 3.4, 3.6, 3.a, 3.d, 3.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
14. Deliver Mental Health Reform	i. Deliver services to reduce drug use and associated harms	NCDA, MOHW

National Strategy 1-4: Strengthen and emphasize the primary health care approach	National Strategy Outcome: Strong Primary Health Care System
National Strategic Objective: To develop and maintain a strong primary health care system through application of the primary health care approach	
Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for universal access to primary health care - Effective Care Pathway with an integrated health system network 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for universal access to primary health care, prioritizing the prevention of illness, and the promotion of health, and reduced reliance on long-stay hospital care	
Development Area: Primary Health Care, Secondary Health Care	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for universal access to primary health care, prioritizing the prevention of illness, and the promotion of health and reduced reliance on long-stay hospital care, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3	3.1, 3.2, 3.4, 3.8

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
15. Primary Health Care Reform	i. Reorient and Restructure Primary Health Care	MOHW
	ii. Upgrade the infrastructure of primary health care facilities	MOHW
	iii. Review and upgrade organizational structure in primary health care (PHC) facilities	MOHW
	iv. Develop comprehensive quality primary care service	MOHW
	v. Expand Emergency Medical Service (EMS) coverage islandwide	JFB/MLGCD, MOHW

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain the effectiveness of the care pathway	
Development Area: Primary Health Care, Secondary Health Care	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an effective care pathway, with an integrated health system network that delivers planned health outcomes, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3	3.8, 3.d

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
16. Primary Health Care Reform	i. Establish systems, protocols and procedures for provision of appropriate services based on established care pathways for each stage of the life cycle	MOHW
	ii. Establish an Electronic Health Records System	MOHW

National Strategy 1-5: Provide and maintain an adequate health infrastructure to ensure efficient and cost-effective service delivery	National Strategy Outcome: Strong health infrastructure
National Strategic Objective: To provide and maintain an adequate health infrastructure for efficient and cost-effective service delivery	
Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Modern fit-for-purpose health infrastructure 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain modern fit-for-purpose health infrastructure, which provides an appropriate physical environment for the delivery of quality health care and services at all levels of the care pathway (<i>sustainable, resilient, environmentally friendly, and geared towards efficiency</i>)	
Development Area: Health Infrastructure	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a modern fit-for-purpose health infrastructure, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3, 9	3.8, 9.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
17. Health Infrastructure	i. Establish new and/or upgrade existing health facilities to increase inclusive access to care and improve resilience and climate proofing	MOHW, RHAs and partners

National Strategy 1-6: Establish and implement a sustainable mechanism for supporting human resources	National Strategy Outcome: Sustainable Mechanism for Human Resources for Health (HRH)
National Strategic Objective: To maintain a sustainable mechanism for Human Resources for Health (HRH)	
Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for the effective management and development of Human Resource for Health (HRH) 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for the effective management and development of HRH (<i>towards a sustainable supply of skills and competencies for the health sector</i>)	
Development Area: Human Resources for Health	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for the effective management and development of HRH, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3	3.c

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
18. Strategic Planning for Human Resources for Health (HRH)	i. Develop and implement the policy, regulatory and planning framework for Human Resources for Health (HRH)	MOHW

National Strategy 1-7: Establish Effective Governance Mechanisms for Health Services Delivery	National Strategy Outcome: Effective Health Services Governance
National Strategic Objective: To develop and maintain effective health services governance	
Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Strong policy and regulatory framework for the public health sector 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a strong policy and regulatory framework for the health sector <i>(to address issues such as customer service, equity, human rights, delivery guidelines, research, among other areas)</i>	
Development Area: Health Sector Governance	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong policy and regulatory framework for the health sector, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3	3.8

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
19. Health System Leadership and Governance	i. Implement policy, legislative and regulatory programme for the health sector	MOHW
	ii. Reform the Ministry of Health & Wellness (MOHW) Corporate Structure	MOHW

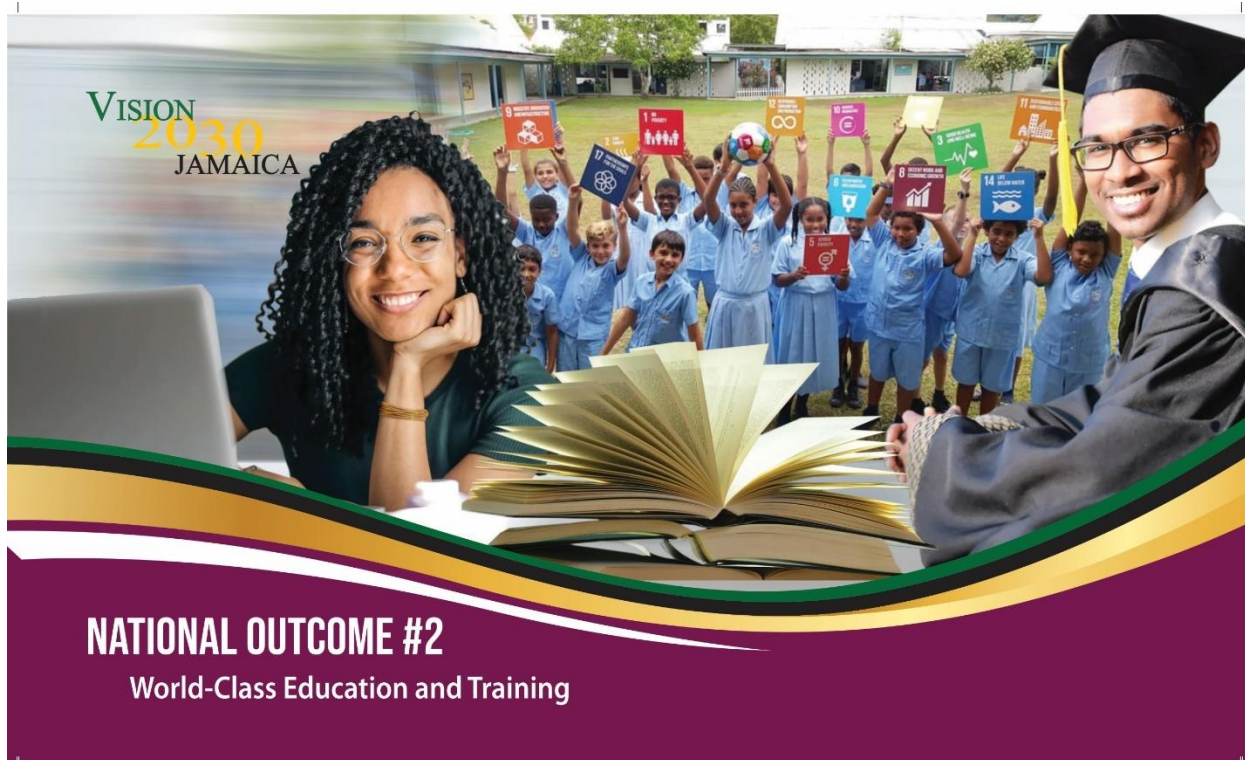
National Strategy 1-10: Introduce a programme for sustainable financing of health care	National Strategy Outcome: Sustainable Health Financing
National Strategic Objective: To develop and maintain sustainable health financing	
Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sustainable financing mechanism for the public health system 	

National Strategy 1-12: Ensure access to Essential Medicines	National Strategy Outcome: Essential Medicines for All
National Strategic Objective: To promote access to essential medicines for all	
Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for universal access to vital and essential medicines 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for universal access to vital and essential medicines	
Development Area: Access to Medicines	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for universal access to vital and essential medicines, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3	3.8, 3.b

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
20. Access to pharmaceuticals and medical supplies	i. Improve access to prescription medicines at Drug Serv and partner pharmacies	NHF



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies ~~and~~ along with aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #2 **“World-Class Education and Training”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results ~~and~~, the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting ~~your~~ development programmes.

The planned strategies and development programming for “World-Class Education and Training” are aligned with SDGs 4 and 8(Figure 2A).

Figure 2A: Alignment of National Outcome 2 “World-Class Education and Training” with the SDGs



Table 2A below presents medium-term targets for “World-Class Education and Training” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 2A). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 2A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 2 – “World Class Education and Training”												
National Outcome#2: World-Class Education and Training	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Adult Literacy Rate (15 and over) – Total	Per cent	86	89.7	≥91.6	≥91.6	≥93.3	≥93.3	≥93.3	≥93.5	≥94.0	≥95.0	≥98.3
Adult Literacy Rate (15 and over) – Male	Per cent	80.5	84.4	≥88.2	≥88.2	≥90.7	≥90.7	≥90.7	≥90.7	≥90.7	≥95.0	≥98.3
Adult Literacy Rate (15 and over) – Female	Per cent	91.1	93	≥94.9	≥94.9	≥94.9	≥94.9	≥95.0	≥95.0	≥95.0	≥97.0	≥98.3
Grade 4 literacy rates – Both sexes	Per cent	64.6	75	86.5	≥86.5	≥86.5	≥86.5	≥86.5	≥86.5	≥86.5	≥92.0	≥96.0
Grade 4 literacy rates – Male	Per cent	53.2	65	67.9	≥73.0	≥81.6	≥81.6	≥81.6	≥81.6	≥84.0	≥90.5	≥96.0
Grade 4 literacy	Per cent	76.6	86	87	≥89	≥92.5	≥92.5	≥92.5	≥92.5	≥92.5	≥94.0	≥96.0

Table 2A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 2 – “World Class Education and Training”												
National Outcome#2: World-Class Education and Training	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
rates – Female												
Percentage of students sitting CSEC exams passing 5 or more subjects including English Language and/or Maths	Per cent	29.5	31.9	39.5	45	45	45	≥45	≥45	≥45.0	≥50.0	60.0-80.0
Gross Enrolment Rate at the tertiary level	Per cent	31.4	35	35-45	38	38	38	≥38	≥38	≥42.0	≥50.0	50.0-70.0
Percentage of labour force that is certified – Both sexes	Per cent	18.52	25	25	30	30	30	≥35	≥40	≥45.0	≥50.0	50.0
Grade 4 Numeracy Rates	Per cent	-	55	65.7	85	85	85	≥88	≥88	≥89.0	≥89.0	≥96.0
Secondary level enrolment rates	Per cent	94.4	91.9	95	98-100	98-100	98-100	≥90	≥90	≥92.0	≥98.0	98.0-100.0
Attendance rates – Early Childhood	Per cent	76.6	79.4	79.4	85	85	85	≥85	≥85	≥85	≥ 85.0	≥95.0
Attendance rates – Primary	Per cent	83.1	86.8	86.8	86.8	88.9	88.9	≥88.9	≥88.9	≥88.9	≥ 90.0	≥95.0
Attendance rates – Secondary	Per cent	82.7	84.9	84.9	84.9	87.4	87.4	≥85.0	≥85.0	≥85.0	≥85.0	≥95.0

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at

<https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 2B shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance “World-Class Education and Training” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Table 2B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “World-Class Education and Training”

National Strategy 2-1: Ensure that children 0-8 years old have access to adequate early childhood education and development programmes	National Strategy Outcome: Children 0-8 years old have access to adequate early childhood education and development programmes
National Strategy Objective: To maintain an enabling environment for children 0-8 years old to access quality / appropriate early childhood education and development programmes	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for inclusive and equitable access to appropriate early childhood education and development programmes by all children 0-8 years old 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain inclusive and equitable access to appropriate early childhood education and development programmes	
Development Area: Early Childhood Education and Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for inclusive and equitable access to appropriate early childhood education and development programmes by all children 0-8 years old, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
4	4.2, 4.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Inclusive Access to quality and	i. Provide early stimulation programmes	ECC / MOESYI

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
developmentally appropriate early childhood education <i>Institutions maintained at the highest standards / safe learner-centred, well-maintained ECI facilities</i>	ii. Provide universal access to early childhood education	ECC / MOESYI
	iii. Establish Regulatory and Standards-Driven Framework for the delivery of early childhood education and care services (including certification of ECIs)	ECC / MOESYI
	iv. Equip basic and infant schools with trained teachers	ECC / MOESYI
	v. Implement Assessment Programme for early childhood education	ECC / MOESYI

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Effective Parenting Education and Support	i. Establish and maintain Parent Places	ECC/MOESYI

National Strategy 2-2: Enable a Satisfactory Learning Environment at the Primary Level	National Strategy Outcome: An Enabling Satisfactory Learning Environment at the Primary Level
National Strategy Objective: To maintain an enabling and satisfactory learning environment at the primary level	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for maintaining a relevant and up-to-date integrated and comprehensive curriculum framework at the primary level 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Create an enabling environment for maintaining a relevant and up-to-date integrated and comprehensive curriculum framework at the primary level, including periodic reviews and updates, which fosters an enquiry-based approach to learning, cultivates the skills and attitudes of reflective learning and self-disciplined study, effectively addressing new and emerging issues at both local and global levels

Development Area: Primary Level Curriculum and Learning

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and sustain (in part) enabling environment for maintaining a relevant and up-to-date integrated and comprehensive curriculum framework at the primary level, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
4	4.1, 4.a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Primary Education Curriculum, Assessment and Learning Outcome	i. Implement programmes in support of universal enrolment, regular student attendance and completion of primary level education (Grades 1-6)	MOESYI
	ii. Implement National Standard Curriculum (NSC) and National Assessment Programme (NAP) at the Primary level	MOESYI/EAASB

National Strategy 2-3: Accelerate the process of creating and implementing a standards-driven and outcomes-based education system

National Strategy Outcome: A standards-driven outcomes-based education system

National Strategy Objective: To undertake an accelerated process to create and institutionalise a standards-driven and outcomes-based education system

Intermediate Sector Outcomes:

- An inclusive enabling environment delivering a standards-driven curricula framework at all levels of the education system
- An enabling teaching and learning environment for equitable access and psycho-social and intellectual development of all teachers and students

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a standards-driven curricula framework at all levels of the education system that creates well rounded, eager to learn, self-driven students with inquiring minds to garner requisite skills, competencies, values and attitudes to effectively move them through each progressive stage

Development Area: Standards-driven and outcomes-based education system

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an inclusive enabling environment delivering a standards-driven curricula framework at all levels of the education system *(to facilitate the achievement of targets set for age-appropriate development, learning outcomes, and meeting expectations for attitudes and behaviour for all students)* by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
4	4.1, 4.2, 4.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Capacity for differentiated learning	i. Develop/Strengthen policy and regulatory framework	MOESYI
	ii. Develop and implement National Standard Curriculum (NSC) (Cross reference with National Strategy 2-2, action ii)	MOESYI/ Curriculum and Support Services Branch, Schools Operation
	iii. Develop and implement new National Assessment Programme (NAP) (Cross reference with National Strategy 2-2, action ii)	MOESYI/ Curriculum and Support Services Branch, Schools Operation
	iv. Implement the Curriculum for Students with Moderate to Profound Intellectual Disabilities	MOESYI/ Curriculum and Support Services Branch,

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
		Schools Operation
	v. Implement gender-based learning programme (<i>to address learning disparities between males and females</i>)	MOESYI/ Curriculum and Support Services Branch, Schools Operation
	vi. Institutionalize a structured Citizenship Education (Character Education/Values and Attitudes Programme) within the curriculum for implementation in schools up to the secondary level	MOESYI/ Curriculum and Support Services Branch, Schools Operation
	vii. Support equity in access to learning resources	MOESYI/ Curriculum and Support Services Branch, Schools Operation

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a teaching and learning environment that enables equitable access while catering to the psycho-social and intellectual development needs of all teachers and students

Development Area: Standards-driven and outcomes-based education system

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling teaching and learning environment that promotes equitable access while catering to the psycho-social and intellectual development needs of all teachers and students, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
4	4.c

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Teaching and Learning Environment	i. Develop and implement systems for quality assurance and accountability in schools - Strengthen the capacity of the National Education Inspectorate (NEI) to deliver on its mandate	MOESYI/NEI
	ii. Institute in schools the support and conditions that teachers need to develop (teacher-pupil ratio, schoolwide criteria for/vision of good teaching in place, mentors identified, timetabled sessions for discussion of teaching etc.) - Establish and institutionalize a professional teaching workforce	MOESYI/JTC

National Strategy 2-4: Develop and establish financing and management mechanisms for schools	National Strategy Outcome: Effective financing and management mechanisms for schools
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain effective financing and management mechanisms for schools	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: - Strong institutional and regulatory system for sustainable and equitable financing and management of education and schools	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain sustainable and equitable financing and management of education and schools	
Development Area: Financing and Management of Education and Schools	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong institutional and regulatory system for the sustainable and equitable distribution of financing and effective management of education and schools, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
4	4.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Sustainable Financing of Education and Schools	i. Continue the implementation of Medium-Term Results Based Budgeting (MTRBB) as part of school administration and management	MOESYI
	ii. Implement the standardization of the financial management reporting system	MOESYI
	iii. Continue the implementation of full support for the students on PATH ¹	MOESYI

National Strategy 2-5: Ensure a physical environment in all schools that is safe and conducive to learning at all levels of the school system	National Strategy Outcome: A physical environment in all schools that is safe and conducive to learning at all levels of the school system
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain a physical environment in all schools that is safe and conducive to learning at all levels of the school system	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An agile enabling environment for a modern and fit-for-purpose physical environment in all schools 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a 21st century physical environment (sustainable, inclusive, adaptable and resilient) in all schools that is safe and conducive for teaching and learning, and <i>geared towards producing planned outcomes</i>	
Development Area: Physical environments in schools	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) an agile enabling environment for a modern and fit-for-purpose physical environment in all schools, by March 2027

¹ Books, transportation, insurance, lunch etc.

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
4	4.a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
7. Safe, Teaching /Learning Physical Environments in Schools	i. Develop regulatory framework for safe schools	MOESYI

National Strategy 2-6: Ensure that adequate and high-quality tertiary education is provided with an emphasis on the interface with work and school	National Strategy Outcome: Adequate high-quality tertiary education aligned with work
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain an adequate and high-quality tertiary education system that represents the alignment of the products and services of school with the demands of work	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A fit-for-purpose higher education system - An effective Quality Assurance Framework for Higher Education 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for the delivery of a fit-for-purpose higher education system that inclusively equips students to access the labour market, entrepreneurial opportunities and drive innovation (national, regional, global) readily upon completion	
Development Area: Tertiary/Higher Education	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a fit-for-purpose higher education system, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
4	4.3, 4.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
8. Tertiary/ Higher Education Development	i. Strengthen the legal and policy framework for the Higher Education Sector	MOESYI
	ii. Establish, staff and fund Jamaica Tertiary Education Commission (JTEC) with mandate to include the collection/ analysis of institutional research data	JTEC/MOESYI
	iii. Establish mechanisms for facilitating access to information on tertiary education	JTEC/MOESYI
	iv. Facilitate Flexible Learning Pathways	MOESYI
	v. Reorganize the funding support for tertiary institutions	JTEC/MOESYI

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an Effective Quality Assurance Framework (*incl. systems, institutional arrangements and mechanisms*) for Higher Education²

Development Area: Tertiary/Higher Education	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) an effective Quality Assurance Framework for Higher Education, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
4	4.3, 4.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
9. Quality Assurance for Higher Education	i. Monitor and support the compliance of Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) with quality and regulatory standards	JTEC, MOESYI, UCJ

² Higher Education is accepted as the chosen term to be used instead of Tertiary Education (Higher Education Summit Committee)

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	ii. Develop and implement a Registration Framework for Higher Education Institutions (HEIs)	JTEC, MOESYI, UCJ

National Strategy 2-7: Expand mechanisms to provide education and training for all, including unattached youth	National Strategy Outcome: Education and training for all
National Strategy Objective: To provide effective mechanisms for maintaining universal, inclusive and equitable access to education and training for all, including vulnerable children and youth	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for inclusive and equitable access to education and training for all, including vulnerable children and youth - An enabling environment for the delivery of market-aligned education and training for all - Comprehensive training framework for lifelong learning that is responsive to the drivers of sustainable and inclusive economic growth and competitiveness, and the future of work 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for inclusive and equitable access to education and training for all, including vulnerable children and youth	
Development Area: Inclusive and Equitable Education and Training	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for inclusive and equitable access to education and training for all, including vulnerable children and youth, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
4, 8	4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 8.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
10. Institutional Framework	i. Strengthen regulatory framework for delivery of world class training and certification	HEART/NSTA Trust, MOESYI

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Deliver lifelong learning that is responsive to the drivers of sustainable and inclusive economic growth, competitiveness, and the future of work

Development Area: Inclusive and Equitable Education and Training

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a comprehensive training framework for lifelong learning that is responsive to the drivers of sustainable and inclusive economic growth, competitiveness, and the future of work, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
4, 8	4.3 4.4, 4.5, 8.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
11. Training and Certification of Population /Workforce	i. Provide globally relevant and accredited training through the HEART/NSTA Trust and other approved institutions	HEART/ NSTA Trust, MOESYI, other higher education institutions
	ii. Establish a National Mentorship Programme	HEART/ NSTA Trust

National Strategy 2-10: Establish a National Qualification Framework

National Strategy Outcome: National Qualification Framework

National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain a National Qualification Framework

Intermediate Sector Outcomes:

- An internationally recognized National Qualification System (NQS)

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an internationally recognized National Qualification System (NQS) with quality, articulated learning, and career paths	
Development Area: National Qualification System	Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an internationally recognised NQS, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
4, 8	4.3 4.4, 4.5, 8.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
12. National Qualification Framework	i. Establish National Qualifications System Policy (NQSP)	JTEC
	ii. Facilitate Flexible Learning Pathways <i>(Cross reference Development Programme 8. “Tertiary/Higher Education Development”, Action iv)</i>	J-TEC
	iii. Register higher education qualifications	JTEC
	iv. Support the internationalization of higher education in Jamaica	JTEC
	v. Establish Jamaica Credit Accumulation and Transfer System (JCATS)	JTEC

National Strategy 2-11: Strengthen the mechanisms to align training with demands for the labour market	National Strategy Outcome: Strong mechanisms for aligning training with labour market demands
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain strong mechanisms for aligning training with labour market demands	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment aligning education and training with the national growth agenda and the labour market 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Deliver market- and growth- aligned education and training for all

Development Area: Inclusive and Equitable Education and Training

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for the delivery of education and training for all, aligned with the labour market and national growth agenda, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs

Targets

4, 8, 17

4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 8.6, 8.b, 17.18

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
13. Alignment of education and training with labour market needs, and growth and competitiveness	i. Transform HEART/NSTA into an institution delivering world- class STREAM education	HEART/ NSTA Trust
	ii. Strengthen labour market data and information systems	MOESYI, MLSS, HEART Trust/NSTA
	iii. Develop and implement National Central Repository on the Education and Training Sector (data)	MOESYI, MLSS, HEART Trust/NSTA



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #3 **“Effective Social Protection”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting your development programmes.

The planned strategies and development programming for “Effective Social Protection” are aligned with SDGs 1, 2, 3, 8, 10 and 11 (Figure 3A).

Figure 3A: Alignment of National Outcome 3 “Effective Social Protection” with the SDGs



Table 3A presents medium-term targets for “Effective Social Protection” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (see next table). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

National Outcome #3: Effective Social Protection	Unit	Baseline	Targets									Original
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
National Poverty Rate (prevalence)	Per cent	9.9	12.1	-	16.5-19.5	15	12.5-15.0	12.5-15.0	12.5-15.0	12.5-15.0	≤10	≤10
National Food Poverty Prevalence	Per cent	2.9	-	-	5.0-6.5	2.5 – 5.0	2.5 – 5.0	2.5 – 5.0	2.5 – 5.0	2.5 – 5.0	3	3

³ All targets are provisional

Table 3A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 3 – “Effective Social Protection” ³												
National Outcome #3: Effective Social Protection	Unit	Baseline	Targets									Original
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Child Poverty Rate	Per cent	12	-	-	19.5-23.5	15.5-18.5	15.5-18.5	15.5-18.5	15.5-18.5	15.5-18.5	12.5-15.0	≤10
Percentage of children in quintile 1 receiving PATH benefits	Per cent	65.8	-	80	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	-
Percentage of PATH beneficiaries in consumption quintiles 1 and 2	Per cent	75	-	75	75	75	75	≥ 75	≥ 75	≥ 75	≥ 75	-

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Table 3B shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance “Effective Social Protection” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 3B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Effective Social Protection”

National Strategy 3-1: Infuse Poverty and Vulnerability Considerations in All Public Policies	National Strategy Outcome: Poverty and Vulnerability Considerations infused in all Public Policies
National Strategy Objective: To have poverty and vulnerability considerations infused in all public policies, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mainstreamed structured national policy framework and plan of action for poverty reduction - Strong national capacity, at all levels, to monitor poverty trends - An enabling environment for sustainable asset creation among the poor 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Mainstream and deliver a structured national policy framework and plan of action for poverty reduction	
Development Area: Poverty Reduction	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain a mainstreamed structured national policy framework and plan of action for poverty reduction, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
1	1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.a, 1.b

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. National Poverty Reduction Policy and Planning	i. Monitor, Evaluate and Coordinate the NPRP	PIOJ

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong national capacity (including local and organizational) to monitor poverty trends	
Development Area: Poverty Reduction	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong national capacity to monitor poverty trends, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
1	1.1, 1.2, 1.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. National Capacity to Monitor Poverty Trends	i. Implement Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) Framework and Plan for Poverty Reduction	PIOJ
	ii. Conduct periodic national survey(s) and other evidence-gathering activities on Poverty	PIOJ, STATIN

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Promote and enable sustainable asset creation among the poor	
Development Area: Poverty Reduction	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for sustainable asset creation among the poor, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
1	1.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Improve and expand access to social housing	i. Deliver social housing	MLSS, MLGCD, NGOs, NLA

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	ii. Improve land ownership (secure tenure) through the provision of affordable land, land titling/regularization and the reduction of squatting (see National Outcome #15)	MLSS, NLA, NGOs
	iii. Increase access to facilities for use by the homeless population	MLGCD, MCs

National Strategy 3-2: Expand opportunities for the poor to engage in sustainable livelihoods	National Strategy Outcome: Adequate and inclusive opportunity structure for the poor to engage in sustainable livelihoods
National Strategy Objective: To create an adequate and inclusive opportunity structure for the poor to engage in sustainable livelihoods, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for human capital development and entrepreneurship among the poor and vulnerable - Strong intersectoral policy-driven framework and mechanisms for maintaining a relevant minimum wage and mainstreamed decent work 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Enable human capital development and entrepreneurship among the poor and vulnerable	
Development Area: Sustainable livelihoods for the poor	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for human capital development and entrepreneurship among the poor and vulnerable, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
1, 8, 10	1.4, 8.5, 10.1, 10.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Sustainable livelihoods for the Vulnerable	i. Build the capacity of vulnerable youth to engage in sustainable livelihoods	MLSS
	ii. Build the capacity of vulnerable elderly to engage in sustainable livelihoods	MLSS

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a minimum wage and mainstream decent work

Development Area: Minimum wage and decent work	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong intersectoral policy-driven institutional framework and mechanisms to deliver and enforce a relevant minimum wage and mainstream decent work across sectors and all forms of work, by March 2024
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.5, 8.7, 8.8, 8.8.1, 8.8.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Minimum Wage and Decent Work	i. Maintain a system for minimum wage that is relevant, transparent, and enforceable	MLSS
	ii. Deliver labour standards and enforcement - Implement programme to protect children from child labour	MLSS

National Strategy 3-3: Create and sustain an effective, efficient, transparent, and objective system for delivering social assistance services and programmes	National Strategy Outcome: An effective, efficient, transparent, and objective system for the delivery of social assistance services and programmes
National Strategy Objective: To create and sustain an effective, efficient, transparent, and objective system for delivering social assistance services and programmes, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A strong and responsive system for the effective and inclusive delivery of adequate social assistance to vulnerable population groups 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain effective and inclusive delivery of adequate social assistance to vulnerable population groups	
Development Area: Social Services/Social Assistance	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong and responsive system for the effective and inclusive delivery of adequate social assistance to vulnerable population groups, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
1	1.1, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Public Assistance and Support to Vulnerable Groups	i. Strengthen and implement programmes for social transfers (with exit strategies) to support social and income security of households	MLSS
	ii. Deliver feeding programme to homeless and street persons	MLGCD
	iii. Develop and implement programmes to support nutrition and health among the elderly	MLGCD, NCSC

National Strategy 3-4: Promote greater participation in, and viability of social insurance and pension schemes	National Strategy Outcome: Maintain a strong social insurance and pension system
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain a strong social insurance and pension system for enabling universal participation in and viability of schemes and other arrangements, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for sustainable and universally accessibly inclusive and viable social insurance and state and private pension schemes 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain sustainable, participatory, and adequate state and private pension schemes and social insurance	
Development Area: Social Insurance and Pension	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for sustainable and universally accessibly inclusive and viable social insurance and state and private pension schemes, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
1	1.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
7. Social Insurance and Pension	i. Maintain a viable and sustainable framework for social insurance and occupational pension coverage and delivery (public and private pension)	MLSS, NIS, Private Pension Providers and key stakeholders

National Strategy 3-5: Create an enabling environment for Persons with Disabilities	National Strategy Outcome: An enabling environment for Persons with Disabilities
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain an enabling environment for Persons with Disabilities, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Strategy Outcome: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling physical (built), social, and socio-economic environment for Persons with Disabilities 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Create an enabling physical (built), social, and socio-economic environment for Persons with Disabilities	
Development Area: Empowerment and Enablement of Persons with Disabilities	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling physical (built), social, and socio-economic environment for Persons with Disabilities, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
1, 8, 10	1.5, 8.5, 10.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
8. Policy Development and Programme Implementation	i. Mainstream and operationalize the Disabilities Act (2014)	MLSS, JCPD
	ii. Establish the Rehabilitation, Transitioning and Social Services Unit within the JCPD	JCPD
	iii. Improve access to redress from discrimination for persons with disabilities (<i>supported by the Access, Compliance and Investigation Branch and the Legal Unit</i>)	JCPD
	iv. Increase awareness about Disability Rights disabilities, the Disabilities Act and JCPD	JCPD
	v. Establish partnerships with key learning institutions and private employers	JCPD
	vi. Deliver early intervention services for children with disabilities	To be stated

National Strategy 3-6: Create and Sustain an Effective Social Protection System	National Strategy Outcome: Effective Social Protection System
National Strategy Objective: To create and sustain an effective social protection system, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for a mature and effective social protection system 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an effective social protection system	
Development Area: Social Protection System	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for a mature and effective social protection system, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
1, 2, 3, 5, 10	1.3, 2.1, 3.8, 5.1, 5.C, 10.2, 10.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
9. Regulatory and Institutional Framework for Jamaica Social Protection Strategy	i. Advance the intersectoral implementation of the Jamaica Social Protection Strategy (2014) through the National Social Protection Committee (NSPC)	PIOJ, NSPC

Let us join in social contracts and partnerships based on the culture of excellence and determination that has defined Jamaica's history



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #4 **“Authentic and Transformational Culture”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

Under Agenda 2030, culture is viewed as a cross-cutting theme related to education, sustainable cities, food security, the environment, economic growth, sustainable consumption and production patterns, peaceful and inclusive societies. The planned strategies and development programming for “Authentic and Transformational Culture” are, however, directly aligned to SDG 11 (Figure 4A).

Figure 4A. Alignment of National Outcome 4 “Authentic and Transformational Culture” with the SDGs



Table 4A presents medium-term targets for “Authentic and Transformational Culture” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (see Table 4A). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 4A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 4 – “Authentic and Transformational Culture”												
National Outcome #4: Authentic and Transformational Culture	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Use of cultural resources Index (Travel and Tourism Development Index)	Index	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.2	4.7

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Table 4B shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance “Authentic and Transformational Culture” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 4B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Authentic and Transformational Culture”

National Strategy 4-1: Promote core/transformational values	National Strategy Outcome: Institutionalised core/transformational values
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain an enabling environment for institutionalizing core/transformational values, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for the socialisation of all Jamaicans in national core values and attitudes 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain consensus-driven operationalisation and mainstreaming of national core values and attitudes in all spheres of development	
Development Area: Culture and Socialisation – Core Values and Attitudes	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for the socialisation of all Jamaicans in national core values and attitudes, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
Crosscutting <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - “Leaving No One Behind” - “People, Planet, Peace, Prosperity and Partnership” 	<i>Cultural values are the underpinning and defining component of the goals to which a country aspires. Hence, values permeate each SDG though not explicitly addressed.</i>

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Cultural Values and Attitudes	i. Promote core and transformational values and attitudes as drivers of development	PIOJ

National Strategy 4-2: Promote the family as the central unit of development	National Strategy Outcome: The family is the central unit of development
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain an enabling environment for the family to be recognised and function as the central unit of development, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for strong families that support the development of well-adjusted, integrated and productive members of society 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong familial institutions that support the development of well-adjusted, integrated and productive members of society	
Development Area: Family and Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for building strong families that support the development of well-adjusted, integrated and productive members of society, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
Crosscutting <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - “Leaving No One Behind” - “People, Planet, Peace, Prosperity and Partnership” 	<i>The family is one of the central institutions in society and the primary agent of socialization. The family is the main unit responsible for the care and nurture/parenting of young members of society. It also supports the stabilisation of adult lives/personalities and provides a space for economic, cultural and psycho-social support and ontological security. Through the process of socialization, families share and transmit culture among and to its members, particularly young members, and this impacts all spheres of development and therefore crosscuts the SDGs.</i>

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Family and Development	i. Promote family planning to support the provision of adequate care, protection and support to all members (reference National Outcome 1)	To be stated
	ii. Deliver parenting support to families across socio-economic groups and geographic locales	NPSC, MOESYI
	iii. Promote universal and inclusive access to meaningful employment/income earning opportunities for productive engagement and promoting the economic well-being of families (reference National Outcomes 8 and 12)	To be stated
	iv. Promote universal and inclusive access to opportunities for human capital development and asset creation for intra-generational/inter-generational wealth creation and mobility (reference National Outcomes 1, 2, 3)	To be stated

National Strategy 4-3: Preserve, develop, and promote Jamaica's cultural heritage	National Strategy Outcome: An enabling environment for preserving, developing and promoting Jamaica's cultural heritage
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain an enabling environment for preserving, developing and promoting Jamaica's cultural heritage, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Strong regulatory and institutional systems and capacities to develop, protect and preserve cultural expression 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong regulatory and institutional systems and capacities to develop, protect and preserve cultural expression	
Development Area: Arts and Culture Preservation and Promotion	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong regulatory and institutional systems and capacities to develop, protect and preserve cultural expression, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
11	11.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Preserve, develop national tangible and intangible culture	i. Strengthen policy and legislative framework governing culture	MCGES
	ii. Revise the Jamaica National Heritage Trust (JNHT) Act and Ratify/Accede to the Conventions on Illicit Trade	MCGES and JNHT
	iii. Implement the UNESCO 2003 Convention on the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of Humanity in Jamaica	MCGES
	iv. Implement the UNESCO 2005 Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions in Jamaica	MCGES
	v. Develop and implement Jamaica's World Heritage Programme	MCGES And JNHT
	vi. Submit relevant items of documentary heritage for inscription on the Memory of the World International Register	NLI/JNCUNESCO
	vii. Safeguard Jamaica's Intangible Cultural Heritage	MCGES
	viii. Build climate and disaster resilience in the Jamaican culture sector	MCGES
	ix. Expand social interventions to cultural communities for community cultural development and cultural preservation	MCGES, IOJ, JCDC
	x. Collate and store cultural materials	NLI, IOJ, JNHT
	xi. Conserve the National Collection	IOJ, JNHT, PBC, the Archive, JIS
	xii. Ratify Cultural Convention & Conservation	MCGES and JNHT
	xiii. Preserve Jamaica's intangible culture through the promotion of social participation in cultural events and main activities	MCGES, JCDC, JNHT, IOJ

National Strategy 4-4: Integrate Jamaica's nation brand into developmental processes	National Strategy Outcome: Jamaica's nation brand integrated in development processes / Enabling environment for nation brand integration in development processes
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain an enabling environment for integrating Jamaica's nation brand into developmental processes, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Strong regulatory and institutional framework for the development of brand Jamaica 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Develop, leverage and integrate brand Jamaica as a central tenet of national development	
Development Area: Brand Jamaica	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for the development, leveraging, and integration of brand Jamaica as a central tenet of national development, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
11	11.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Integration of Jamaica's nation brand in national development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Develop and implement regulatory and institutional frameworks for the development and protection of Jamaica's nation brand 	MIIC, JAMPRO

National Strategy 4-5: Strengthen the role of sport in all aspects of national development	National Strategy Outcome: An enabling environment for sport integration in all aspects of national development
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain an enabling environment for sport integration in all aspects of national development, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for the social development, health, and welfare of the citizenry through sport 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Advance the social development, health, and welfare of the citizenry through sport	
Development Area: Culture and Sport	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for the social development, health, and welfare of the citizenry through sport, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
11	11.7

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Social development through sport	i. Develop and implement initiatives for sensitisation and public awareness on safeguarding children in sport	MCGES
	ii. Advance implementation of programmes/ interventions to develop schools and communities via sport	MCGES, INSPORT
	iii. Advance the infusion of sport in the development and implementation of initiatives in support of healthy lifestyles and civic responsibility	MOHW, Private Sector and other partners
	iv. Develop community infrastructure and facilities to accommodate sporting activities	SDF, JSIF and other partners

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	v. Develop national institutional capacity for sport development through support of national sporting association in schools, and community-based entities supporting sport development	SDC, INSPORT, private sector
	vi. Develop and implement protocols and procedures for building sport resilience to shocks/crises	MCGES

GOAL 2

**The Jamaican Society is
Secure, Cohesive and Just**



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #5 **“Security and Safety”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs Targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

The planned results, strategies, and development programming for “Security and Safety” are aligned with SDGs 3, 10 and 16 (Figure 5A).

Figure 5A - Alignment of National Outcome 5 “Security and Safety” and the SDGs



Table 5A presents medium-term targets for “Security and Safety” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 5A). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 5A. National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies, Programmes and Results – “Security and Safety”												
National Outcome #5: Safety and Security	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Category 1 Crimes/100,000 population	Per 100,000 population	280	216	216	216	216	181.34	175.5	167.8	160.1	137.0	43
Murder Rate/100,000 population	Per 100,000 population	59.5	50	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	10
Recidivism	Per cent	20.9	-	≤ 40	≤ 40	≤ 40	≤ 38	38	38	38	38	≤ 10

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Table 5B shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance “Security and Safety” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 5B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Security and Safety”

National Strategy 5-1: Strengthen the capacity of communities to participate in creating a safe and secure society	National Strategy Outcome: Enabling environment for communities to participate in creating a safe and secure society
National Strategy Objective: To establish an enabling environment for communities to participate in creating a safe and secure society, by 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2:	
- An enabling environment for crime prevention and community security and safety	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for crime prevention and community security and safety	
Development Area: Citizen Safety and Security	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for crime prevention and community security and safety, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
16	16.1, 16.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Community Safety and Security	i. Develop and implement Citizen Security Plan (CSP)	MNS, key partners
	ii. Improve data quality for evidence-based policy, planning and programming	MNS, PIOJ/CRP

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	iii. Establish Case Management Support Systems for Crime Prevention and Community Safety	MNS

National Strategy 5-2: Reform and modernize the law enforcement system	National Strategy Outcome: Modern law enforcement system
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain a modern law enforcement system through a process of reform	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Strong infrastructural, technological and digital capacity for effective law enforcement 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong infrastructural, technological and digital capacity for effective law enforcement	
Development Area: Reform and modernization of law enforcement system	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong infrastructural, technological and digital capacity for the delivery of effective law enforcement, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
16	16.5, 16.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Reform and Modernization of Crime Management Systems and Technology	i. Implement Project Rebuild, Overhaul and Construct (ROC)	MNS
	ii. Implement JamaicaEye	MNS
	iii. Upgrade and replace hybrid digital/analogue sites and implement new broadcast sites	MNS
	iv. Expand the JCF Microwave Network	MNS
	v. Enhance the Traffic Information Management System (TIMS)	MNS

National Strategy 5-3: Improve the Security of the Border and Territorial Waters	National Strategy Outcome: Strong framework for maintaining the security of the border and territorial waters
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain a strong framework for maintaining the security of the border and territorial waters	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Strong integrated system for management of the border and territorial waters 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a strong integrated system for effective management of the border and territorial waters	
Development Area: Security of the Border and Territorial Waters	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong integrated system for effective management of the border and territorial waters through legislative and regulatory review, modernization and the use of technology, institutional strengthening, and strategic partnerships, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
10, 16	10.7, 16.2, 16.4, 16.6, 16.a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Security – Jamaica’s Border and Territorial Waters	i. Strengthen governance/ regulatory framework for the management of Immigration, border security and anti-terrorism efforts <i>(amend, revise and/or introduce new legislation/policies/strategies/ regulation)</i>	MNS
	ii. Strengthen the capacity and operations of the Passport, Immigration and Citizenship Agency (PICA)	PICA, MNS
	iii. Develop and implement programs for border security management and protection of Jamaica’s territorial waters	MNS, JDF, JCF

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	iv. Develop and implement plans for anti-terrorism	MNS, JCF
	v. Expand Non-Intrusive Inspection Program (NIIP)	JCA
	vi. Establish the Canine Unit	JCA
	vii. Implement the Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (Drone) Program	JCA

National Strategy 5-4: Strengthen the anti-crime capability of law enforcement agencies	National Strategy Outcome: Strong anti-crime capability in law enforcement agencies
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain strong anti-crime capability in law enforcement agencies	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling regulatory and institutional framework for strong anti-crime capability in law enforcement 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling regulatory and institutional framework for strong anti-crime capability in law enforcement	
Development Area: Anti-Crime Capability of Law Enforcement	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling regulatory and institutional framework for strong anti-crime capability in law enforcement, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3, 16	3.5, 16.1, 16.3, 16.4, 16.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Modernize Anti-Crime Legislative Framework	i. Modernize legislative framework for the reduction of illicit enrichment through criminality, corruption, and bribery	MNS

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	ii. Modernize legislative framework for the identification and prosecution of firearms and offensive weapons violation	MNS
	iii. Strengthen the Anti-Trafficking in Persons (ITIP) regulatory framework	MNS
	iv. Establish National Cyber Security Strategy and Programming Framework	OPM

National Strategy 5-5: Strengthen the Management, Rehabilitation and Reintegration of Clients of Correctional Services	National Strategy Outcome: Strong management, rehabilitation and reintegration of clients of correctional services
National Strategy Objective: To establish strong management, rehabilitation and reintegration of clients of Correctional Services	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A strong and integrated regulatory, institutional and technological system for effective administrative management, rehabilitation, and reintegration of criminal offenders 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain effective administrative management, rehabilitation, and reintegration of criminal offenders	
Development Area: Offender Management, Rehabilitation and Reintegration	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong and integrated regulatory, institutional and technological system for effective administrative management, rehabilitation, and reintegration of criminal offenders, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
10, 16	10.7, 16.1, 16.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Offender Management, Rehabilitation and Reintegration	i. Strengthen policy and legislative framework for offender management, rehabilitation, and reintegration	MNS, DCS
	ii. Introduce Electronic Jail Management System	MNS, DCS



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #6 **“Effective Governance”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

The planned results, strategies, and development programming for “Effective Governance” are aligned with SDGs 5, 10, 16 and 17 (Figure 6A).

Figure 6A - Alignment of National Outcome 6 “Effective Governance” and the SDGs



Table 6A presents medium-term targets for “Effective Governance” and data for the baseline year, 2007. Actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 6A). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 6A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 6 – “Effective Governance”												
National Outcome #6: Effective Governance	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Voice and Accountability Index	Index	0.64	0.78	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.78	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	1.27
Rule of Law Index	Index	-0.35	-0.3	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	1.41
Government Effectiveness Index	Index	0.32	0.18	0.45	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.48	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.51

Table 6A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 6 – “Effective Governance”												
National Outcome #6: Effective Governance	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Control of Corruption Index	Index	-0.34	-0.24	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	1.59
Regulatory Quality Index	Index	0.27	0.33	0.53	0.53	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	1.35
Case Clearance Rate Per Cent ⁴	Per cent	93.78	-	95	100	130	≥ 130	≥ 130	≥ 130	≥ 130	≥ 130	100

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at

<https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Table 6B shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance “Effective Governance” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to the strategies and programmes presented in the table.

⁴ Preliminary targets for 2018-2024 have been revised.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 6B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Effective Governance”

National Strategy 6-1: Strengthen the process of citizen participation in governance	National Strategy Outcome: Participatory Governance Framework / Strong framework for citizen participation in governance
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain a strong framework for citizen participation in governance / participatory governance framework, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: - Strong local governance framework	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a strong local governance framework	
Development Area: Participatory local governance	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), a strong local governance framework, including mechanisms for building citizen and civil society institutional capacity to effectively engage in dialogue, decisions and actions that promote development, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
10, 16, 17	10.2, 16.7, 17.17

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Participatory Governance Framework (PGF)	i. Promote and facilitate citizen participation in local governance	MLGCD, SDC

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Community Research and Development Planning (CRDP)	i. Develop and implement Community Priority Plans (CPPs)	MLGCD, SDC
	ii. Develop/expand databases on communities	MLGCD, SDC

National Strategy 6-2: Reform the Justice System	National Strategy Outcome: Modern Justice System
National Strategy Objective: To create a modern justice system, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for inclusive and equitable access to modern justice services, including the administrative system in the courts 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain inclusive and equitable access to modern justice services, including the administrative system in the courts	
Development Area: Justice System Reform and Modernization	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for inclusive and equitable access to modern justice services, including the administrative system in the courts, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
16	16.3, 16.6, 16.10

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Justice System Reform and Modernisation	i. Develop appropriate infrastructure: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Construct/renovate courthouses and establish Parish Justice Centres 	MOJ
	ii. Develop and implement policies and plans for the justice sector	MOJ
	iii. Develop and implement an Integrated Case Management System: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Implement Judicial Case Management System (JCMS) - Case Management Solutions provided to Justice Sector Facilities delivering Restorative Justice (RJ), Child Diversion (CD), and Victim Services (VS) 	MOJ
	iv. Deliver Social Justice Services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Provide victims of crime with adequate and requisite victim services 	MOJ, VSU

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	- Provide appropriate rehabilitation services to children who are in conflict with the law	
	v. Deliver Legal Assistance: - Provide legal assistance to the vulnerable	MOJ

National Strategy 6-3: Engage in Constitutional Reform	National Strategy Outcome: Modern and Relevant Legal and Constitutional Framework
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain a modern and relevant legal and constitutional framework, through a process of reform, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: - A modern and relevant legal and constitutional framework	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a modern and relevant legal and constitutional framework <i>(towards advancing the rights-based approach to development, effective governance, and multi-dimensional justice outcomes)</i>	
Development Area: Legal and Constitutional Affairs	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a modern and relevant legal and constitutional framework, by March 2027

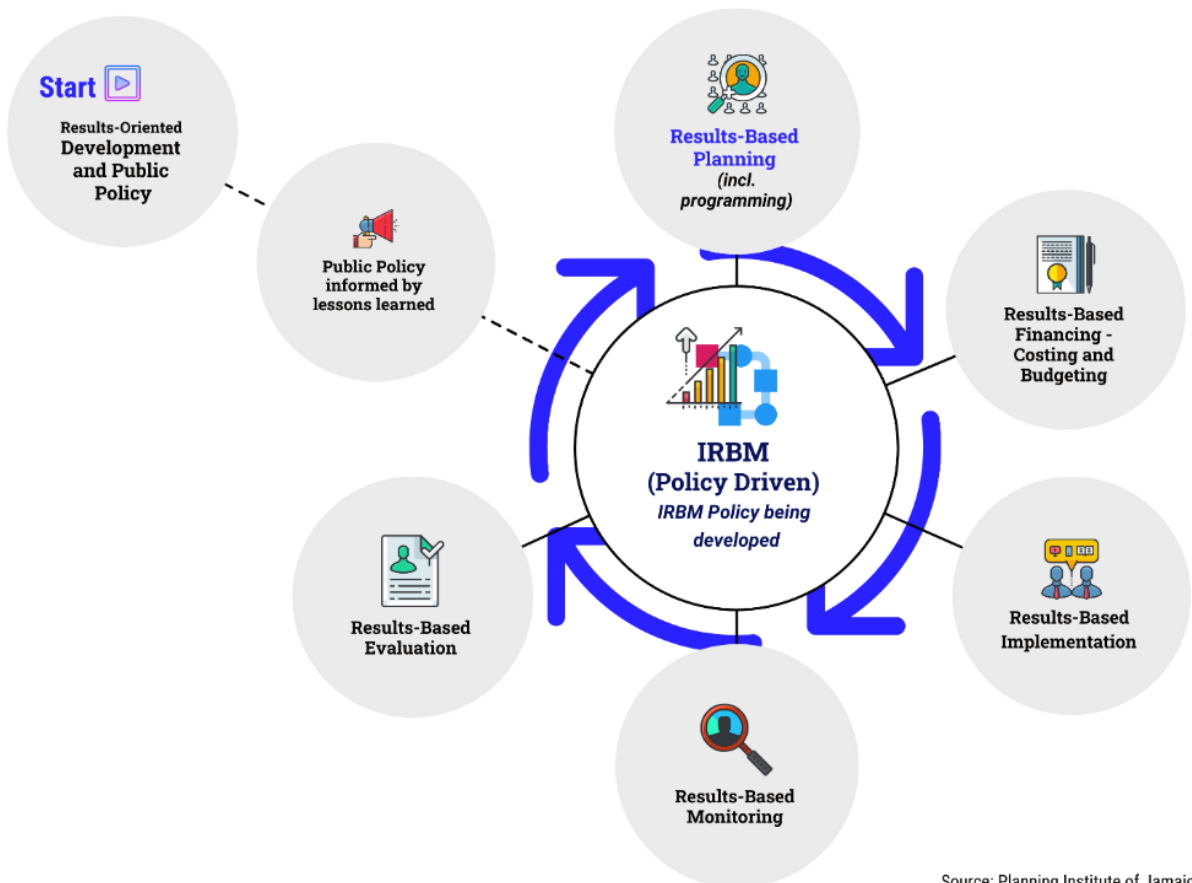
Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
16	16.3, 16.6, 16.10

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Legal and Constitutional Reform	i. Develop and implement a programme of legal and constitutional	MLCA/OPC/LRD/Joint Select Committee/Cabinet Office, Ministries
	iii. Develop and Implement programme to increase access to information on and	JAMPRO, MLCA, MoFPS, MoJ

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	public awareness of human rights and the justice system	

Figure 6B – GOJ Integrated Results-Based Management (IRBM) Model/Vision 2030 Jamaica

GOJ Integrated Results-Based Management (IRBM) Model/Vision 2030 Jamaica Adaptation (Updated)
Strategy-Based, Policy-Driven



National Strategy 6-4: Strengthen public institutions to deliver efficient and effective public goods and services	National Strategy Outcome: Strong public institutions for the delivery of efficient and effective public goods and services
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain strong public institutions to deliver efficient and effective public goods and services, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ An enabling environment for adequate public sector human resources aligned with the agenda for government effectiveness ➤ Strong integrated policy and institutional framework for a whole-of government delivery of Integrated Results-Based Management —IRBM (Figure 6B above) by ministries across their portfolios ➤ An enabling environment for optimizing the quality of the customer service experience (promoting service excellence) across the GOJ ➤ An effective and mature National Identification System (NIDS) 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain adequate public sector human resources in support of government effectiveness	
Development Area: Public Sector Human Resources	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for adequate public sector human resources aligned with the agenda for government effectiveness, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
16	16.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Human Resource Management and Development	i. Review GOJ's strategy for the management and development of the civil service	MIND
	ii. Introduce/Implement the Human Resource Operating Model	MOFPS/TIU

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Performance Management and Accountability	i. Implement Accountability Framework for Senior Executives	Cabinet Office, MOFPS/TIU MIND
	ii. Deliver the performance improvement programme	MOFPS/TIU
	iii. Operationalize/Implement the Employee Performance Management (EPM) Policy	TIU/MOFPS
	iv. Establish/Operationalize GOJ Learning and Development Policy Framework	Cabinet Office, MIND

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a whole-of-government delivery of Integrated Results-Based Management (IRBM) by ministries across their portfolios

Development Area: Public Sector Modernization and Transformation / Performance – Integrated Results-Based Management (IRBM)

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong integrated policy and institutional framework for a whole-of government delivery of Integrated Results-Based Management (IRBM) by ministries across their portfolios, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
16, 17	16.6, 17.18, 17.19

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
7. Integrated Results-Based Management (IRBM) and Planning Frameworks and Systems	i. Develop and implement an IRBM Policy Framework in GOJ	Cabinet Office, MOFPS, PIOJ
	ii. Apply IRBM Framework for Corporate and Operational Planning in GOJ	Cabinet Office, MDAs

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	iii. Develop and apply IRBM Framework for implementation of Vision 2030 Jamaica and the SDGs	PIOJ

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Optimise the quality of the customer service experience across the GOJ

Development Area: Government Effectiveness / Service Excellence

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for optimizing the quality of the customer service experience (promoting service excellence) across the GOJ, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
16, 17	16.6, 17

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
8. Quality Customer Service Delivery	i. Deliver Service Excellence Programme	MOFPS/TIU, MIND
	ii. Provide Shared Corporate Services	MOFPS/TIU
	iii. Leverage ICT to enable efficient service delivery	MOFPS/TIU

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a strong National Identification System (NIDS)

Development Area: Government Effectiveness / National Identification System

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an effective and mature National Identification System (NIDS), by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
16	16.9

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
9. National Identification System (NIDS)	i. Establish National Identification and Registration Authority (NIRA)	OPM
	ii. Establish National Identification and Registration Inspectorate (NIRI - ECJ)	ECJ
	iii. Register Jamaicans in the NIDS database and issue National Identification Card (NIC)	OPM, NIRA

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong capacity to deliver efficient and effective consular services

Development Area: Consular Service Delivery and Management

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain an enabling environment for strengthening capacity to deliver efficient and effective consular services, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
17	17.9

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
10. Consular Service Delivery Improvement	i. Upgrade and expand the implementation of the technology based consular management system	MFAFT
	ii. Develop and implement an online registration portal for Jamaicans travelling overseas on short-stay visits	MFAFT

National Strategy 6-5: Foster Equity in all Spheres of Society	National Strategy Outcome: Systems for equity in all spheres of society
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain systems for fostering equity in all spheres of society, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ An enabling environment for gender equity and gender mainstreaming ➤ An enabling environment for the adoption and institutionalisation of gender ideologies consistent with legally- and policy-mandated gender-based rights 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain gender equity and gender mainstreaming	
Development Area: Gender equity	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for gender equity and gender mainstreaming, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
5, 10	5.1, 5.a, 5.c, 10.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
11. Gender Main-streaming	i. Implement National Policy for Gender Equality	BGA (Bureau of Gender Affairs) and partners
	ii. Establish National Shelters for Victims of Gender-based Violence (NSV-GBV)	BGA and partners

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Promote and institutionalise gender ideologies consistent with legally- and policy-mandated gender-based rights	
Development Area: Gender equity	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for the adoption and institutionalisation of gender ideologies consistent with legally- and policy-mandated gender-based rights, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
5, 10	5.1, 5.2, 5.6 5.a, 5.c, 10.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
12. Gender Socialization	i. Educate and sensitize the public and raise awareness of gender-based violence (GBV)	BGA and partners
	ii. Implement Men and Masculinity Programme	BGA and partners
	iii. Support the development of adolescent parents: - Implement Program for Adolescent Mothers - Implement the Young Fathers Initiative	WCFJ, BGA and partners

National Strategy 6-6: Strengthen accountability and transparency mechanisms	National Strategy Outcome: Strong accountability and transparency mechanisms
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain strong accountability and transparency mechanisms, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: ➤ Strong national capacity for quality national data, statistics, and information systems	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong national capacity for quality data, statistics, and information systems to support sustainable and inclusive national development	
Development Area: Government Effectiveness / Data, Statistics, and Information	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong national capacity for quality national data, statistics, and information systems, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
16	16.9

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
13. National Statistics System (NSS)	i. Establish a coordinated National Statistical System (NSS) and modernize the National Statistics Office (NSO)/Statistical Institute of Jamaica (STATIN)	STATIN
	ii. Produce and provide open access to quality data and official statistics from periodic sample-surveys, censuses, forecasts and projections	STATIN, PIOJ, BOJ
	iii. Deliver online/electronic monitoring tools for Vision 2030 Jamaica and the SDGs	PIOJ, STATIN

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
14. Records and Information Management (RIM)	i. Develop and promulgate the National Archives and Records Management (NARM) Act	OPM
	ii. Strengthen institutional capacity for archives and records management	OPM
	iii. MDAs incorporate RIM system	MOESYI

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
15. Access to Information (ATI) Framework	i. Amend Access to Information Act (ATI) and Regulations	MOEYSI
	ii. Automate Access to Information (ATI) Request System	MOEYSI
	iii. Utilize public education, communications and institutional monitoring frameworks to promote and protect citizen's rights to access information, including	MOEYSI
	- Complaints Management Framework	

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	iv. Public Authority Access to Information Institutional Score Card	To be stated

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
16. Data Protection Act	i. Establish and maintain a legislative framework for data protection	OPM
	ii. Establish Office of the Information Commission	OPM/OIC
	iii. Promote compliance to Data Protection Act (2020)	OPM/OIC

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
17. Data Collection and Information Sharing (DCIS)	i. Establish Data Collection and Information Sharing (DCIS) Portal	MOEYSI

GOAL 3

**Jamaica's Economy is
Prosperous**



Medium Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #7 **“A Stable Macroeconomy”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting your development programmes.

The planned results, strategies, and development programming for **“A Stable Macroeconomy”** are aligned with SDGs 8, 10, 12 and 17 (Figure 7A).

Figure 7A – Alignment of National Outcome 7 “A Stable Macroeconomy” and the SDGs



Table 7A presents medium-term targets for “A Stable Macroeconomy” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (see next table). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 7A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 7 – “A Stable Macroeconomy”												
National Outcome #7: A Stable Macroeconomy	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Annual Inflation Rate	Per cent	16.8	10	≤10	6	4.0-6.0	4.0-6.0	4.0-6.0	4.0-6.0	4.0-6.0	4.0-6.0	≤10.0
Debt to GDP Ratio (Fiscal Year)	Per cent	109.4	100	132	98.5	83.9	73.9	63.7	61.0	58.8	56.0	60.0
Fiscal balance as a percentage of GDP (Fiscal Year)	Per cent	-4.61	0	0	1.4	1.6	0.3	0.0	-0.9	-0.9	0.0	0.0
Nominal GDP per capita	US\$	4805.97	5354	6629	5512	6047	6172.77	5000 - 6000	5000 - 6500	5000 - 6500	5000 - 7000	≥12055
Real GDP annual growth rate (base 2007)	Per cent	1.4	3	1.7	2.7	3	1	1.5 - 3.0	1.5 - 3.0	1.5 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.5	5.0

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 7B shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance “A Stable Macroeconomy” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 7B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “A Stable Macroeconomy”

National Strategy 7-1: Ensure Fiscal and Debt Sustainability	National Strategy Outcome: Fiscal and Debt Sustainability
National Strategy Objective: To promote and institutionalise fiscal and debt sustainability in macro-economic management	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ An enabling environment for strong fiscal management➤ An enabling environment for sustainable debt management and a sustainable national debt stock➤ An enabling environment for cost efficiency in government aligned with fiscal/budget management policies and targets	

Sector Strategy: Reduce the fiscal deficit towards a balanced budget	
Development Area: Fiscal and Debt Sustainability	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling policy, strategy and institutional environment for strong fiscal management towards reducing the fiscal deficit (in part) and achieving a balanced budget, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
17	17.13

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Public Financial Management		

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Fiscal Responsibility Framework ⁵	i. Fully operationalize the Independent Fiscal Commission	MOFPS
	ii. Establish a strong Policy Framework for Disaster Risk Financing ⁶	MOFPS

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Medium Term Results Based Budgeting (MTRBB)	i. Establish the Medium-Term Results Based Budgeting (MTRBB) Implementation Unit	MOFPS
	ii. Continue the roll-out of the Medium-Term Results Based Budgeting system for the public sector	MOFPS

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Public Financial Management	i. Develop and implement the Jamaica Integrated Financial Management Information System (JIFMIS)	MOFPS

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Pension Reform	i. Develop/Establish relevant regulatory framework for Public Sector Pension Reform	MOFPS
	ii. Advance Private Sector Pension Reform	MOFPS

⁵ It aims to secure Jamaica's gains under successive economic reform programmes with the International Monetary Fund and build on the success of domestic partnership initiatives.

⁶ To improve understanding of fiscal risks of natural disasters and recommend appropriate public financial management for natural disaster risk including the implementation of various financing strategies.

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Public Sector Compensation	i. Restructure Public Sector Compensation	MOFPS
	ii. Implement public sector wage agreement	MOFPS

Sector Strategy: Maintain a sustainable national/public debt stock

Development Area: Fiscal and Debt Sustainability	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling policy, regulatory and institutional environment for sustainable debt management, including reducing the public debt stock in the medium term, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
17	17.13

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
7. Debt Management	i. Implement Medium-Term Debt Management Strategies	MOFPS

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
8. Debt Management: Debt Servicing	i. Increase relative use of low-cost multilateral financing	MOFPS
	ii. Rebalance the debt portfolio towards greater reliance on domestic debt vis-à-vis external debt	MOFPS
	iii. Reduce the debt portfolio's exposure to interest rate and refinancing risks by borrowing mainly at fixed interest rates across all tenors in the domestic debt market.	MOFPS
	iv. Continue to strengthen the efficiency of the Debt Management Branch, MOFPS	MOFPS

Sector Strategy: Maintain a cost-efficient government apparatus/machinery aligned with the fiscal/budget management agenda

Development Area: Fiscal and Debt Sustainability

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for a cost-efficient government apparatus that is aligned with fiscal/budget management objectives and targets, including mechanisms to reduce the budgetary cost of public bodies (PBs) and public sector entities and improve efficiency in the conduct of government business, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8, 12, 17	8.1, 12.7, 17.7

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
9. Budgetary Cost of Public Bodies and Public Sector Entities	i. Divestment of key public sector entities	MOFPS
	- Complete key divestments of entities including Cocoa Industry Board, and Jamaica Railway Corporation	
	ii. Implement the Public Bodies' Rationalisation Programme ⁷	

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
10. Public Procurement Management	i. Implement the Procurement Planning Processes (in line with strategic objectives)	MOFPS

⁷ The Programme is aimed at reducing the number of public bodies. The consolidation of public bodies, which may take the form of mergers, closures, divestment or reintegration, is expected to reduce risks to the Central Government budget through, inter alia, curtailing losses, reducing operational costs and minimizing overlapping functions.

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
11. Public Investment Management System	i. Implement the Public Investment Management Information System (PIMIS)	MOFPS
	ii. Strengthen regulatory and governance arrangements to support the Public Investment Management System (PIMS)	MOFPS

National Strategy 7-2: Develop an Efficient and Equitable Tax System	National Strategy Outcome: Efficient and Equitable Tax System
National Strategy Objective: To promote and entrench a culture of efficiency and equity in the tax system	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ An enabling environment optimising efficiency, simplicity, and equity of the tax system ➤ An enabling environment for mainstreaming and optimising tax compliance in the informal sector ➤ An enabling environment for mainstreaming and optimising tax compliance in the informal sector 	

Sector Strategy: Maintain an efficient, simple, and equitable tax system	
Development Area: Tax System	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), enabling systems and mechanisms to optimize efficiency, simplicity, and equity of the tax system through fundamental tax reform by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
17	17.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
12. Modernization of Customs	i. Undertake Legislative Amendments	JCA

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
13. Domestic Tax Administration Programme	i. Property tax Compliance:	TAJ
	- Implement a special property tax project	TAJ
	ii. Publish and implement a National Compliance Plan for each successive year	TAJ

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
14. Domestic Tax Administration Programme: Digital Services	i. Continue to enhance the Revenue Administration Information System (RAiS (GENTAX) integrated tax software package and other e-Services	TAJ
	ii. Expand payment options for non-core tax payment such as police records, replacement of ID, examination fees	TAJ
	iii. Develop and implement Queue management platform	TAJ
	iv. Improve website accessibility and improve options on Mobile Application	TAJ
	v. Integrate/Advance utilization of courier and postal services to manage the delivery of motor vehicle registration documents	TAJ

Sector Strategy: Mainstream and optimise tax compliance in the informal sector	
Development Area: Tax System	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), enabling systems and mechanisms to mainstream and maximise tax compliance in the informal sector, including shifting the burden of taxation to consumption, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
17	17.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
15. Tax Compliance and Progressive Taxation	i. Increase the relative use of indirect taxes, accompanied by offsetting measures to maintain progressivity of the tax system	TAJ
	ii. Strengthen the taxpayer database	TAJ

Sector Strategy: Maintain a modern and fit-for-purpose incentives system for the productive sectors / Maintain an enabling environment for mainstreaming and optimising tax compliance in the informal sector

Development Area: Tax System	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), enabling systems and mechanisms to mainstream and maximise tax compliance in the informal sector, including shifting the burden of taxation to consumption, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
17	17.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
16. Reform of the incentives system to the productive sectors	i. Amend the Income Tax Relief (Large-scale Projects and Pioneer Industries) Act	MOFPS, TAJ
	ii. Develop a regulatory framework for the Large-Scale Projects and Pioneer Industries legislation	MOFPS, TAJ

National Strategy 7-3: Maintain Financial System Stability	National Strategy Outcome: Stable Financial System
National Strategy Objective: To promote and institutionalise stability of the financial system	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ An enabling governance, regulatory and facilitative environment for a strong (effective and stable) financial system 	

Sector Strategy: Maintain an enabling environment for effective governance, regulation and policy-driven facilitation of the financial system	
Development Area: Financial System Stability	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), enabling systems and mechanisms to effectively govern, regulate and facilitate optimal functioning/strengthening of the financial system, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
10, 17	10.5, 17.13

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
17. Governance and regulatory framework for the financial system	i. Amend the Bank of Jamaica Act	MOFPS, BOJ
	ii. Strengthen the Financial System Institutional Arrangements	MOFPS, BOJ
	iii. Make effective the supporting regulations of the Banking Services Act	MOFPS, BOJ
	iv. Enhance the legislative framework for the private sector pensions industry to deal with the second phase of private sector pension reform which includes issues such as vesting and portability ⁸	MOFPS, FSC

⁸ To ensure that there is an adequate level of pensions benefits, foster security of benefits for participants and ensure and effectively regulated private pensions industry by the Financial Services Commission (FSC)

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	v. Finalize and promulgate the Credit Unions (Special Provisions) Bill and related amendments to the Cooperative Societies Act	MOFPS
	vi. Develop Supervisory Anti-Money Laundering/ Combating the Financing of Terrorism (AML/CFT) Rules under the Banking Services Act (BSA) and the Bank of Jamaica Act (BOJA)	MOFPS
	vii. Develop the methodology for and implement Risk-Based Supervision (Prudential and AML/CFT) to all licensees on phased basis	MOFPS
	viii. Revise the Banking Services (Prevention of Money Laundering Terrorism Financing and Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction) Supervisory Rules	MOFPS
	ix. Implement a Special Resolution Regime (SRR) for Financial Institutions (including Financial Groups, Financial Holding Companies, Licensed Deposit taking Institutions, Securities Dealers and Insurance Companies)	MOFPS, BOJ, FSC, JDIC
	x. Revise the Financial Institutions (Special Resolution Framework) Bill ⁹	MOFPS
	xi. Review the Credit Reporting Act and the development of legislative proposals ¹⁰	BOJ
	xii. Develop Consumer Protection Framework for deposit taking institutions	BOJ
	xiii. Develop the Securities (Conduct of Business) (Amendment) Regulations to strengthen the market conduct requirements for securities dealers in order to strengthen the standards	BOJ

⁹ The proposed legislation for the special resolution regime for financial institutions is intended to enhance the resilience and stability of the financial system in Jamaica by providing a framework to address the resolution of non-viable financial institutions in an orderly way that minimizes the resort to public funds whilst preserving vital economic functions.

¹⁰ To enhance the credit reporting framework and improve the use of credit reporting.

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	of market and professional conduct in the securities industry	
	xiv. Full rollout of the Central Bank digital currency	MOFPS, BOJ
	xv. Develop and implement the policy framework for the creation of the “Twin Peaks” regulatory model	MOFPS, BOJ, FSC

National Strategy 7-4: Maintain Price Stability	National Strategy Outcome: Price Stability
National Strategy Objective: To promote and institutionalise price stability	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Strong monetary governance and policy framework <i>for effective management of inflation and price stability</i> ➤ An enabling framework for evidence- and results-based decision making in monetary policy and governance 	

Sector Strategy: Maintain strong policy-driven monetary governance, institutions and systems capacities for effective management of inflation and price stability	
Development Area: Price Stability	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), a strong monetary governance and policy framework, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
17	17.13

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
18. Establish Monetary Governance and Policy Framework for the delivery of low, stable, and predictable inflation	i. Develop and implement Monetary Policy	BOJ
	ii. Strengthen governance arrangements for Monetary Policy	BOJ
	iii. Develop and implement framework/systems for Performance Management and Accountability	BOJ
	iv. Strengthen internal capacity (of BOJ) to ensure adequate resources for the efficient implementation of FFIT	BOJ
	v. Enhance the communication and education strategy for FFIT	BOJ

Sector Strategy: Maintain an enabling environment for evidence-based decision making in monetary policy, governance

Development Area: Price Stability

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), a strong framework for enabling evidence- and results-based decision making in monetary policy and governance, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
17	17.13, 17.19

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
19. Monitoring, forecasting, data collection and policy analysis	i. Establish comprehensive macro-economic forecasting	BOJ
	ii. Conduct Monetary Policy Assessment	BOJ



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #8 **“An Enabling Business Environment”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

The planned strategies and development programming for “An Enabling Business Environment” are aligned with SDGs 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 16 and 17 (Figure 8A).

Figure 8A: Alignment of National Outcome 8 “An Enabling Business Environment” with the SDGs



Table 8A presents medium-term targets for “An Enabling Business Environment” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 8A). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 8A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 8 - “An Enabling Business Environment”												
National Outcome #8: An Enabling Business Environment		Baseline	Targets									
	Unit	2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Unemployment Rate	Per cent	9.3	10	7.5	10.6	8.4	4.0-6.0	≤4.0	≤4.0	≤4.0	≤4.0	≤4.0
Labor Market Efficiency Index ¹¹	Index	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.6	65.7 ¹²	67.8	-	-	-	-	4.75

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Table 8B shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance “An Enabling Business Environment” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

¹¹ The Labour Market Efficiency Index has been a part of the National Outcome Indicator Framework since the launch of Vision 2030 Jamaica in 2007. Targets were set through to 2024 and included in MTF 2024-2027. However, reporting on the indicator concluded with the discontinuation of the Global Competitiveness Report and the Global Competitiveness Index (GCI) in 2023. The Report has since been replaced by the Global Risks Report and the Future of Growth

¹² The scoring methodology was revised from a 1–7 scale to a 0–100 progress score.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 8B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “An Enabling Business Environment”

National Strategy 8-1: Ensure a facilitating policy, regulatory and institutional framework for business development	National Strategy Outcome: A facilitating policy, regulatory and institutional framework for business development
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain a facilitating policy, regulatory and institutional framework for business development	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Effectively streamlined bureaucratic processes optimising efficiency in business creation and development ➤ Strong mechanisms for facilitating land ownership, titling and transfer ➤ A strong regulatory system for e-commerce and protection of intellectual property (IP) rights and inclusive access to copyrighted material in accordance with international standards ➤ A strong regulatory system protecting consumer rights ➤ A strong framework promoting growth and innovation in emerging industries 	

Sector Strategy: Maintain effectively streamlined bureaucratic processes for optimising efficiency in business creation and development	
Development Area: Policy, regulatory and institutional framework for business development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) effectively streamlined bureaucratic processes for optimising efficiency in business creation and development, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8	8.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Business Development	i. Streamline the process and reduce the processing time for development, environment and planning applications	NEPA, MEGJC, Cabinet Office

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	a) Implement the Development Applications Review Process (DARP) Public Portal II	JAMPRO, Cabinet Office, MLGCD, NEPA, MCs, MEGJC
	b) Implement the action plan of reforms to the development applications process (DAP)	
	c) Maintain and upgrade the AMANDA Public Portal II <i>Build the capacity of MCs and NEPA to utilize the portal</i>	MCs, MEGJC, NEPA

Sector Strategy: Maintain strong mechanisms for facilitating land ownership, titling and transfer

Development Area: Policy, regulatory and institutional framework for business development

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong mechanisms for facilitating land ownership, titling and transfer, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
1, 5	1.4, 5.a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Land Registration	i. Implement Electronic Land Titling Project	NEPA, MEGJC, Cabinet Office
	ii. Amend/Develop relevant legislations to provide the appropriate legislative framework to support the implementation of the Electronic Land Titling system	MEGJC, NLA, REB

Sector Strategy: Maintain a strong regulatory system for e-commerce, protection of intellectual property (IP) rights and inclusive access to copyrighted material in accordance with international standards

Development Area: Policy, regulatory and institutional framework for business development

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong regulatory system for e-commerce, protection of intellectual property (IP) rights and inclusive access to copyrighted material in accordance with international standards, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
17	17.8, 17.14

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Legal and regulatory framework for e-commerce and protection of intellectual property (IP) rights and inclusive access to copyrighted material	i. Implementation of Jamaica's obligations under the Madrid Protocol for international registration of trademarks	JIPO, MIIC, OPC, MFAFT
	ii. eCommerce and electronic Transaction Act	OPM

Sector Strategy: Maintain the protection of consumer rights

Development Area: Policy, regulatory and institutional framework for business development

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong regulatory system to protect the economic and other rights of consumers, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
16	16.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Protection of Consumer Rights	Develop and promulgate the National Consumer Protection & Welfare Policy and implementation Plan ¹³	CAC, MIIC

Sector Strategy: Maintain a strong framework for promoting growth and innovation in emerging industries

Development Area: Policy, regulatory and institutional framework for business development

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), a strong framework for promoting growth and innovation in emerging industries, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.1, 8.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Policy, Planning and Development	i. Develop Policy and Planning Frameworks for emerging industries:	MIIC
	i. a. Develop the regulatory framework for the Cannabis Industry	MIIC/CLA
	i. b. Develop and implement National Bamboo Industry Development Plan (Cross reference: National Outcome #12 Manufacture ¹⁹)	MIIC
	ii. Develop and promulgate the National Services Policy and implementation plan	MIIC
	ii. a. Develop and implement strategies and programmes for improved export performance	

¹³ The policy seeks to enhance and provide greater coordination and efficiency of consumer protection efforts

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	ii. b. Strengthen data collection and management systems in the services sector	
	ii. c. Improve access to market information and training	
	ii. d. Establish /Strengthen domestic regulations in the services sector	
	ii. e. Increase adoption of international standards	
	ii. f. Develop human and institutional capacity through targeted training programmes	

National Strategy 8-2: Increase access to capital	National Strategy Outcome: Adequate Access to Capital
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain frameworks and mechanisms to facilitate adequate access to capital	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes:	
➤ An expansive domestic capital market	

Sector Strategy: Maintain an expansive domestic capital market	
Development Area: Access to Capital	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong framework for establishing an expansive domestic capital market, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 9	8.1, 8.10, 9.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Investment Development	i. Advance the <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - provision of technical assistance to clients and intermediaries - training of MSMEs and umbrella organizations to increase access to credit 	DBJ, MIIC
	ii. Deliver International Financial Services (IFS), including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Develop and implement the legislation related to the international financial centre and other supporting regulations 	JIFSA, MIIC, CPC, Legislative Committee, MOFPS

National Strategy 8-3: Use trade and foreign relations to create an enabling external environment for economic growth	National Strategy Outcome: Effective trade and foreign relations promoting an enabling external environment for economic growth
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain effective trade and foreign relations promoting an enabling external environment for economic growth	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ A strong integrated system for effectiveness of strategic bilateral, regional, and hemispheric relations in promoting economic growth ➤ Strong national capacity to effectively promote Jamaica's foreign trade, economic, social and environmental interests within the multilateral system ➤ Strong framework and mechanisms for impactful promotion and facilitation of the creation, implementation and effective use of the CARICOM Single Market and Economy (CSME) ➤ Enabling systems and capacities for the inclusive engagement of the Jamaican Diaspora in national development ➤ Enabling systems for effective business capacity to take trade remedy defensive action 	

Sector Strategy: Maintain a strong integrated system for effectiveness of bilateral, regional, and hemispheric relations in promoting economic growth	
Development Area: Strategic bilateral, regional, and hemispheric relations	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong integrated system for effectiveness of strategic bilateral, regional, and hemispheric relations in promoting economic growth, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
17	17.16

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
7. Bilateral, Regional and Hemispheric Relations	i. Establish and/or strengthen Diplomatic/Consular relations	MFAFT
	ii. Pursue opportunities for technical and economic cooperation	MFAFT

Sector Strategy: Maintain effective promotion of Jamaica's foreign trade, economic, social and environmental interests within the multilateral system

Development Area: Strategic foreign trade and multilateral relations

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong national capacity to effectively promote Jamaica's foreign trade, economic, social and environmental interests within the multilateral system, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 17	8.1, 17.10, 17.16, 17. a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
8. Foreign Trade and Multilateral Relations	i. Promote, support, and monitor implementation of the Foreign Trade Policy and Action Plan	MFAFT
	ii. Maintain preferential access to key markets	MFAFT
	iii. Implement existing CARICOM trade agreements with hemispheric partner countries	MFAFT

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	iv. Utilize WTO negotiations and the regular WTO work programme to promote and protect Jamaica's trade interests	MFAFT, MOAFM, MOFPS, MIIC
	v. Implement economic diplomacy programme that supports national development objectives	MFAFT, MIIC/ JAMPRO, other MDAs
	vi. Participate in negotiations regarding Deep Sea Mining Regulations	MFAFT and Jamaican Delegation to the ISA
	vii. Develop National Policy on Deep Sea Mining	MFAFT
	viii. Advance maritime delimitation negotiations on Jamaica's Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ)	MFAFT, AGC, MEGJC, MOAFM, MIIC, MSETT, PAJ, MAJ, NEPA
	ix. Facilitate the negotiation and signing of Air Services Agreements (ASAs) with countries identified by the Air Policy Committee as priority for Jamaica	MSETT, MFAFT, JCAA, AGC
	x. Advocate for attention to the special situation of Small Island Developing States (SIDS) and highly indebted, vulnerable Middle-Income countries (MICs), including Jamaica	MFAFT, MEGJC, MOFPS
	xi. Promote and maintain the strategic appointment of Jamaicans in high level positions in multilateral bodies to protect and pursue Jamaica's development interests	MFAFT

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
9. Economic Partnership Agreements (EPAs)	i. Implement the Economic Partnership Agreements (EPAs) between CARIFORUM and i) the EU ii) the UK	MFAFT, MOFPS, JCA, MIIC, MOAFM, MCGES, AGC

Sector Strategy: Promote and facilitate the successful creation, implementation and effective use of the CARICOM Single Market and Economy (CSME)

Development Area: Strategic foreign trade and multilateral relations

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong regulatory, institutional, and governance framework and mechanisms for impactful promotion of the creation, implementation and effective use of the CARICOM Single Market and Economy (CSME), by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
10. CARICOM Single Market and Economy (CSME)	i. Support the development and implementation of the CARICOM Single Market and Economy (CSME)	MFAFT, MLSS, MNS, MIIC, MOEY, MOHW, PICA
	ii. Advance Jamaica's trade interests in the work on the CARICOM Single Market and Economy (CSME)	MIIC, MOFPS, JCA, MOAFM, MFAFT

Sector Strategy: Enable inclusive engagement of the Jamaican Diaspora in national development	
Development Area: Diaspora Relations	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) enabling inter-country systems and capacities for the inclusive engagement of the Jamaican Diaspora in national development, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
17	17.16

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
11. Diaspora Engagement in National Development	i. Implement National Diaspora Policy	MFAFT
	ii. Stage Biennial Jamaica Diaspora Conferences	MFAFT
	iii. Coordinate the implementation of the recommendations emanating from Biennial Jamaica Diaspora Conference	MFAFT, other relevant MDAs (based on nature of recommendations)

Sector Strategy: Maintain enabling systems for effective business capacity to take trade remedy defensive action	
Development Area: Strategic bilateral foreign and trade relations	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) enabling systems for effective business capacity to take trade remedy defensive action, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8	8.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
12. Trade remedy defensive action	i. Pursue a multi-agency approach to trade enforcement issues through the Trade Enforcement Advisory Mechanism (TEAM)	MIIC
	ii. Develop and implement the Customs Duties (Dumping and Subsidies) Act and accompanying regulations	MIIC
	iii. Establish an Industry Help Desk to assist businesses, including MSMEs, to file and complete a trade remedy investigation	ADSC

National Strategy 8-4: Strengthen Investment Promotion and Trade Facilitation	National Strategy Outcome: Strong National Capacity for Investment Promotion and Trade Facilitation
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain strong national capacity for effective investment promotion and trade facilitation, by 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ A streamlined administrative process for the efficient movement of goods through ports of entry ➤ Strong national capacity for effectively enabling investment and trade 	

Sector Strategy: Maintain a streamlined administrative process for the efficient movement of goods through ports of entry	
Development Area: Investment promotion and trade facilitation	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a streamlined administrative process for the efficient movement of goods through ports of entry, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 17	8.1, 17.11

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
13. Foreign Affairs, Trade and Relations	i. Implement the ASYCUDA Upgrade Enhancement Projects-Trade Facilitation and Compliance Modules	JCA
	i. a. Upgrade system and implement additional modules to further improve trade facilitation and strengthen operational monitoring and control	JCA
	i. b. Develop and implement a Queen's Warehouse Module to enable timely disposal of overtime goods from transit sheds to support revenue optimization	JCA
	ii. Implement the Jamaica Single Window for Trade system Project	JCA

Sector Strategy: Maintain strong national capacity for enabling investment and trade

Development Area: Investment promotion and trade facilitation

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), strong national capacity for enabling investment and trade, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
14. National regulatory and institutional capacity for investment and trade	i. Implement the National Investment Policy	MIIC, JAMPRO

National Strategy 8-5: Develop an efficient labour market	National Strategy Outcome: An efficient labour market
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain an efficient labour market, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2:	
➤ Strong national capacity for evidence-based development of labour market efficiency	

Sector Strategy: Maintain strong national capacity for evidence-based development of the labour market to optimise efficiency	
Development Area: Labour Market Efficiency	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong national capacity for evidence-based development of labour market efficiency, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8	8.1, 8.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
15. Evidence-based development of the labour market	i. Advance development, promotion and awareness of the National Labour Market Information System and other sources of labour market information including the Electronic Labour Exchange (ELE) and its activities	MLSS
	ii. Execute industry labour market studies to facilitate the development of a workforce that is more adaptable and flexible	MLSS

National Strategy 8-6: Improve the labour environment to enhance labour productivity and worker satisfaction	National Strategy Outcome: Enabling Labour Environment for an Optimally Productive and Satisfied Labour Force
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain an enabling labour environment for an optimally productive and satisfied labour force	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ An effective labour market framework that is aligned with the country's development agenda and the future of work ➤ An enabling labour environment for effective collective bargaining, the protection of workers (unionized and non-unionized) and employers, in accordance with labour legislation ➤ A strong legal and regulatory framework for industrial safety, including compliance mechanisms ➤ An effective non-discriminatory labour environment framework ➤ An enabling environment for optimizing labour efficiency and productivity ➤ An enabling environment for quality employment generation 	

Sector Strategy: Maintain an effective labour market framework that is aligned with the country's development agenda and the future of work	
Development Area: Labour environment	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), an effective labour market framework that is aligned with the country's development agenda and the future of work, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8	8.8, 10.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
16. Labour market reform	i. Implement comprehensive labour market reform - Undertake Labour Market Reform through developing and implementing recommendations of Labour Market Reform Commission (LMRC)	MLSS, PIOJ

Sector Strategy: Maintain a labour environment, based on a strong regulatory and institutional framework, that enables effective collective bargaining, the protection of workers (unionized and non-unionized) and employers, in accordance with labour legislation

Development Area: Labour environment

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling labour environment for effective collective bargaining, the protection of workers (unionized and non-unionized) and employers, in accordance with labour legislation, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.5, 8.8

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
17. Collective bargaining and the protection of workers (unionized and non-unionized) and employers	i. Improve the industrial dispute resolution mechanism	MLSS

Sector Strategy: Maintain industrial safety

Development Area: Labour environment

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) a strong legal and regulatory framework for industrial safety, including compliance mechanisms, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.5, 8.8

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
18. Industrial Safety, Promotion and Supervision	i. Develop and implement the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA)	MLSS

Sector Strategy: Maintain a non-discriminatory labour environment, including prohibiting discriminatory practices based on disability, age, sex, class, religion, sexual orientation, geographical location, HIV status and ethnicity

Development Area: Labour environment	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), an effective non-discriminatory labour environment framework, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 10	8.5, 10.3, 10.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
19. Labour and Industrial Relations	i. Promote reasonable arrangements to facilitate increased employment of Persons with Disabilities (Cross reference: National Outcome #3, 3-6)	JCPD

Sector Strategy: Optimise labour productivity

Development Area: Labour environment	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for optimizing labour efficiency and productivity, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8	8.2, 8.5, 8.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
20. National Productivity	i. Development and implement initiatives to increase research and knowledge in high impact areas that affect national productivity and development	MLSS
	ii. Develop and implement National Productivity Policy	MLSS
	iii. Develop and implement initiatives promoting improvements in Workplace Productivity	MLSS, JPC
	iv. Enhance the national productivity promotion programme	MLSS, JPC
	v. Promote the use of improved technology for greater productivity	To be stated
	vi. Increase opportunities for linkages with regional and global enterprises	JAMPRO
	vii. Promote the development of programmes in the education and training systems to induce innovation and creativity	MOEY, HEART/NSTA Trust
	viii. Advance implementation of apprenticeship programmes in conjunction with private sector (<i>Cross reference: National Outcome #3, 3-3</i>)	

Sector Strategy: Maintain quality employment generation

Development Area: Labour environment

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for quality employment generation, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
21. Framework for Generating Employment	i. Develop a National Employment Policy	OPM
	ii. Promote compliance to the Employment Agencies Regulation ACT (EARA)	MLSS
	iii. Advance the implementation of the Housing, Opportunity, Production and Employment (HOPE) Programme	To be stated
	iv. Develop and implement the Peckham Bamboo Pre-processing Project	To be stated

National Strategy 8-7: Develop the capabilities of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (MSMEs)	National Strategy Outcome: Micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (MSMEs) with strong capability for productivity, supporting economic growth
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (MSMEs) with strong capability for productivity, supporting economic growth, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ An enabling policy, regulatory, and institutional environment for high value-added and competitive MSMEs ➤ Strong national capacity for evidence-based decision making by MSME's and informal sector / A coordinated quality data and information system for MSME's and the informal sector ➤ A comprehensive and sustainable enabling framework for adequate and inclusive access to credit/financing facilities for MSMEs ➤ An enabling environment for entrepreneurship ➤ An enabling environment for training and capacity development for MSMEs 	

Sector Strategy: Maintain an enabling policy, regulatory, and institutional environment for developing high value-added and competitive MSMEs that contribute to inclusive economic growth	
Development Area: Micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (MSMEs) development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) an enabling policy, regulatory, and institutional environment for developing high value-added and competitive MSMEs, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8	8.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
22. Development of micro, small and medium-sized	i. Registration of unregistered MSMEs	JBDC
	ii. Develop Micro, Small and Medium-sized Enterprise	BSJ, COJ, EXIM, JBDC
	iii. Manage and implement the reviewed MSME & Entrepreneurship Policy	MIIC
	iv. Establish a regulatory framework for greater participation of MSMEs in the Government of Jamaica's (GOJ) procurement process	MIIC

Sector Strategy: Maintain strong national capacity for evidence-based decision making by MSME's and informal sector / a coordinated quality data and information system for MSME's and the informal sector (*incl. relevance, accessibility, timeliness, completeness, validity and reliability, serviceability, comparability*)

Development Area: Micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (MSMEs) development

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) strong national capacity for evidence-based decision making by MSME's and informal sector / a coordinated quality data and information system for MSME's and the informal sector, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
23. Data and information systems for MSMEs and informal sector	i. Establish a database with relevant statistical data on MSMEs	MIIC

Sector Strategy: Maintain a comprehensive and sustainable enabling framework for adequate and inclusive access to credit/financing facilities for MSMEs

Development Area: Micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (MSMEs) development

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) a comprehensive and sustainable enabling framework for adequate and inclusive access to credit/financing facilities for MSMEs, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.3, 9.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
24. Access to Credit/Financing Facilities for MSMEs and informal sector	i. Implement DBJ MSME ecosystem development initiatives	DBJ
	ii. Develop and implement Access to Finance for MSMEs Project	DBJ
	iii. Develop and implement Credit Enhancement Programme	DBJ
	iv. Develop and implement initiatives for boosting innovation, growth and entrepreneurship ecosystems	DBJ

Sector Strategy: Maintain an enabling environment for entrepreneurship

Development Area: Micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (MSMEs) development

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for entrepreneurship, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
4, 8	8.3, 4.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
25. Entrepreneurship Development	i. Develop and implement entrepreneurship facilitation and development services to rural communities through Mobile Business Clinic 'office'	MIIC
	ii. Foster the development of a Social Enterprise Business model in Jamaica	MIIC
	iii. Foster the development of entrepreneurship through public sensitization and marketing campaign in schools and the wider society	MIIC

Sector Strategy: Maintain an enabling environment for training and capacity development for MSMEs

Development Area: Micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (MSMEs) development

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for training and capacity development for MSMEs, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
26. Develop and implement capacity building programmes for the MSME sector	i. Develop and implement Small Business Development Centre (SBDC) project	JBDC
	ii. Establish new industry specific incubators	MIIC
	iii. Utilize Things Jamaica store & e-commerce platforms to access international markets and drive sales	JBDC
	iv. Develop and implement Enterprise Development for Export growth programme: 3-year programme	JAMPRO, JBDC, JMEA Other sponsors



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #9 **“Strong Economic Infrastructure”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting your development programmes.

The planned results, strategies, and development programming for “Strong Economic Infrastructure” are aligned with SDGs 3, 6, 8, 9, 11, 14 and 17(Figure 9A).

Figure 9A: Alignment of National Outcome 9 “Strong Economic Infrastructure” with the SDGs

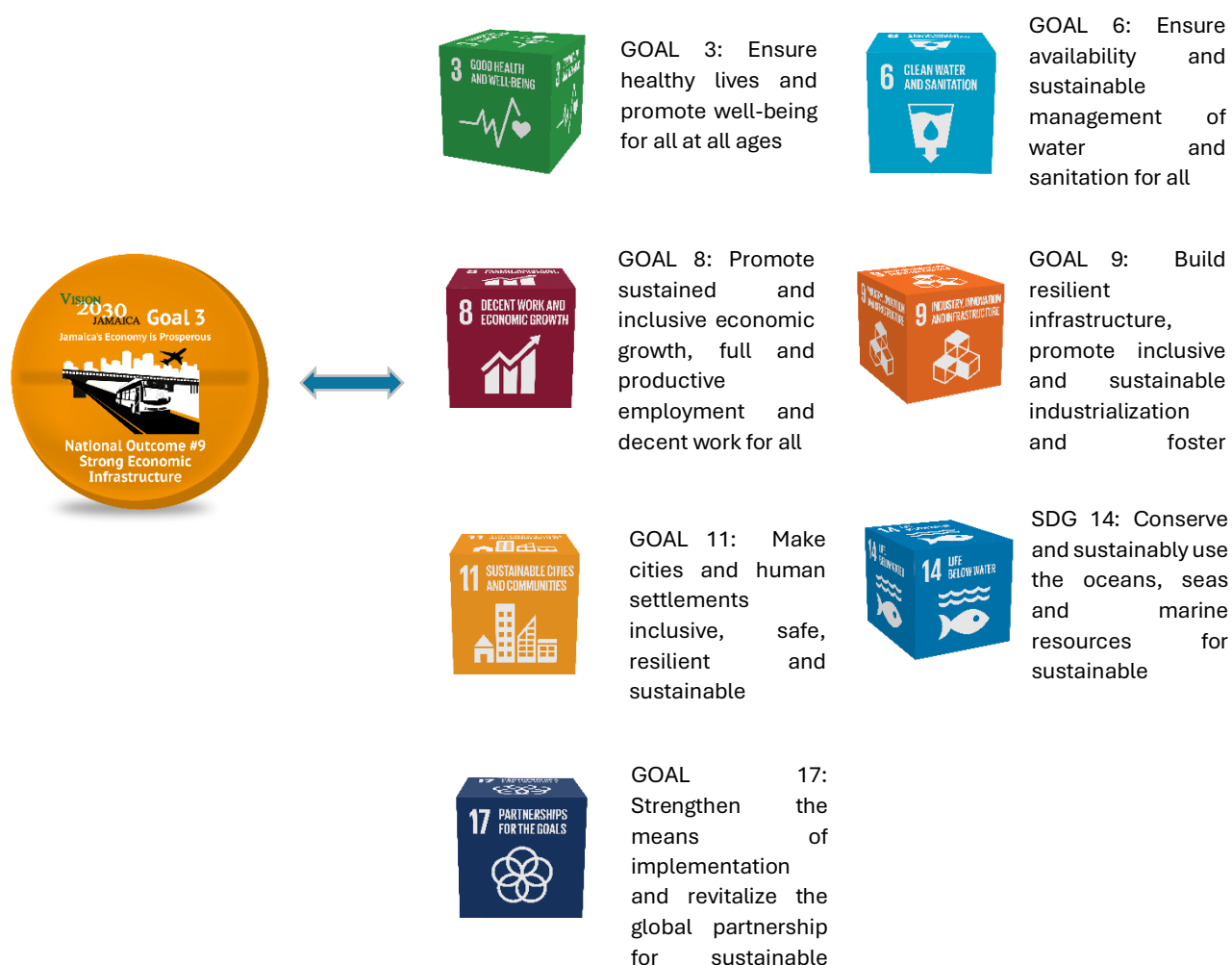


Table 9A presents medium-term targets for “Strong Economic Infrastructure” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 9A). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 9A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 9 – “Strong Economic Infrastructure”												
National Outcome #9: Strong Economic Infrastructure		Baseline	Targets									
	Unit	2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Infrastructure Index ¹⁴	Index	3.5	3.69	3.84	4.0	60 ¹⁵	60	-	-	-	-	68

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Table 9B shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance “Strong Economic Infrastructure” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

¹⁴ The Infrastructure Index has been a part of the National Outcome Indicator Framework since the launch of Vision 2030 Jamaica in 2007. Targets were set through to 2024 and included in MTF 2024-2027. However, reporting on the indicator concluded with the discontinuation of the Global Competitiveness Report and the Global Competitiveness Index (GCI) in 2023. The Report has since been replaced by the Global Risks Report and the Future of Growth Report.

¹⁵ The scoring methodology was revised from a 1–7 scale to a 0–100 progress score in 2018.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 9B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Strong Economic Infrastructure”

National Strategy 9-1: Expand and rationalize land transport infrastructure and services	National Strategy Outcome: Strong land transport infrastructure and services
National Strategy Objective: To expand and rationalize land transport infrastructure and services	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An effective regulatory and institutional framework for a strong transport sector - Road authorities have strong institutional capacity and capabilities to develop and maintain the road network - An enabling regulatory and institutional framework for the provision of a modern road network and highway infrastructure - Strong regulatory and institutional framework for the provision of safe and secure roads for all users - An enabling environment for a modern rail service 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an effective regulatory and institutional framework for establishing a strong transport sector	
Development Area: Land transport infrastructure and services	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an effective regulatory and institutional framework for a strong transport sector, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9	9.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Regulatory and institutional framework for transport sector	i. Implement the Road Traffic Act—Establish the Island Traffic Authority (ITA) as a Statutory Body	MSETT, ITA

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong institutional capacity and capabilities of road authorities to develop and maintain the road network

Development Area: Land transport infrastructure and services	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong institutional capacity and capabilities of road authorities to develop and maintain the road network, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
9	9.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Institutional capacity and capabilities to develop and maintain the road network	i. Improve the inter-institutional arrangements for construction, maintenance, and management of main parochial and farm road networks	MLGCD, MEGJC, NWA, NROCC

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling regulatory and institutional framework for the provision of a modern road network and highway infrastructure

Development Area: Land transport infrastructure and services	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) an enabling regulatory and institutional framework for the provision of a modern road network and highway infrastructure, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
9	9.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Road Network and Highway Infrastructure	i. Complete roadwork along Williamsfield to Hodges	MEGJC, NROCC
	ii. Implement the Southern Coastal Highway Improvement Project (SCHIP)	MEGJC, NWA, MLGCD
	iii. Undertake development of lands adjacent to the North-South Link of Highway 2000	MEGJC, MLGCD, OPM
	iv. Implement Montego Bay Perimeter Road Project	MEGJC, MLGCD
	v. Develop/advance North Coast Highway PPP	MEGJC, NROCC
	vi. Develop/advance St Ann Bypass	MEGJC, NROCC
	vii. Shared Prosperity through Accelerated Improvement to our Road Network (SPARK) Project	MEGJC, MLGCD, NWA
	viii. SPECIAL CAPEX Programme	MEGJC, NWA
	ix. Develop/advance Braeton Road and Hellshire Main Road Naggo Head to East Mid Street	MEGJC, NWA
	x. Develop/advance Arthur Wint Drive - Tom Red Cam Drive - Camp Road	MEGJC, NWA
	xi. Develop/advance East Kings House Road and Lady Musgrave Road (Barbican Road to Hope Road to Trafalgar Road)	MEGJC, NWA
	xii. Develop/advance New Portmore Access from Mandela Entry into Portmore (Phase 1)	MEGJC, NWA
	xiii. Develop/advance Sandy Gully Bridge on Washington Boulevard (north side), Dualization Pembroke Hall to Ken Hill Drive	MEGJC, NWA

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a strong regulatory and institutional framework for the provision of safe and secure roads for all users

Development Area: Land transport infrastructure and services	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong regulatory and institutional framework for the provision of safe and secure roads for all users, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
3, 11	3.6, 11.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Road Safety	i. Complete the revision of the National Road Safety Policy	MSETT
	ii. Develop vehicle safety standards to promote the concept of crash-worthy vehicles operating on the road network	MSETT; ITA
	iii. Implement Road Safety Programme	MSETT; ITA

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a modern rail service

Development Area: Land transport infrastructure and services	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for the delivery of a modern rail service, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
9, 11	9.1, 11.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Modernization of Rail Services	i. Implement phased rehabilitation of rail services	MSETT; JRC

National Strategy 9-2: Develop a modernized public transport system	National Strategy Outcome: Modern Public Transport System
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain a modern public transport system, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling regulatory and institutional environment for the provision of a modern transportation system 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a modern transportation system	
Development Area: Transport system	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling regulatory and institutional environment for a modern transportation system, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9	9.1, 9.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Modernization of Public Transport System	i. Complete the revision of the National Transport Policy	MSETT
	ii. Ensure proper infrastructure and supporting facilities and equipment for the public transport system, especially in rural areas and other urban centres (outside of the KMTR)	MSETT; TA; MCs

National Strategy 9-3: Expand the domestic and international air transport infrastructure and services	National Strategy Outcome: Expansive domestic and international air transport infrastructure and services
National Strategy Objective: To create an expansive domestic and international air transport infrastructure and services, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for effective airport development and operation 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain effective airport development and operation	
Development Area: Air transport infrastructure and services	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for effective airport development and operation, including strategic alliances, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9, 11	9.1, 11.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
7. Airport development and operation	i. Develop and promote a strategic model for the IFIA, Vernamfield and Lionel Densham aerodromes and existing aerodromes	MSETT; AAJ; JCAA
	ii. Undertake activities of the Capital Development Programme – Norman Manley International Airport (NMIA)	MSETT; AAJ; JCAA
	iii. Further upgrade the Ian Fleming International Airport (IFIA) ¹⁶	MSETT; AAJ; JCAA

National Strategy 9-4: Expand and diversify maritime infrastructure and services	National Strategy Outcome: Expansive and diversified maritime infrastructure and services
National Strategy Objective: To create an expansive and diversified maritime infrastructure and services, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for strong maritime infrastructure and services 	

¹⁶ To drive tourism and other economic development in north-eastern Jamaica.

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong maritime infrastructure and services	
Development Area: Maritime infrastructure and services	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for providing strong maritime infrastructure and services, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9, 8, 14	9.1, 8.1, 14.7

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
8. Maritime Regulatory Framework and Strategic Infrastructure Development	i. Revise Shipping Act	MSETT; MAJ
	ii. Facilitate the sustainable development of cruise shipping, including home porting	MSETT; MAJ; PAJ
	iii. Increase the capacity of cruise ship berths and facilities	MSETT; MAJ; PAJ
	iv. Establish Jamaica as an international shipping centre	MSETT; MAJ
	v. Strengthen governance and enabling environment	MSETT; MAJ

National Strategy 9-5: Develop Jamaica as a regional logistics hub with multimodal transport linkages	National Strategy Outcome: Jamaica is a regional logistics hub with multimodal transport linkages
National Strategy Objective: To establish Jamaica as a regional logistics hub with multimodal transport linkages, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A strong integrated system linking major supporting logistics centres and facilities islandwide - An enabling environment for developing SEZs for high value-added industries, optimal productivity and competitiveness, and inclusive employment generation 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong integrated/interlinked major supporting logistics centres and facilities islandwide

Development Area: Logistics and transport linkages

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To deliver and maintain (in part) a strong integrated system to develop and link major supporting logistics centres and facilities islandwide, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8, 9	8.1, 9.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
9. Logistics Capacity Development	i. Develop and implement the Public Rights of Way, Access Management and Enforcement Policy	MEGJC
	ii. Execute development projects for expansion of logistics Industry	PAJ
	iii. Execute development projects for strengthening cruise related activities	JSEZA
	iv. Review, reform and implement the legal framework for operation of a logistics-centred economy	MSETT
	v. Finalize and implement the new SEZ regime to replace free zones, including the legislative and regulatory framework	MIIC

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Optimise economic impact and contribution from SEZs

Development Area: Logistics and transport linkages

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for developing SEZs for high value-added industries, optimal productivity and competitiveness, and inclusive employment generation, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 9	8.1, 9.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
10. Special Economic Zones and Strategic Infrastructure Development	i. Implement Economic Impact Initiative	MIIC
	ii. Facilitate the diversification of products, services, and markets to drive increased exports, investments (and linkages)	JAMPRO
	iii. Expand SEZ footprint	JSEZA

National Strategy 9-6: Expand the broadband network island-wide	National Strategy Outcome: Island wide broadband network
National Strategy Objective: To establish an island wide broadband network, by March 2030	
Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for universal access to high-capacity networks - A strong framework and mechanisms for effective public and private sector partnerships providing internet connectivity in publicly accessible spaces 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain universal access to high-capacity networks	
Development Area: Broadband Network Expansion	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for universal access to high-capacity networks, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9, 17	9.c, 17.8, 17.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
11. Regulatory and planning frameworks for broadband access	i. Develop a Broadband Policy	OPM
	ii. Develop a Spectrum Management Policy	MSETT

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain public and private sector partnerships to establish internet connectivity in publicly accessible spaces

Development Area: Broadband Network Expansion	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong framework and mechanisms for effective public and private sector partnerships providing internet connectivity in publicly accessible spaces, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9, 17	9.c, 17.8

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
12. Internet connectivity in publicly accessible spaces – public and private sector partnerships	i. Reference National Outcome #12, “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – ICT”, Sector Strategy “Maintain universal and inclusive access to ICT”	

National Strategy 9-7: Ensure adequate and safe water supply and sanitation services	National Strategy Outcome: Adequate and safe water supply and sanitation services for all
National Strategy Objective: To sustainably and inclusively provide adequate and safe water supply and sanitation services for all, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fit-for-purpose infrastructural framework and mechanism providing strong infrastructure for the inclusive, efficient, and sustainable supply of water for all - Fit-for-purpose infrastructural framework and mechanism providing strong sewage treatment and disposal infrastructure 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong infrastructure for inclusive, efficient, and sustainable water supply for all	
Development Area: Water and Sanitation	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) Fit-for-purpose infrastructural framework and mechanism providing strong infrastructure for the inclusive, efficient, and sustainable supply of water for all, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
6	6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
13. Safe Water Supply and Sanitation Services	i. Implement the KMA Water Supply Improvement Project	NWC
	ii. Implement a comprehensive rural water supply upgrading and repairs programme (Cross reference: National Outcome #12 Agriculture, Action 20)	RSWL
	iii. Implement the Rural Water Supply Programme – water supply projects in selected rural communities	RSWL
	iv. Construct a new 15 mgd water treatment plant for KMA under a public private partnership arrangement	NWC

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong infrastructure for sewerage treatment and disposal	
Development Area: Water and Sanitation	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a fit-for-purpose infrastructural framework and mechanism providing strong sewage treatment and disposal infrastructure, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
6	6.2, 6.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
14. Infrastructure for sewerage treatment and disposal	i. Expand Sewerage System	NWC
	ii. Undertake expansion of the Soapberry Treatment Plant	CWTC
	iii. Rehabilitate selected wastewater treatment plants	NWC



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #10 **“Energy Security and Efficiency”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

The planned strategies and development programming for “Energy Security and Efficiency” are aligned with SDG 7 (Figure 10A).

Figure 10A. Alignment of National Outcome 10 “Energy Security and Efficiency” with the SDGs



Table 10A presents medium-term targets for “Energy Security and Efficiency” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 10A). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 10A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome #10 – “Energy Security and Efficiency”

National Outcome #10: Energy Security and Efficiency	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Energy Intensity Index	BTU per US\$ GDP	14 587	12 422	9 359	6 000	6 000	6 000	<6 000	≤6 000	≤6 000	≤6 000	4 422
Percentage of Renewables in the Energy Mix	Per Cent	5	11	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	15.2	16.3	17.4	20.0	20
Percentage of renewables in electricity generation	Per Cent	5.2	-	-	15	-	15	15	16.8	19.1	50.0	30

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Table 10B shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25

– FY 2026/27 to advance “Energy Security and Efficiency” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 10B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Energy Security and Efficiency”

National Strategy 10-1: Diversify the Energy Supply	National Strategy Outcome: Diversified Energy Supply
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain a diversified energy supply, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling policy and regulatory environment for energy sector development - An enabling environment for accelerated comprehensive oil and gas exploration - An enabling environment for energy diversification based on cost, efficiency, environmental considerations, and appropriate technologies 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain optimal development of the energy sector	
Development Area: Energy sector development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling policy and regulatory environment for the development of the energy sector, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
7	7.1, 7.2, 7.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Energy Policy Administration	i. Attract and advance investments in the energy sector <i>(for greater levels of security and efficiency based on diversification and greater reliance on renewables)</i>	MSETT
	ii. Develop and implement the National Energy Policy to include 5 sub-policies: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Renewable Energy Policy - Policy on Electricity - Policy on Carbon Trading - Energy Conservation and Efficiency Policy - Biofuels Policy 	MSETT
	iii. Develop and implement Energy from Waste Policy	MSETT
	iv. Develop and implement an Electric Vehicle Policy	MSETT
	v. Develop and implement strategic framework for electromobility (Electric Vehicles)	MSETT
	vi. Develop and implement 2nd Integrated Resource Plan (IRP)	MSETT
	vii. Develop and implement Regulations for Power Wheeling ¹⁷	MSETT
	viii. Develop and implement Petroleum (Downstream Activities) Bill ¹⁸	MSETT
	ix. Reform/Update the Electricity legislative framework	MSETT

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Accelerate comprehensive oil and gas exploration	
Development Area: Oil and Gas exploration	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for accelerated comprehensive oil and gas exploration, including the application of fit-for-purpose methods, technology and institutional processes, by March 2027

¹⁷ To prepare framework regulations governing the development and connection of self-generators that provide electricity to one or more locations.

¹⁸ Comprehensive framework for governing the activities of the Petroleum Sector.

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
7	7.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Oil and Gas Exploration Programme	i. Expand oil and gas exploration using 3D Seismic exploration techniques	MSETT/MLGRD

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a diversified energy sector based on cost, efficiency, environmental considerations, and appropriate technologies

Development Area: Energy Supply Mix Diversification	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for energy diversification through the application of an effective energy diversification strategy based on cost, efficiency, environmental considerations, and appropriate technologies, <i>with a focus in the medium-term on implementing the electricity sector's medium-to long-term plans in a timely manner and scheduling the next tranche of power generation mix to meet Jamaica's electricity needs, by March 2027</i>
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
7	7.1, 7.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Energy Supply Mix Diversification	i. Diversify the energy supply mix	MSETT

National Strategy 10-2: Promote Energy Efficiency and Conservation	National Strategy Outcome: Energy Efficiency and Conservation
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain relevant frameworks for energy efficiency and conservation, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for mainstreaming energy efficiency and conservation in market behaviour - Fit-for-purpose framework for efficient, safe and secure supply of electricity 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Mainstream energy efficiency and conservation in market behaviour	
Development Area: Energy Efficiency and Conservation	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for mainstreaming energy efficiency and conservation in market behaviour by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
7	7.3, 7.b

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Energy Management	i. Rationalize energy consumption within the public sector	MSETT
	ii. Execute and apply findings from Energy End Use Surveys ¹⁹	MSETT
	iii. Implement Urban Traffic Management System ²⁰	MSETT; MEGJC; NWA

¹⁹ To investigate the changes in electricity load patterns and end use consumption allocations to support load forecasts for energy sector/supply planning

²⁰ To save travel time and reduce fuel consumption with a Central Control Intelligent Traffic System.

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an efficient, safe and secure supply of electricity (*generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity*)

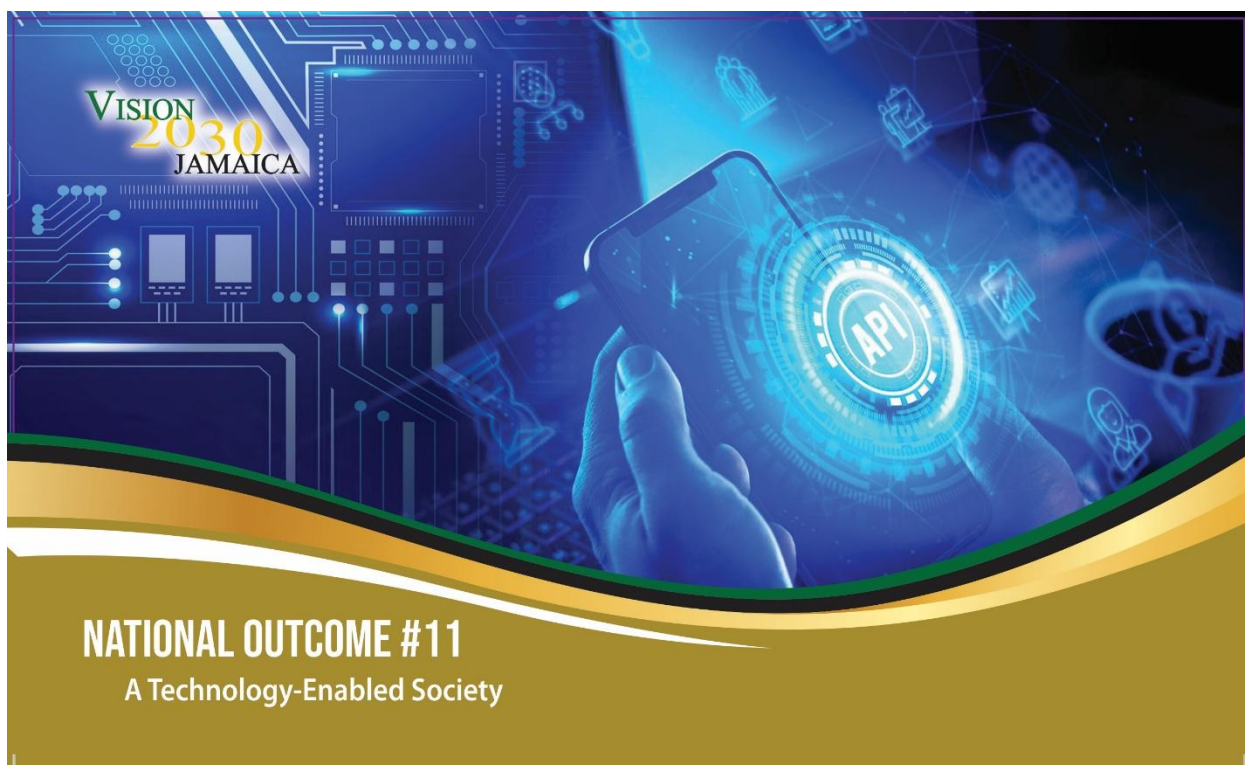
Development Area: Electricity Supply

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a fit-for-purpose framework for the efficient, safe and secure supply of electricity, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
7	7.b

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Electrification Services	i. Expand and improve electrification services towards the provision of universal access to safe and secure electricity	MSETT, JPS and partners
	ii. Develop and implement the Rural Electrification Programme	MSETT



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #11 **“A Technology-Enabled Society”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting your development programmes.

The planned strategies and development programming for “A Technology Enabled Society” are aligned with SDG 9(Figure 11A).

Figure 11A. Alignment of National Outcome 11 “A Technology-Enabled Society” with the SDGs

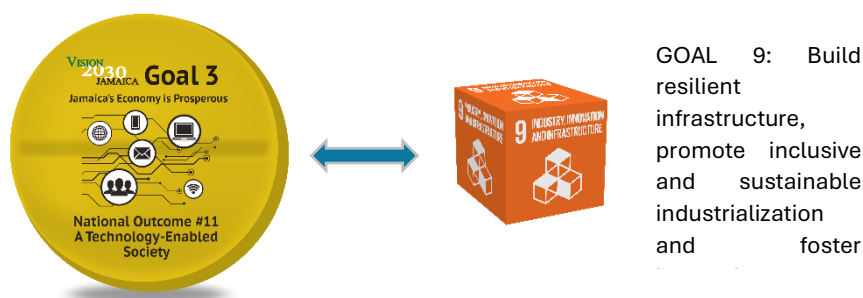


Table 11A presents medium-term targets for “A Technology-Enabled Society” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 11A). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 11A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome #11 – A Technology Enabled Society												
National Outcome #11: A Technology Enabled Society	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Number of scientific publications	Per million population	48	≥55	≥62	≥66	≥66	≥90	≥101.3	≥ 105	≥ 105	≥ 105	≥ 105
Resident Patent Filing	Per million population	2.2	≥12	≥18	≥18	≥66	≥35	2.3	3.0	3.8	6.1	≥53
Global Innovation Index Rank	Index	52	-	-	56	56	≤50	≤70	≤70	≤70	≤70	-

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 11B shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance “A Technology-Enabled Society” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 11B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “A Technology-Enabled Society”

National Strategy 11-1: Integrate Science and Technology in all areas of development	National Strategy Outcome: Science and Technology integrated in all areas of development
National Strategy Objective: To integrate science and technology in all areas of development	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Culture of using science and technology in development thought and practice - Strong national capacity for effective science and technology education - An enabling environment for strong synergies between the marketplace and research in tertiary institutions to advance ST&I methods, tools, products and services - An enabling environment for commercialising research and innovation and leveraging it in national development 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a culture of using science, technology and innovation in development thought and practice	
Development Area: Science, Technology and Innovation (ST&I)	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To create and institutionalise (in part) within an enabling environment for the development and application of ST&I, a culture of using science and technology in development thought and practice, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9	9.b

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Programme—Science, Technology and Innovation (ST&I) Development	1.a. Sub-programme—Science Policy and Regulatory Framework	
	i. Develop and implement the National ST&I Policy to 2030	MSETT/ NCST
	ii. Conduct a full resource audit and gap analysis of the ST&I landscape and apply findings in policy and planning	MSETT/ NCST

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong national capacity for effective science and technology education

Development Area: Science, Technology and Innovation (STI&I)	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To build/ develop and maintain (in part) strong national capacity for effective science and technology education, including student application and knowledge transfer, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9	9.5, 9.c

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Planning, Innovation and Popularisation	i. Improve awareness and capacity in Science, Technology, Engineering and Math (STEM) in educational institutions	SRC

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong synergies between the marketplace and research in tertiary institutions to advance ST&I methods, tools, products and services

Development Area: Science, Technology and Innovation (STI&I)

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for strong synergies between the marketplace and research in tertiary institutions to advance ST&I methods, tools, products and services, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
9	9.b, 9.c, 9.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Linkages and Knowledge Transfer	i. Establish institutional frameworks for building knowledge-based partnerships and promoting collaboration on ST&I between tertiary institutions and market leaders/private sector	DBJ

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Commercialise research and innovation

Development Area: Science, Technology and Innovation (STI&I)

Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for commercialising research and innovation and leveraging it in national development, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
9	9.5, 9.b, 9.c

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Commercialization of research and innovation	i. Develop and implement a structured programme or mechanism for commercializing innovations	SRC, DBJ (MEGJC)
	ii. Develop a framework for the coordination and standardization of the National Nutraceutical Industry (NNI) in Jamaica	MOHW with support from NCST

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Product Research and Development	i. Support MSMEs in capacity building, product development and accrediting analytical services ²¹	SRC

National Strategy 11-2: Establish a Dynamic and Responsive National Innovation System	National Strategy Outcome: A Dynamic and Responsive National Innovation System
National Strategy Objective: To establish a dynamic and responsive National Innovation System	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for a dynamic and responsive National Innovation System (NIS) 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for a dynamic and responsive National Innovation System	
Development Area: National Innovation System (NIS)	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for the establishment and operations of a National Innovation System (NIS) and institutionalising within the NIS a culture of dynamism and responsiveness, by March 2027

²¹ Increased compliance of MSMEs to food safety, health and environmental regulatory standards

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9	9.b

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Planning, Innovation and Popularisation	i. Conduct a comprehensive review of legislation and regulations governing all agencies within the innovation system	MSETT, NCST, SRC, DBJ
	ii. Establish an ST&I database and information sharing mechanisms for decision making processes (UNESCO-GoSPIN)	NCST, MSETT SRC
	iii. Stimulate and encourage innovation among Jamaican Youth	NCST, SRC
	iv. Rationalize GOJ Laboratories	NCST



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #12 **“Internationally Competitive Industry Structures”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

The planned strategies and development programming for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures” are aligned with SDGs 8, 10, 12 and 17 (Figure 12A).

Figure 12A: Alignment of National Outcome 12 “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures” with the SDGs



Table 12A presents medium-term targets for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 12A). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 12A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 12 – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures”

National Outcome #12: Internationally Competitive Industry Structures	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Percentage share of GDP based on PPPs	Per cent	0.028	0.035	0.026	0.027	0.031	0.031	0.020	0.020	0.021	0.021	0.032
Travel and Tourism Development Index ²²	Rank	48	≤54	≤48	-	58	58	84	84	84	84	≤35

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at

<https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



²² The Travel & Tourism Development Index (TTDI), introduced by the World Economic Forum in 2021, replaced the Travel & Tourism Competitiveness Index (TTCI). The TTDI expands the framework to emphasize sustainability, resilience, and inclusive growth in tourism development

Tables 12B show the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 12H. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures”

National Strategy 12-1: Develop company sophistication and productivity	National Strategy Outcome: Sophisticated and productive companies
National Strategy Objective: To advance internationally competitive industry structures through developing company sophistication and productivity	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Strong National Quality Infrastructure - Enabling environment for optimising export capacity of local manufacturers and exporters 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain high-quality standards for globally competitive products and services	
Development Area: Company sophistication and productivity	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong National Quality Infrastructure, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8	8.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Quality Assurance	i. Implement the National Quality Policy	MIIC, BSJ
	ii. Develop and implement the Standards Accreditation and Certification programme	JANAAC, BSJ, NCBJ

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	iii. Build the capacities of testing laboratories of agencies involved in the export of agricultural and agro-processed products to the EU markets	To be stated
	iv. Strengthen the Quality Compliance Programme	NCRA, BSJ

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Optimize export capacity

Development Area: Trade and Export	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) optimal capacity in commerce and trade (export) within an enabling environment, including advocacy and investment promotion, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8, 17	8.1, 17.11

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Trade Promotion and Development	i. Strengthen the export capabilities of small and medium sized enterprises to enter the global business arena	MIIC
	ii. Implement investment strategies designed to create awareness of Jamaican products and services among potential local, regional and foreign investors and to increase foreign direct investment in the Jamaican economy, and services for export	MIIC
	iii. Develop actionable initiatives to lay out to exporters in efforts to influence significant growth of the export sector	MIIC
	iv. Identify potential/ target markets for Jamaican products regionally and extra regionally	MIIC

National Strategy 12-2: Enhance the framework for competition among enterprises	National Strategy Outcome: Strong system for competition among enterprises
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain a strong framework for competition among enterprises	
Intermediate Sector Outcome: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Culture of fair trade 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a culture of fair trade	
Development Area: Fair trade	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong regulatory systems and institutional arrangements and industry norms for enabling fair trading practices, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
10	10.a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Framework for fair trade	i. Develop and promulgate the National Consumer Protection & Welfare Policy and implementation Plan ²³	MIIC, CAC
	ii. Strengthen the regulatory capacity of the MIIC and its entities - Merge the Consumer Affairs Commission and Fair-Trade Commission	MIIC, CAC

²³ The policy seeks to enhance and provide greater coordination and efficiency of consumer protection efforts

National Strategy 12-3: Promote Eco-efficiency and the Green Economy	National Strategy Outcome: An Eco-efficient and Green Economy
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain an eco-efficient and Green Economy	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An enabling environment for the promotion and growth of green jobs and industries 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for the promotion and growth of green jobs and industries	
Development Area: Sustainable Consumption and Production/Eco-efficiency and the Green Economy	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems, capacities and norms for enabling the promotion and growth of competitive green industries and jobs, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
12	12.1, 12.2, 12.5, 12.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Sustainable Consumption and Production/Eco-efficiency and the Green Economy	i. Develop a comprehensive programme and a portfolio of projects in line with the investment priorities of the Green Climate	MEGJC
	ii. Finalize and Implement the Green Economy ²⁴ Investment Strategy	MEGJC
	iii. Prepare a sustainable consumption and production strategy and action plan	MEGJC

²⁴ Towards creating an enabling environment to stimulate and generate green investments.



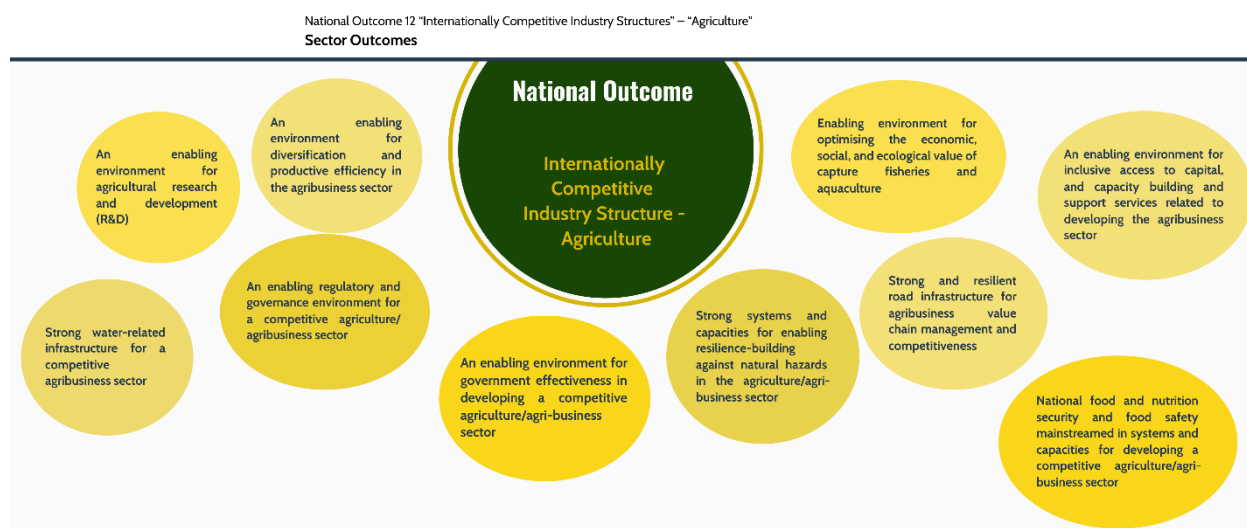
Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #12 **“Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Agriculture”** and aligned SDGs (Figure 12B).

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs Targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

Figure 12B:



The planned strategies and development programming for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Agriculture” are aligned with SDGs 2, 6, 8, 13 and 14 (Figure 12C).

Figure 12C: Alignment of National Outcome #12 “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Agriculture” with the SDGs

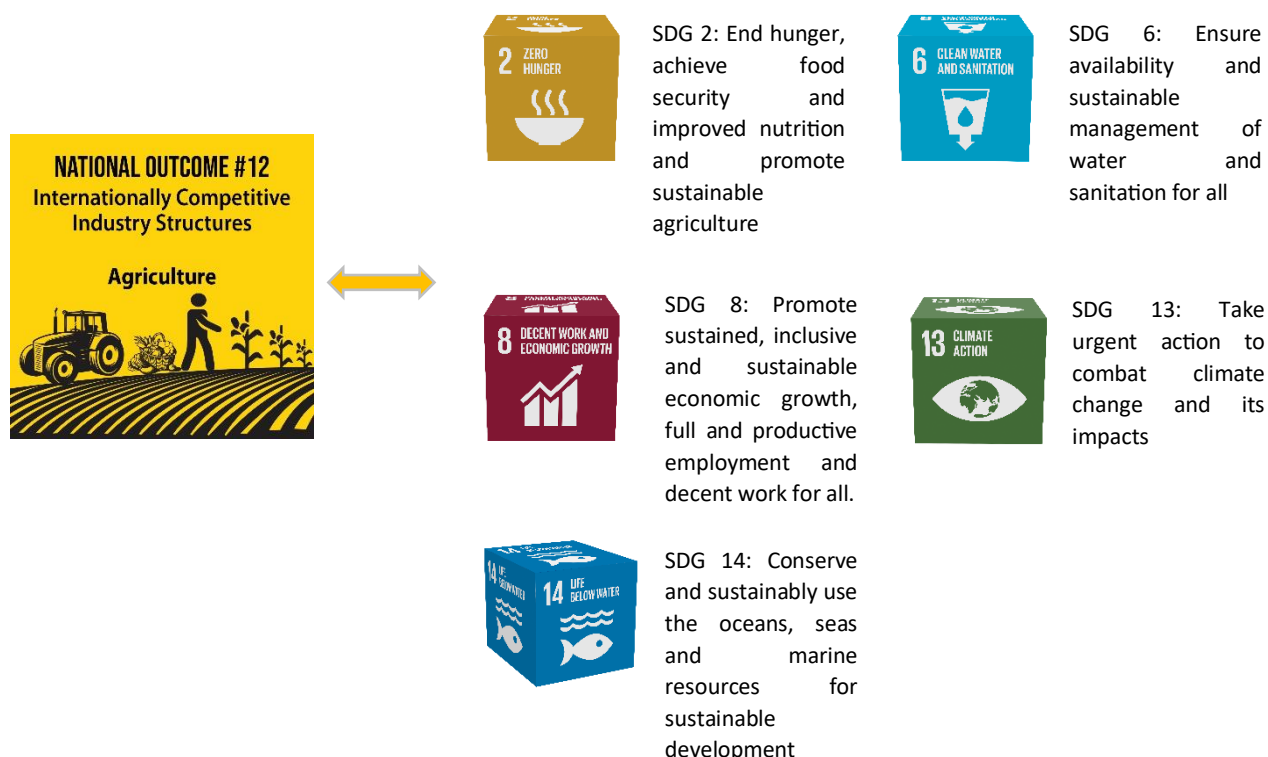


Table 12C presents medium-term targets for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Agriculture” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 12C). Partners in development

contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 12C. Table of Indicators: National Outcome #12 - “Internationally Competitive Structures – Agriculture”												
National Outcome #12: Internationally Competitive Industry Structures	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Agriculture Production Index	Index	100	124.6	132.2	135.1	138.3	138.3	158.0	158.0	158.0	168.1	176.4

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at

<https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 12D show the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Agriculture” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Table 12H. National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies, Programmes and Results – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Agriculture”

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for the creation of new technologies and improved climate resilient productivity through agricultural research and development (R&D)	
Development Area: Agricultural Research and Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong system and capacities for agricultural research and development (R&D), by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
2	2.5, 2.a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Agricultural Research and Development	i. Livestock Research - Enhance livestock (including Fisheries) research and conservation of animal genetic resources including through improved coordination and collaboration with industry stakeholders and NGOs	MOAFM, RADA, JDDDB
	ii. Soil Fertility Mapping Project	MOAFM
	iii. Soil Fertility Mapping Project	MOAFM (R&DD)
	iv. Rehabilitation of Research Centres: Phase II	MOAFM(R&DD)

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for diversification and productive efficiency in the agri-business sector (in support of food security)	
Development Area: Agri-business Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems and capacities for enabling diversification and productive efficiency in the agri-business sector, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
2, 8	2.3, 2.5, 8.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Agro-Industries Development	i. Develop and implement the Agriculture Development Plan	MOAFM/ AIC
	ii. Implement Production Incentive Programme	MOAFM, RADA
	iii. Develop Agro-Parks and Agro-Economic Zone	MOAFM/ AIC/ Jamaica 4H/ RADA
	iv. Implement the Agri-Business Cold Chain project (ABC Jamaica)	RADA/ AIC
	v. Develop Livestock industry - Establish and maintain semen bank	MOAFM/ JDDDB

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain adequate water-related infrastructure to promote competitiveness of the agri-business sector

Development Area: Irrigation Services	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong water-related infrastructure for the agri-business sector, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
2, 6	2.3, 2.4, 6.4, 6.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Irrigation Services	i. Implement Essex Valley Agricultural Development Project	MOAFM/ NIC
	ii. Implement South Plains Agricultural Development Project	MOAFM/ NIC/AIC
	iii. Deliver renewable energy infrastructure for irrigation and other farming needs	MOAFM
	iv. Implement Pedro Plains Agricultural development	MOAFM/ NIC
	v. Implement Yallahs West Agricultural development	MOAFM/ NIC/AIC
	vi. Lucky Hill Pen/Hinds Town Agricultural Development	MOAFM/ NIC/AIC

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain resilience of the agriculture/agri-business sector to natural hazards

Development Area: Agriculture Sector Resilience	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems and capacities for enabling resilience-building against natural hazards in the agriculture/agri-business sector, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
2, 13	2.4, 13.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Agriculture Sector Resilience	i. Explore and advance integrated pest management technologies	MOAFM/ PQPI/ RADA/ R&DD

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	ii. Establish new fish sanctuaries and maintain existing fish sanctuaries to achieve increased fishing stock	MOAFM/ NFA
	iii. Implement the agriculture sector components of the Strategic Pilot Programme for Climate Resilience Investment Project (IP)-Adaptation Programme and Financing Mechanism	MEGJC/ RADA

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Mainstream national food and nutrition security and food safety in the development of a competitive agriculture/agri-business sector

Development Area: National food and nutrition security and food safety

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) strong mechanisms to mainstream national food and nutrition security and food safety in systems and capacities (*incl. development strategies and key performance indicators*) for a competitive agriculture/agri-business sector, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
2	2.1, 2.2, 2.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Agricultural Health and Food Safety	i. Continue the implementation of the National Animal Identification and Traceability System (NAITS)	MOAFM
	ii. Continue the implementation of the Praedial Larceny Prevention Programme including illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing	MOAFM

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling regulatory and governance environment for a competitive agriculture/agri-business sector

Development Area: Regulatory and Governance Environment	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling regulatory and governance environment for a competitive agriculture/ agri-business sector, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
2	2.3, 2.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Policy and Regulatory Frameworks	i. Modernisation of the Agriculture policy, legal and planning framework	MOAFM

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for government effectiveness in advancing the development of a competitive agriculture/agri-business sector

Development Area: Government effectiveness in agriculture/agri-business	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems and capacities for enabling an effective government apparatus to develop a competitive agriculture/agri-business sector, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
2	2.a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
7. Effective Government	i. Continue the modernization of the Fisheries Division, Rural Agricultural Development	MOAFM

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
Services in Agriculture Sector Development	Authority (RADA), Plant Quarantine and Produce Inspection (PQ/PI) and Agriculture Land Management Division (ALMD) Research and Development Division (R&DD)	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a strong and resilient road infrastructure aligned with strategies and objectives for value chain management and competitiveness in the agri-business sector

Development Area: Farm Roads Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong and resilient road infrastructure that forms part of the value chain for promoting competitiveness of the agri-business sector, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
2	2.a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
8. Farm Roads Development	i. Implement the national farm road rehabilitation programme	MOAFM/ RADA

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for inclusive participation and equitable access to opportunities, capital and business development services in promoting entrepreneurship, innovation, and competitiveness of the agri-business sector

Development Area: Youth and Women in Agriculture	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems for enabling inclusive access to capital, capacity building and support services related to developing the agri-business sector, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
2	2.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
9. Youth and Women in Agriculture Entrepreneurship	i. Establish marketing groups with a special focus on strategies to address the needs of women and youth	RADA/ MOAFM / Jamaica 4H
	ii. Implement Rural Youth Economic Empowerment Programme (RYEEP)	Jamaica 4H
	iii. Implement Youth Development Roadmap	To be stated
	iv. Implement National School Garden Programme	Jamaica 4H clubs
	v. Provide youth with access to agricultural lands with supporting infrastructure for primary production in the fresh and value-added products markets	AIC

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an internationally competitive fisheries sub-sector	
Development Area: Fisheries Sub-Sector	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong system for enabling optimisation of the economic, social, and ecological value of capture fisheries and aquaculture, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 14	8.1, 14.2, 14.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
10. Fisheries Development	i. Improve conservation and management of fishery resources	NFA
	ii. Increase investments in aquaculture	NFA
	iii. Implement National Online Fisheries Licensing and Registration System	NFA
	iv. Develop/ Implement Production Plan for new and underutilized Fisheries	NFA/ MOAFM
	v. Implement Promoting Community- Based Climate Resilience Fisheries Project	NFA/ MOAFM
	vi. Strengthen Legislative Framework	NFA/ MOAFM
	vii. Advance Fishing beach rehabilitation	NFA/ MOAFM



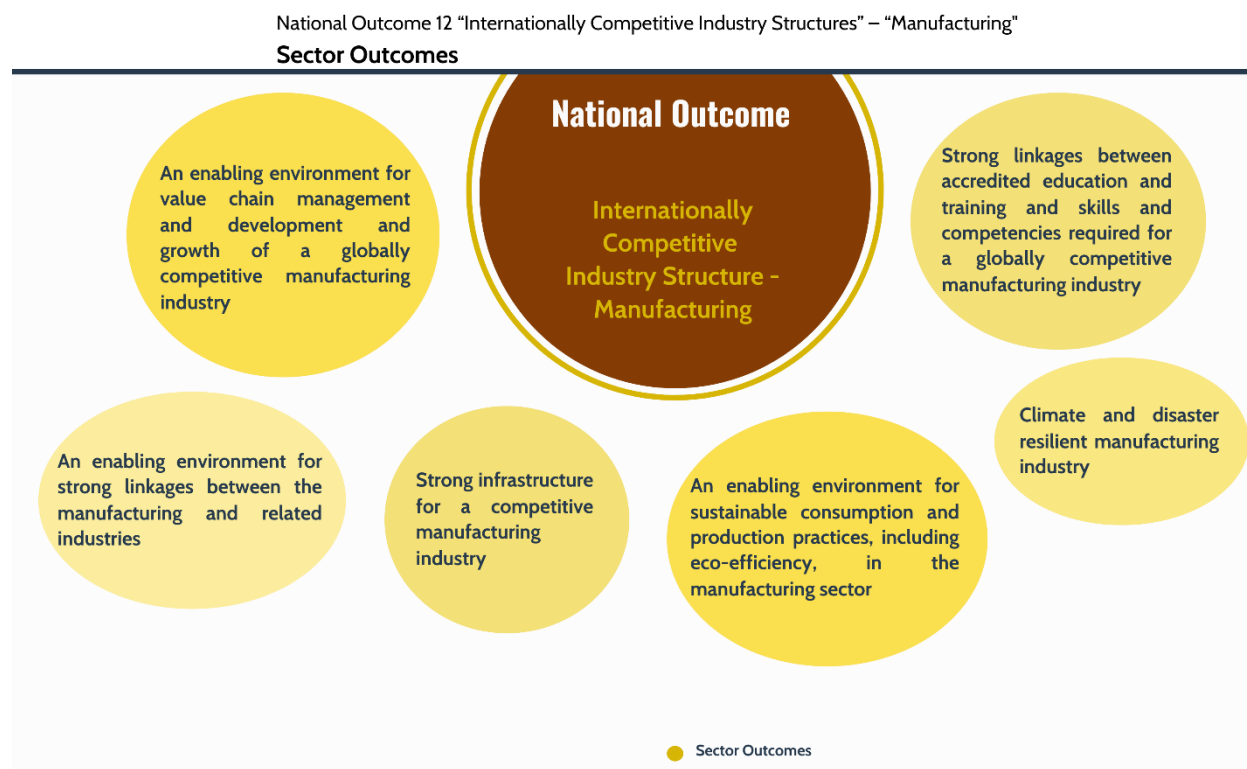
Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #12 **“Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Manufacturing”** and aligned SDGs (Figure 12D).

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs Targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

Figure 12D.



The planned strategies and development programming for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures -Manufacturing” are aligned with SDGs 8, 9 and 13 (Figure 12 E).

Figure 12E. Alignment of National Outcome #12 “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Manufacturing” with the SDGs



Table 12E presents medium-term targets for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Manufacturing” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 12E). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 12E. Table of Indicators: National Outcome #12 - “Internationally Competitive Structures: Manufacturing”												
National Outcome #12: Internationally Competitive Industry Structures		Baseline	Targets									
	Unit	2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Percentage change in export earnings from manufacturers (rolling 3-year average)	Per cent	34.55	10	13	10	10	10	≥ 14	≥ 14	≥ 14	≥ 14	≥14

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at

<https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 12F show the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Manufacturing” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Table 12H. National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies, Programmes and Results – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Manufacturing”

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling business environment which fosters and supports the establishment, growth and survival of manufacturing enterprises	
Development Area: Development and Regulation of Manufacturing Industry	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong regulatory and institutional system to enable value chain management and the development and growth of a globally competitive manufacturing industry, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 9	8.1, 9.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Regulatory Framework for Development of Competitive Manufacturing Sector	i. Implement the National Five-Year Manufacturing Strategy 2020-2025	MIIC, JMEA, JAMPRO
	ii. Provide training to manufacturers on trade agreements and the opportunities that may exist in these agreements to harness these benefits	MIIC, BSJ
	iii. Develop a national Bamboo Industry Development Plan	MIIC
	iv. Establish a Bamboo Industrial Demonstration Facility to support expansion in the value chain	MIIC, BSJ, FCJ

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong infrastructure for a competitive manufacturing industry	
Development Area: Infrastructure for Manufacturing	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong infrastructure for a competitive manufacturing industry, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9	9.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. National Manufacturing Strategy - Infrastructure for manufacturing	i. Develop modern factory space for manufacturers, including managing and promoting rentable factory space	FCJ
	a. Redevelop and expand the Garmex Freezone	
	b. Create Morant Bay Urban Centre	MIIC, FCJ
	c. Implement Boundbrook project (140 000 square metres of factory space)	MIIC, FCJ
	d. Construct Hayes Integrated Business Centre 240 000 SF	MIIC, FCJ
	e. Provide incubator for small- and medium-sized manufacturers	JBDC

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong linkages between the manufacturing and related industries for optimising demand, commerce and competitiveness across the manufacturing value chain

Development Area: Sector Interlinkages	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) systems for enabling linkages between the manufacturing and related industries and sectors, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 9	8.1, 9.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Develop trade linkages with other sectors/industries	i. Through the Tourism Linkages Council taskforces strengthen the linkages among the Tourism, Agriculture and Manufacturing industries	MOT

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain sustainable consumption and production practices, including environmental efficiency/eco-efficiency, in the manufacturing sector

Development Area: Sustainable Consumption and Production/ Innovation and Clean Technologies

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems and capacities to enable sustainable consumption and production practices, including eco-efficiency, in the manufacturing sector, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8, 9	8.4, 9.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Eco-Efficiency, Innovation and Clean Technologies	i. Promote regular environmental and energy audits for manufacturers to improve energy efficiencies and international competitiveness	JMEA, MSETT, MIIC
	ii. Promote the uptake of international standards and certifications: ISO 14000 and ISO 22000 standards	MIIC
	iii. Facilitate the procurement of innovative and cleaner technologies, equipment, and machinery through affordable financing (use of existing energy sector incentives – zero rated taxes)	MSETT, MIIC, DBJ

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain alignment/linkage of education and training with the skills and competencies required for a globally competitive manufacturing industry

Development Area: Alignment of education and training with labour force demand for the manufacturing sector

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems and capacities to deliver high quality and relevant training and accreditation in meeting manufacturing sector needs, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9	9.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Alignment of training and accreditation with manufacturing sector needs	i. Strengthen links between educational and training institutions to supply sector skills	MOESYI, HEART/NSTA Trust, JTEC
	ii. Develop and strengthen links with HEART Trust/NTA, NCTVET, to certify training programmes	JMEA, HEART Trust NSTA, MOESYI, MIIC

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Climate proof the manufacturing sector and enable the adoption of hazard mitigation and emergency management practices

Development Area: Climate Proofing and Hazard Risk and Emergency Management	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems and mechanisms for a climate and disaster resilient manufacturing industry, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
13	13.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. National Manufacturing Strategy – Climate Proofing and hazard mitigation and emergency management in	i. Develop strategies that will promote or develop climate-smart manufacturing practices and products	MIIC, MSETT, MEGJC

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
manufacturing sector		



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #12 **“Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Mining and Quarrying”** and aligned SDGs (Figure 12F).

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

Figure 12F.

National Outcome 12 “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures” – “Mining and Quarrying
Sector Outcomes



The planned strategies and development programming for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Mining and Quarrying” are aligned with SDGs 7, 8, 9, 12 and 15 (Figure 12G).

Figure 12G. Alignment of National Outcome #12 “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Mining and Quarrying” with the SDGs



Table 12G presents medium-term targets for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Mining and Quarrying” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 12G). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 12G. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 12 – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Mining and Quarrying”											
National Outcome Indicators (NOIs)	Baseline	Targets									
	2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Percentage change in export earnings from the bauxite industry	14.6	2.0-4.0	2.0-4.0	-	1	1	2.0-4.0	2.0-4.0	2.0-4.0	2.0-4.0	-

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 12H show the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Mining and Quarrying” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 12H. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Mining and Quarrying”

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling governance and institutional system for the long-term development of the minerals industry	
Development Area: Governance and management of minerals industry	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong integrated governance and institutional system for enabling the long-term development of the minerals industry, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 12	8.1, 8.2, 12.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Policy and legislative framework for development of the minerals industry	i. Develop and implement the National Minerals Policy and Action Plan ²⁵	MOAFM
	ii. Develop and implement the Industrial Minerals Policy ²⁶	MOAFM
	a) Develop and implement an enabling policy framework to diversify and expand value chain progression	
	b) Create an enabling environment (taxation/royalty model) for mineral valorisation	
	iii. Strengthen and implement the Mining Act	MOAFM

²⁵ To improve competitiveness through increases in private sector participation, especially of Jamaicans, as well as increase transparency within the minerals sector; and create the framework to attract investment in the Industrial and Metallic Mineral subsector

²⁶ To, among other things, promote transparency, accountability, and sustainability, as well as increase competition and investment.

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	iv. Create a framework to increase the manufacture of lime, hydrated lime, cement, grout, thin-set, boulders for coastal protection, and slabs (commercial marble/recrystallized limestone) for cladding, flooring, furniture, and other purposes	MOAFM

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an alignment of planning and management of the minerals sector with the land use objectives of the country

Development Area: Integration of minerals sector and land management and planning

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong system for aligning planning and management of the minerals sector with the land use objectives of the country, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
15	15.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Integration of minerals sector and land management and planning	i. Establish Zones (mapping)	MOAFM

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a culture of research and development (R&D) in the minerals industry

Development Area: Culture of research and development

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong integrated regulatory and institutional system, and capacities for creating a culture of research and development (R&D) in the minerals industry, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9	9.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Research and Development / Institutional capacity building	i. Institute the necessary mineral and resource management training at educational institutes	MOAFM
	ii. Building capacity and technical expertise in bauxite red mud mineral extraction (rare earth minerals) through a research and development programme	MOAFM
	iii. Establish a National Minerals Institute	MOAFM
	iv. Develop and implement Rehabilitation Policy, Strategy and Action Plan for post mining use of mining lands for agriculture	MOAFM

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain sustainable energy and energy efficiency in the metallic and non-metallic minerals sub-sectors

Development Area: Energy Efficiency	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong system for sustainable energy and energy efficiency in the metallic and non-metallic minerals sub-sectors, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
7	7.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Cost-efficient energy solutions	i. Coordinate conversion of energy sources at bauxite/alumina plants with national decisions on diversification of fuel supply and underlying economics in energy markets	MOAFM
	ii. Promote re-tooling of minerals operations to introduce energy-efficient equipment including variable speed motors	MOAFM
	iii. Encourage more energy-efficient methods of drilling, blasting, loading, crushing and transport	MOAFM

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong infrastructure and technology systems for competitiveness in the mining and quarrying industry

Development Area: Infrastructure and technology	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong infrastructure and technology systems for competitiveness in the mining and quarrying industry, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9	9.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Competitive-ness of infrastructure and technology	i. Review and establish internal transportation routes to enhance the competitiveness of the minerals sector	ODPEM, MLGCD
	ii. Ensure access to and development of port facilities for shipping of non-metallic minerals	ODPEM, MLGCD

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Promote effective business diversification and value chain management for a competitive mining and quarrying industry

Development Area: Industry Diversification and Value Chain Management

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain a strong system for diversification and value chain management in the mining and quarrying industry, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.1, 8.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Industry Diversification and Value Chain Management	i. Promote investments in developing value-added products	ODPEM, MLGCD
	ii. Undertake study of Geotechnical Hazards and Mitigation of Negative Impacts and apply findings to policy and planning	ODPEM, MLGCD



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #12 **“Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Construction”** and aligned SDGs (Figure 12H).

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs Targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

Figure 12H.



The planned strategies and development programming for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Construction” are aligned with SDGs 8, 11 and 16 (Figure 12I).

Figure 12I. Alignment of National Outcome #12 “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures - Construction” with the SDGs



Table 12I presents medium-term targets for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Construction” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 12I). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 12I. Table of Indicators: National Outcome #12 – “Internationally Competitive Structures: Construction”												
National Outcome #12: Internationally Competitive Industry Structures	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Percentage change in labour productivity of Construction and Installation sector	Per cent	-0.3	3	3	3	3	3	1-3	1-3	≥ 3	≥ 3	3

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 12J show the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Construction” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 12H. National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies, Programmes and Results – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Construction”

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for the development of the construction sector		
Development Area:	Construction Sector	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong policy and regulatory system and human capital for the development of the construction sector, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 11, 16	8.1, 8.3, 11.1, 16.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Development of policy and regulatory environment and human capital for construction sector	i. Revise the Construction Industry Policy	MEGJC
	ii. Maintain relevant legislative/regulatory framework for the Construction Sector	MEGJC
	iii. Establish and operationalize the Construction Advisory Steering Committee with multi-stakeholder composition	MEGJC, MLGCD
	iv. Develop and implement plans and programming for safety and security of the construction environment	MEGJC, MLGCD
	v. Strengthen the GOJ Procurement Framework (rules, regulations etc.) as it applies to the Construction Sector	MEGJC, MLGCD
	vi. Create a globally competitive workforce for the construction sector	HEART/NTA

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a strong licencing and registration system for contractors and professionals in the construction industry

Development Area: Licencing and Registration System

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To establish a strong licencing and improved registration system (in part) for contractors and professionals in the construction industry, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
16	16.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Licencing and registration system for construction industry	i. Establish regulatory framework for registration of professional enterprises in the construction industry	MEGJC, MLGCD
	ii. Establish and strengthen licencing authorities to enhance quality standards of the construction industry	MEGJC, MLGCD
	iii. Align the national licencing authorities with international/regional licencing bodies	MEGJC, MLGCD
	iv. Advocate that the CARICOM Single Market and Economy requirements for free movement of artisans are met by locally certified practitioners	MEGJC, MLGCD



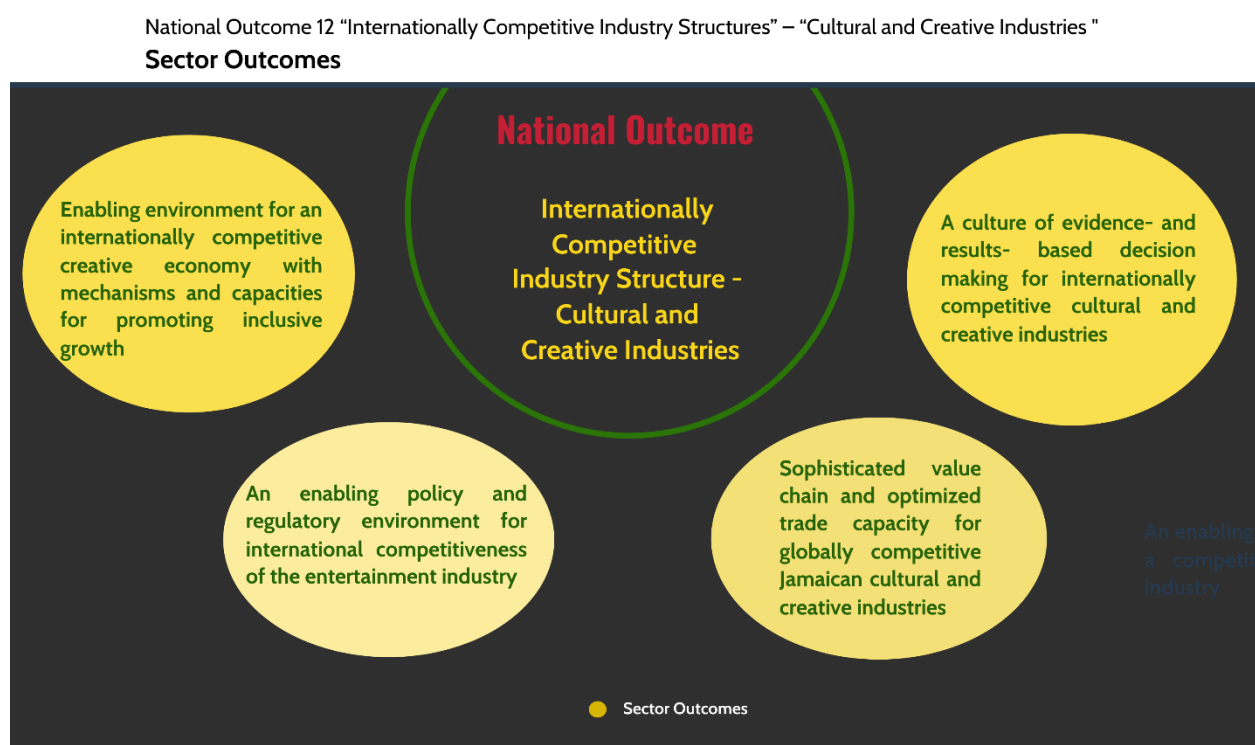
Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #12 **“Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Cultural and Creative Industries”** and aligned SDGs (Figure 12J).

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

Figure 12J.



The planned strategies and development programming for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Cultural and Creative Industries” are aligned with SDGs 8, 9, 11 and 17 (Figure 12K).

Figure 12K. Alignment of National Outcome #12 “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures - Cultural and Creative Industries” with the SDGs



Table 12K presents medium-term targets for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Cultural and Creative Industries” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 12K). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 12K. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 12 – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Cultural and Creative Industries”											
National Outcome Indicators (NOIs)	Baseline	Targets									
	2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Growth Rate of Recreational, Cultural and Sporting Activities	1.59	3	5	3	3	3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.6	5

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at

<https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 12L show the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Cultural and Creative Industries” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Table 12H. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Cultural and Creative Industries”

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an internationally competitive creative economy as a main driver of inclusive growth	
Development Area: Development of the Creative Economy / Cultural and Creative Industries	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for an internationally competitive creative economy with mechanisms and capacities for promoting inclusive growth, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8	8.1, 8.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Governance, Planning, Institutional Frameworks for Creative Economy/ Cultural and Creative Industries	i. Develop policy/regulatory framework for Culture and the Creative Economy	MCGES
	ii. Establish and operationalize the National Cultural and Creative Industries Council (NCCIC) to support development of the cultural and creative industries	MCGES
	iii. Develop and implement the National Registry of Entertainment and Creative Industry Practitioners	MCGES

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling policy and regulatory environment for international competitiveness of the entertainment industry	
Development Area: Entertainment Industry	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong policy and regulatory system, and capacities for enabling the development of an internationally competitive entertainment industry, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 11	8.1, 8.3, 11.4

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Framework for Entertainment Industry Development	i. Establish Entertainment Zones	MCGES
	ii. Develop and implement programming to streamline and promote compliance and formalization of Entertainment sector:	MCGES
	a. Entertainment Registry	MCGES
	b. Stage Business of Entertainment Symposia	MCGES

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a sophisticated value chain and high global market share for Jamaica's cultural and creative industries

Development Area: Business Development and Trade Facilitation for Cultural and Creative Industries (CCIs)

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain **(in part)** a sophisticated value chain and optimized trade capacity for Jamaica's cultural and creative industries to achieve a high global market share, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 9, 17	8.3, 8.9, 9.5, 17.19

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Business Development and Trade Facilitation for Cultural and Creative Industries (CCIs)	i. Advocate for an equitable trade system, including for free movement of entertainment practitioners	MCGES, JAMPRO, non-government partners
	ii. Support entrepreneurship in the cultural and creative industries	MCGES, non-government partners
	iii. Develop and implement programme to promote community tourism	MCGES, non-government partners
	iv. Strengthen systems for developing digital distribution and promotion of Jamaican music, video and fashion	JAMPRO and MCGES

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a culture of evidence- and results- based decision making in developing internationally competitive cultural and creative industries

Development Area: Development of the Creative Economy / Cultural and Creative Industries (CCIs)

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To advance **(in part)** the development and institutionalisation of a culture of evidence- and results-based decision making in developing internationally competitive cultural and creative industries (CCIs), by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
17	17.18

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Data, statistical and monitoring and evaluation	i. Establish a Culture and Creative Industries Satellite Account	MCGES STATIN

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
(M&E) systems for Jamaica's cultural and creative industries (CCIs)		



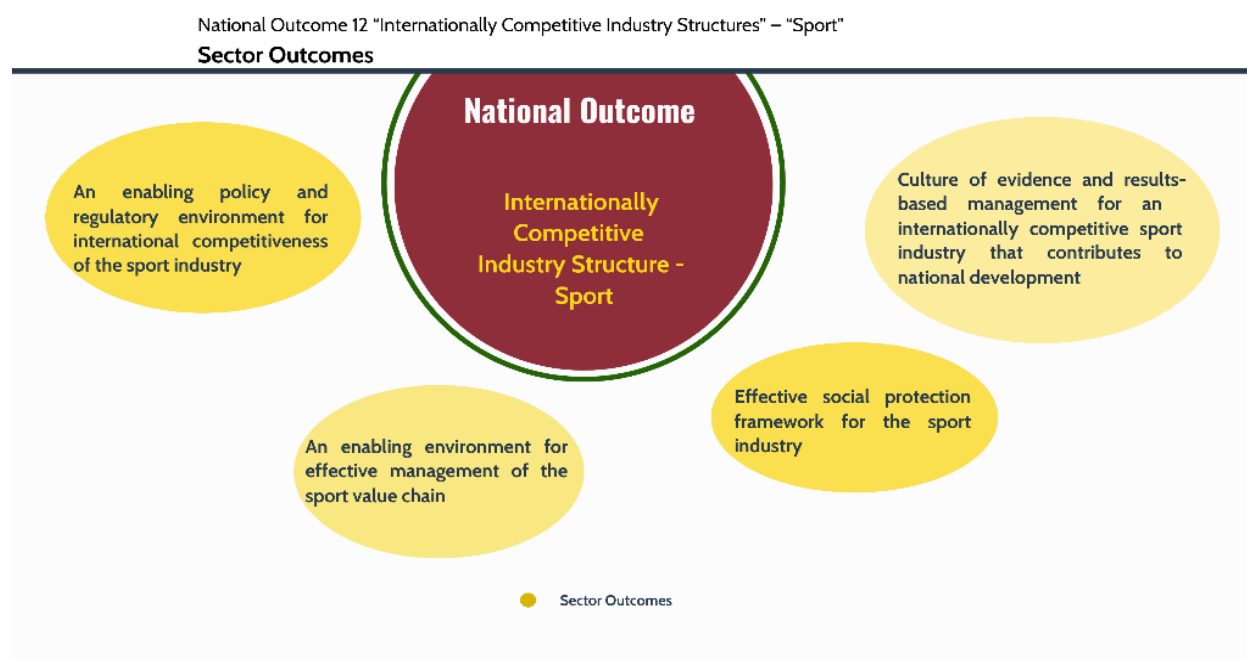
Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #12 **“Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Sport”** and aligned SDGs (Figure 12L).

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

Figure 12L.



The planned strategies and development programming for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Sport” are aligned with SDGs 3, 8 and 9 (Figure 12M).

Figure 12M. Alignment of National Outcome #12 “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Sport” with the SDGs



Table 12M presents medium-term targets for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Sport” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 12M). Partners in

development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 12M. Table of Indicators: National Outcome #12 “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures - Sport”																
National Outcome Indicators	Baseline	Actual						Targets								
	2007	2012	2015	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	2030
Note: No quantitative indicators are included for sport due to lack of data																

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 12N show the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Sport” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 12H. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures -Sport”

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling policy and regulatory environment for the development of an internationally competitive sport industry	
Development Area: Sport Industry Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong policy and regulatory system and capacities for enabling the development of an internationally competitive sport industry, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3, 8, 9	3.5, 8.3, 9.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Internationally competitive sport industry	i. Establish policy and regulatory framework for sport:	MCGES
	- Develop and implement the regulatory and planning framework	
	ii. Promote regulatory compliance with international standards/ certification for anti-doping in sport	MCGES JADCO
	- Promote compliance with the Anti-Doping in Sport conventions and legislations	MCGES, JADCO

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Develop and package sport as a national product for domestic and international trade

Development Area:

Sport Industry development

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for effective management of the sport value chain to maximise global competitiveness and earnings from domestic and international trade, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.1, 8.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Domestic and International Trade – Sport	i. Establish Strategic Partnerships to develop the international competitiveness of sport	MCGES, Sporting Association, Track Clubs and other partners
	- Establish Sport Diplomacy Programme	
	ii. Support the development of local sport product and services	MCGES, Sporting Association, Track Clubs and other partners
	iii. Package Jamaica's sport product to attract investment	MCGES, Sporting Association, Track Clubs and other partners

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an industry-relevant effective social protection framework for sport

Development Area:

Social Protection and Sport

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an effective social protection framework that inclusively addresses the income, social security, health, livelihood and wellness needs of industry players, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3, 8	3.8, 8.8

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Systems and mechanisms for promoting the health and welfare of sportsmen and sportswomen	i. Establish Social Protection Framework for Athletes:	MCGES
	- Establish Jamaica Athletes Insurance Plan	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a strong data, evidence- and results-based management culture in developing an internationally competitive sport industry that contributes to national development

Development Area: Sport Industry development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong data/statistical/information system within a culture of evidence- and results-based management for an internationally competitive sport industry that contributes to national development, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
3, 8	3.8, 8.8

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Data, statistical and information systems for the Sport Industry	i. Develop and implement National Results Framework & Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) System for Sport	MCGES



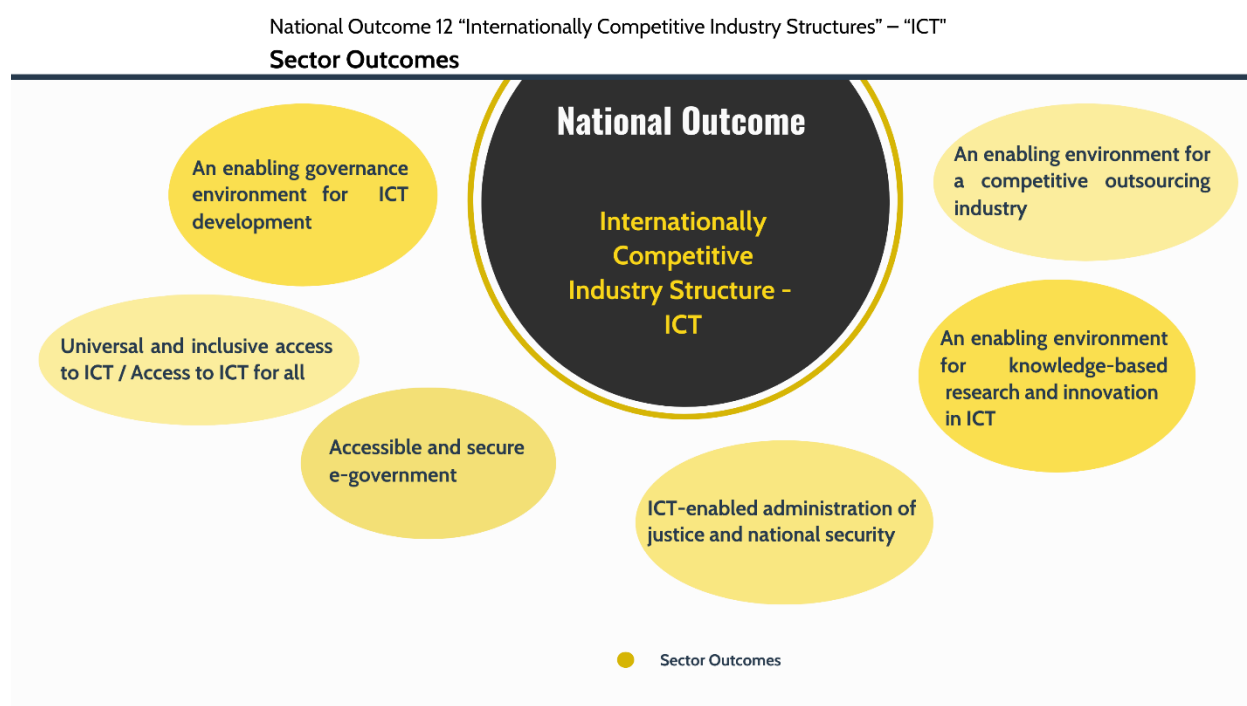
Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #12 **“Information and Communications Technology” (ICT)** and aligned SDGs (Figure 12N).

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs Targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

Figure 12N.



The planned strategies and development programming for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – ICT” are aligned with SDGs 4, 8, 9 and 16 (Figure 12O).

Figure 12O. Alignment of National Outcome #12 “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: ICT” with the SDGs

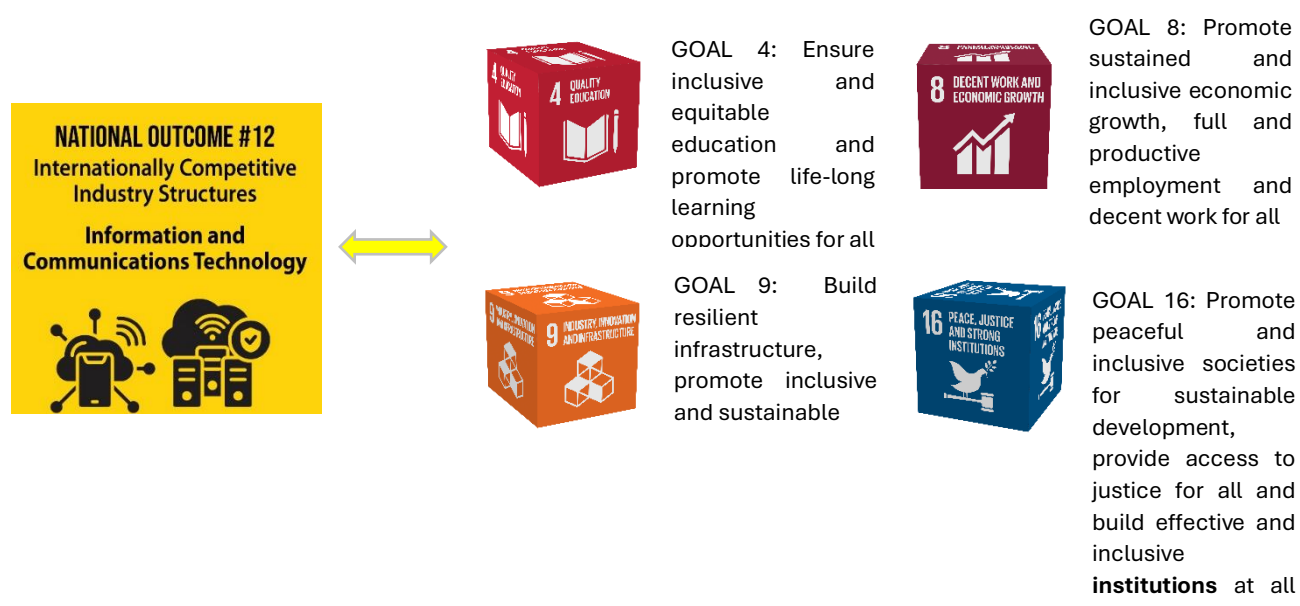


Table 12O presents medium-term targets for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Information and Communications Technology” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The

actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (see Table 12O). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 12O. Table of Indicators: National Outcome #12 - “Internationally Competitive Structures: ICT”												
National Outcome #12: Internationally Competitive Industry Structures	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
ICT Development Index	Index	60			60	60	56	74	74	74	73	-
Networked Readiness Index	Index	46	-	-	46	46	≤74	≤74	≤74	≤74	≤74	-

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at

<https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 12P show the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Information and Communications Technology” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Table 12P. National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies, Programmes and Results – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: ICT”

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an integrated modern ICT governance system	
Development Area: ICT Development, Access and Use	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further modernise (in part) the Government of Jamaica ICT governance system in developing an enabling environment for increasing investments, access and use of Information and Communications Technology (ICT) in all sectors of the economy and society, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
9	9.b, 9.c

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. ICT Development Access and Use	i. Develop Digital Government Strategy	MSETT, OPM
	ii. Implement an Open Data Policy	OPM
	iii. Develop and implement a Spectrum Management Policy	MSETT, OPM
	iv. Develop and implement Electronic Media Policy	MSETT, OPM
	v. Develop and implement an AI Policy	OPM
	vi. Develop and implement a Computer and Animation Policy	OPM
	vii. Develop and implement the National Postal Service Policy	OPM, Jamaica Post

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1B. Sub-programme: ICT Infrastructure Development	Establish the ICT Authority ²⁷	MSETT, eGov
	i. Restructure the Postal Service	OPM, Jamaica Post

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain universal and inclusive access to ICT

Development Area: Universal access to ICT	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems for enabling access to ICT by all through the propagation of ICT throughout the society and its institutions, particularly within communities, public facilities and services, such as educational institutions, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
9	9.c

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. ICT Propagation	i. Increase and/or retrofit Community Access Points (CAPS) with renewable energy	MSETT
	ii. Expand Community Access Points	MSETT, USF
	iii. Develop an intelligent Wi-Fi platform	MSETT, USF
	iv. Expand Public Wi-Fi	MSETT, USF
	v. Create the New Kingston Smart City Thoroughfare	OPM, MSETT, JPS, MCs

²⁷ To optimize government's investment in ICT, transform ICT service delivery within the GOJ; and improve the ease of doing business

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Proliferate and promote the delivery of first class easily accessible and secure e-government services

Development Area: E-Government

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) accessible and secure e-government, including upgrading the GOJ ICT infrastructure with rationalised and shared services across government, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
16	16.6, 16.10

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Data Centre & GovNet Project	i. Upgrade facilities to create/ support a GOJ Shared Service Data Centre at concurrently maintainable Standard	eGovJa
	ii. Implement a shared voice platform	eGovJa
	Design and implement the government wide area network (GovNet) ²⁸	eGovJa
	iii. Implement GOJ Closed User Group (CUG) Agreement	eGovJa
	iv. Roll-out of phases II and III of the GOJ portal (See National Outcome #6 – Effective Governance	Cabinet office
	v. Develop and implement the Jamaica Data Exchange Platform (JDXP)	To be stated

²⁸ To support the integration of the GOJ ICT infrastructure – GOJ entities are connected and are able to share data/information and other resources

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Creation of a single National Emergency Number	i. Create a single National Emergency Number	MSETT, JCF, JFB, MOHW
	ii. Establish an Emergency Communications Response Center	MSETT, JCF, JFB, MOHW

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Integrate ICT in the administration of justice and security and safety

Development Area: ICT in Justice and Law Enforcement

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong ICT infrastructure for the administration of modern justice and national security systems, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
16, 17	16.6, 17.8

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. ICT Infrastructure Development: Security of ICT Systems	i. Create awareness about cybersecurity and cybercrimes among stakeholders	OPM, MNS
	ii. Develop and implement cyber security standards and plans	OPM
	iii. Implement an early warning system which will assist in protecting Jamaica's cyber infrastructure	OPM/JaCIR
	iv. Establish National Cyber Authority	OPM
	v. Deliver phased establishment of Sectoral Security Operation Centres (SOCs) of the Jamaica Cyber Incident Response Team (JaCIRT)	OPM

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	vi. Develop legislation for Cybersecurity – Cybersecurity Act (cross reference action iv)	To be stated
	vii. Create a sustainable skills pipeline for cyber security	OPM/ MOESYI

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment to support research and innovation in ICT

Development Area: Education and training for research and innovation in ICT	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems and mechanisms for enabling the integration of ICT in education as well as skills capacity building to support research and innovation in ICT, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
4, 9	4.4, 9.5, 9.c

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. ICT Propagation	i. Implement Technology in Schools (TIS) Roll-out Project-Tablets for Teachers Programme (TTP)	eLearning Jamaica Company Limited
	ii. Implement TIS Roll-Out Project – Tablets in Schools	
	iii. Develop and implement Technology Advancement Programme (TAP) ²⁹	USF

²⁹ To increase learning opportunities to students by providing access to computers and other ICT equipment, supported by teachers trained in the effective use of such technology into the teaching/learning process.

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for a competitive outsourcing industry

Development Area:
Outsourcing industry

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) strong systems and mechanisms for enabling a competitive outsourcing industry, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.2

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
7. Outsourcing industry development	i. Develop and implement the National Strategy for Development of Jamaica's Outsourcing Industry	MEGJC
	ii. Develop and Implement the National Five-year Global Digital Services Strategy ³⁰	JAMPRO
	iii. Design and construct 750 000 square feet of BPO space	FCJ

³⁰ To expand the business process outsourcing industry



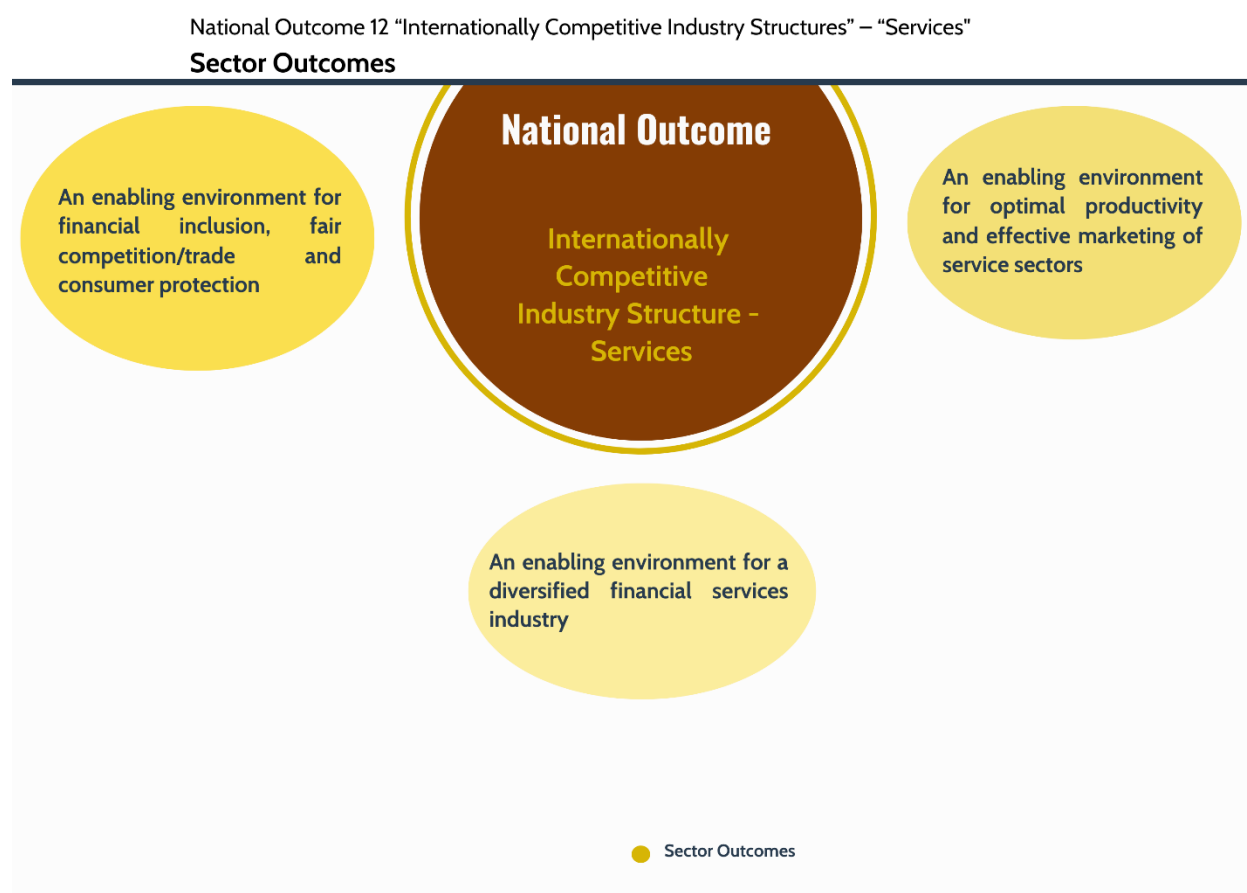
Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #12 “**Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Services**” and aligned SDGs (Figure 12P).

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs Targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

Figure 12P.



The planned strategies and development programming for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Services” are aligned with SDG 8 (Figure 12Q).

Figure 12Q. Alignment of National Outcome #12 “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Services” with the SDGs

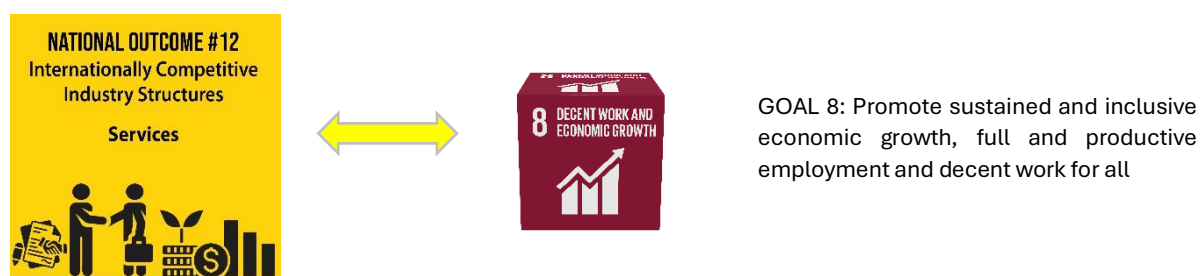


Table 12Q presents medium-term targets for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Services” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will

be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 12Q). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 12Q. Table of Indicators: National Outcome #12 – “Internationally Competitive Structures: Services”												
National Outcome #12: Internationally Competitive Industry Structures	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Growth Rate of Services (Financing and Insurance and Real Estate and Business Services)	Rate	4.15	2.25	≥2.25	≥2.25	≥2.25	≥2.25	≥2.6	≥2.7	≥ 2.9	≥ 2.9	≥4.02

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 12R shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Services” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 12R. National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies, Programmes and Results – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Services”

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an inclusive and fair financial sector, including the protection of economic actors	
Development Area: Financial Sector	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for financial inclusion, fair competition/trade and consumer protection, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8	8.10

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Financial Sector Development	i. Implement the Action Plans of the National Financial Inclusion Strategy	Member Organizations of the National Council, Steering Committee and Financial Inclusion Working Groups
	ii. Finalize and promulgate the Credit Unions (Special Provisions) Bill and related amendments to the Cooperative Societies Act	MOFPS, JDIC, BOJ, FSC
	iii. Implement a financial literacy campaign including the delivery of financial education programmes for youth in schools	MOFPS, MOESYI, BOJ
	iv. Develop the policy framework to encourage fair competition through reduction in barriers to entry to the industry, especially in commercial	MIIC, FTC

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	v. Strengthen the framework for supporting access to finance by MSMEs	MIIC
	vi. Develop and implement the data infrastructure for measuring financial inclusion indicators	BOJ

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a diversified range of financial institutions and products

Development Area: Diversification of Financial Services and Products	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong regulatory and institutional system for enabling the diversification of the range of financial institutions and products, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.1, 8.3, 8.10

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Investment Development	i. Develop regulatory framework for development and growth of International Financial Services	JIFSA, MIIC
	ii. Develop and implement the legislation related to the international financial centre and other supporting regulations	JIFSA, MIIC, CPC, Legislative Committee, MOFPS

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain optimal productivity and effective marketing of key service sectors	
Development Area: Production and marketing of key service sectors	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) relevant policy and related systems for enabling optimal productivity and effective marketing of targeted service sectors, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8	8.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Production and marketing of key service sectors	i. Develop and promulgate the National Services Policy and Implementation Plan	MIIC



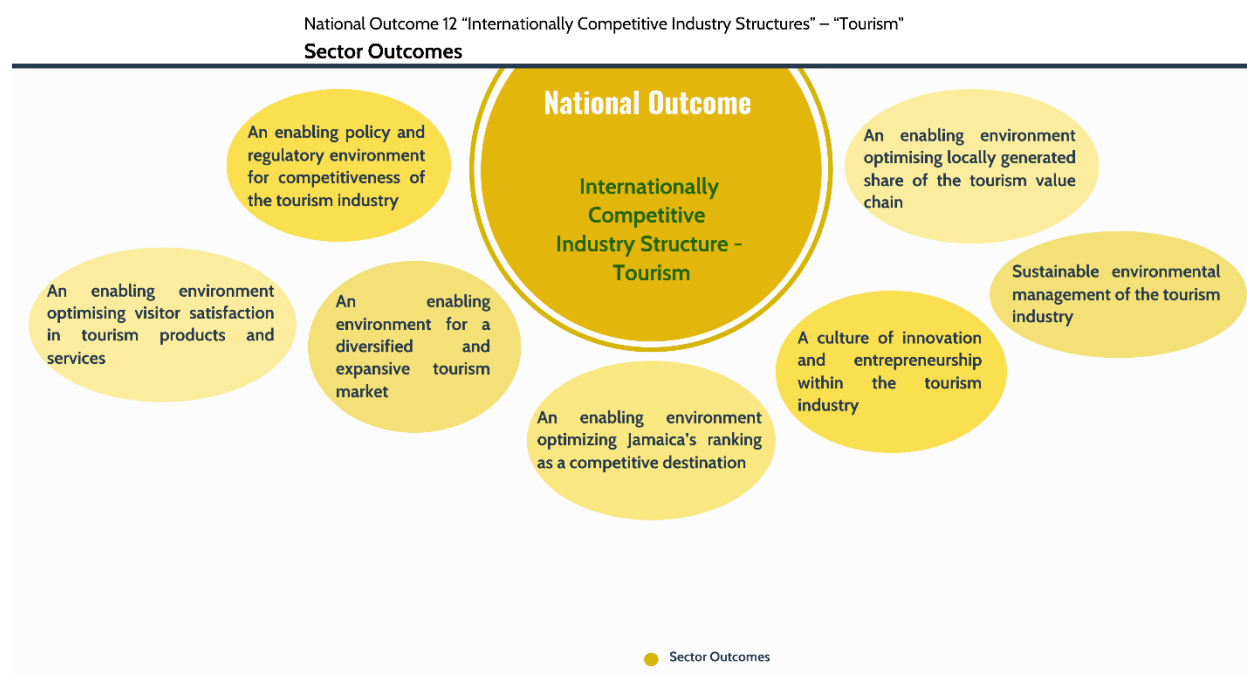
Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #12 **“Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Tourism”** and aligned SDGs (Figure 12R).

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs Targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

Figure 12R.



The planned strategies and development programming for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Tourism” are aligned with SDGs 8, 11, 12, 13 and 14 (Figure 12S).

Figure 12S. Alignment of National Outcome #12 “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures: Tourism” with the SDGs



Table 12S presents medium-term targets for “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Tourism” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 12S). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 12S. Table of Indicators: National Outcome #12 – “Internationally Competitive Structures: Tourism”												
National Outcome #12: Internationally Competitive Industry Structures	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Percentage change in foreign exchange earnings from tourism	Per cent	2.00	≥3.98	≥3.98	≥5	≥5	≥5	≥4.5	≥4.5	≥4.5	≥4.1	≥4.1
Percentage change in visitor arrivals (stopover)	Per cent	1.30	3	2.8	4.5	5	4.5	4.5	4.5	5	4.0	4.0
Percentage change in visitor arrivals (cruise)	Per cent	-11.80	2.5	4.6	5	5.5	5	5	5	5	6.0	6.0
Percentage change in the number of persons employed in the accommodations sector (JTB Publication)	Per cent	3.68	0.8	3.9	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Travel and Tourism Development Index (Report)	Rank	48	≤54	≤48	-	58	58	84	84	84	84	≤35

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at

<https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 12T show the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Tourism” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the tables.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 12T. National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies, Programmes and Results – “Internationally Competitive Industry Structures – Tourism”

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for promoting the competitiveness of the tourism industry	
Development Area: Policy Planning and Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling policy and regulatory environment for advancing a competitive thrust in the tourism industry, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 12	8.9, 12.b

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Policy and Legislative Framework Development	i. Repeal and replace Tourist Board Act ³¹	MOT
	ii. Repeal and replace Travel Agency Regulation Act ³²	MOT
	iii. Amend Acts for Bath Fountain of St. Thomas the Apostle and Milk River Hotel and Spa ³³	MOT
	iv. Develop and implement Housing Policy for Tourism Workers	MOT
	v. Develop and implement Peer-to-Peer Accommodation Policy	MOT

³¹ To modernise and strengthen enforcement provisions within the Tourist Board Act.

³² To strengthen the act through the inclusion of procedures for the application and registration of travel agencies.

³³ To facilitate the development and modernisation of the facilities through public-private partnership.

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain optimal levels of visitor satisfaction in Tourism Products and Services

Development Area: Visitor Satisfaction	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong enabling systems for optimising visitor satisfaction based on promotions and demand-driven quality tourism products and services, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
11,12	11.4, 12.b

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Visitor Satisfaction	i. Develop and implement the Destination Assurance Framework and Strategy (DAFS)	MOT, TPDCo
	ii. Enhance destination areas	MOT
	iii. Establish gastronomic experiences	MOT

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Advance tourism market expansion and diversification

/ Promote and position Jamaica as a world-class destination that offers visitors a seamless tourism experience built on our unique natural and cultural heritage assets

Development Area: Tourism Market Expansion	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems and capacities to enable the diversification and expansion of tourism market segments, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
11, 12	11.4, 12.b

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Tourism Market Segments	i. Develop new markets	MOT
	ii. Develop and implement multi-destination tourism concept	MOT
	iii. Develop and implement a heritage-based tourism strategy - Build-out cultural and heritage assets	MOT, TPDCo, JSIF, MOAFM
	iv. Develop and implement the Public Beach Upgrade programme	MOT
	v. Develop and implement the revised community-based tourism policy	MOT

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a culture of innovation and entrepreneurship within the Tourism Industry for producing/trading higher valued goods and services in the Tourism value chain

Development Area:
Innovation and Entrepreneurship in Tourism Industry

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems and capacities for institutionalising/ mainstreaming innovation and entrepreneurship in the industry culture for tourism, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
8	8.9

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Innovation and Entrepreneurial Skills within the Tourism Sector	i. Implement Tourism incubator with appropriate training programs ³⁴	MOT
	ii. Establish Tourism Entertainment Academy	MOT
	iii. Establish Gastronomy Institute	MOT

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling environment for optimizing Jamaica's ranking as a competitive destination

Development Area: International Competitiveness of Tourism Industry	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong systems and capacities for enabling strategic promotion of the international competitiveness of Jamaica's tourism industry, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8, 12	8.9, 12.b

³⁴ To support the development and commercialization of tourism-related ideas generated from the incubator

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Strategic promotion of the international competitiveness of Jamaica's tourism industry	i. Develop and implement Data Governance Framework for the MOT and agencies ³⁵	MOT
	ii. Develop and implement Sustainable Tourism Strategy and Action Plan ³⁶	MOT
	iii. Develop and implement Destination Management Plan for Negril	MOT

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain sustainable environmental management of the tourism industry that produces low environmental footprints per visitor

Development Area: Sustainable Environmental Management of the Tourism Industry	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), strong systems for results-based sustainable environmental management of the tourism industry, including mechanisms for institutionalisation and change management, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
8,13,14	8.4, 8.9, 13.1, 14.7

³⁵ To develop an Information Governance Framework to support evidence-based decision making as well as the development of policies and strategies.

³⁶ To position the tourism sector for competitive-ness, sustainability, and resilience.

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Environmentally Sustainable Tourism Industry	i. Develop and implement Disaster Risk Management (DRM) Programme for the Tourism Sector ³⁷	MOT
	ii. Establish a Framework for the Measurement of Sustainable Tourism ³⁸	MOT
	iii. To develop and implement Destination Area Risk Assessment	MOT

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Optimize the locally generated share of the tourism value chain

Development Area: Framework for deeper linkages between Tourism and other sectors/Value Chain Management	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) enabling systems and capacities to optimize the locally generated share of the tourism value chain, including linkages and business arrangements between the Tourism sector and other key sectors such as local agricultural and manufacturing sectors, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
12	12.b

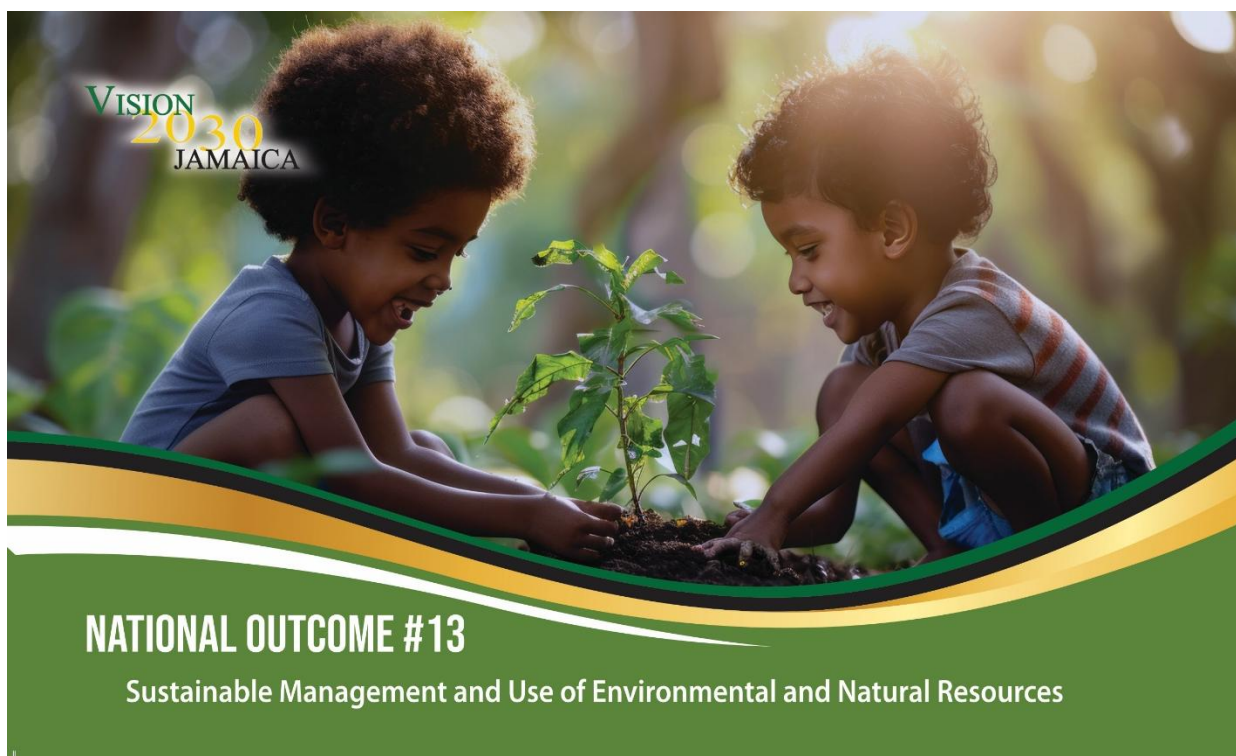
Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
7. Tourism linkages strengthening	i. Implement the Tourism Linkages Network Policy Strategy	MOT

³⁷ To mainstream Disaster Risk Management strategies into tourism sector planning, policies and programmes.

³⁸ To use statistical indicators to measure the role of sustainable tourism and assess how it impacts on policy decisions.

GOAL 4

Jamaica has a Healthy Natural Environment



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #13 **“Sustainable Management and Use of Environmental and Natural Resources”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting your development programmes.

The planned strategies and development programming for “Sustainable Management and Use of Environmental and Natural Resources” are aligned with SDGs 6, 11, 12, 14 and 15 (Figure 13A).

Figure 13A. Alignment of National Outcome #13 “Sustainable Management and Use of Environmental and Natural Resources” with the SDGs



Table 13A presents medium-term targets for “Sustainable Management and Use of Environmental and Natural Resources” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 13A?). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 13A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome #13 – “Sustainable Management and Use of Environmental and Natural Resources”												
National Outcome #13: Sustainable Management and Use of Environmental and Natural Resources	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Environmental Performance Index	Index	74.7 (2006)	≥80	≥82.2	≥60.2	≥60.2	≥60.2	≥ 60	≥ 60	≥ 60	≥ 60	≥80

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Tables 13B show the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance “Sustainable Management and Use of Environmental and Natural Resources” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 13B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Sustainable Management and Use of Environmental and Natural Resources”

National Strategy 13-1: Integrate Environmental Issues in Economic and Social Decision-Making Policies and Processes	National Strategy Outcome: Integrated Environmental, Economic and Social Decision-Making Policies and Processes
National Strategy Objective: To Integrate environmental issues in economic and social decision-making policies and processes by 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Strong environmental legislative and policy framework 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a strong (modern, country-relevant) environmental legislative and policy framework for Jamaica	
Development Area: Environmental Legislative Framework	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong (modern, country-relevant) environmental legislative and policy framework for Jamaica, by March 2027 <i>(for sustainable management of the nation’s environmental resources)</i>

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
12, 14, 15	12.2, 14.2, 15.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Environmental Legislative and Policy Framework	i. Develop and implement the Public Right of Way Access Management and Enforcement Policy ³⁹	MEGJC
	ii. Develop and operationalize the Forest Act	MEGJC /Forestry Department
	iii. Develop and implement a Green Economy Investment Strategy/Policy	MEGJC

National Strategy 13-2: Strengthen Mechanisms for Biodiversity Conservation and Ecosystems Management	National Strategy Outcome: Strong Biodiversity Conservation and Ecosystems Management
National Strategy Objective: To Strengthen Biodiversity Conservation and Ecosystems Management, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Strong Ecosystems Management framework - An enabling policy and regulatory framework for the sustainable management and use of water resources - An enabling framework for the preservation of environmental resources 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a strong Ecosystems Management Framework	
Development Area: Biodiversity Conservation and Ecosystems Management	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong Ecosystems Management Framework, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
6, 12, 14, 15	6.6, 12.2, 14.2, 14.7, 15.2, 15.9

³⁹ Effective management of the island beaches, particularly public beaches and, preservation of public rights to access rights

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Mechanisms for biodiversity conservation and ecosystems management	i. Develop and implement management/recovery plans for species that are threatened and endangered	NEPA
	ii. Establish Head start/rewilding programmes, sanctuaries, and gene banks for targeted species (crocodiles, plants, swallowtail butterflies etc.)	MEGJC
	iii. Develop and implement a Beach Access and Management Policy	MEGJC
	iv. Develop and implement/operationalize Policy and Legislative Framework for Protected Areas	MEGJC
	v. Increase the coverage of protected areas in relation to Jamaica's territory, including ecologically sensitive areas ⁴⁰	NEPA
	vi. Develop and implement Restoration Plans for targeted areas	NEPA
	vii. Expand watershed protection interventions in degraded Watershed Management Units (WMUs)	NEPA
	viii. Develop and implement a National Mangrove Forest Management Plan	Forestry Department
	ix. Develop and implement national strategic plan for emissions source reduction in Air Quality management Areas (AQMAS) ⁴¹	NEPA/ MEGJC

⁴⁰ Protected areas declared/designated to address under-representation of coastal and marine, terrestrial and inland waters ecosystems.

⁴¹ Measures implemented for compliance monitoring, pollution prevention and control toward reducing air, water and land pollution in targeted (degraded/threatened) Areas

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain an enabling policy and regulatory framework for the sustainable management and use of water resources

Development Area:
Sustainable Water
Resource Management

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) the delivery of an enabling policy and regulatory framework for the sustainable management and use of water resources, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
6, 12	6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 12.2, 12.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Water Resources Management	i. Implement the National Water Sector Policy and Implementation Plan ⁴²	MEGJC, NWC, RWSL, WRA
	ii. Implement the Jamaica Water Resources Master Plan	MEGJC/ WRA

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Preserve environmental resources, including reversing loss through ecosystem restoration initiatives

Development Area:
Sustainable Water
Resource Management

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling framework for the preservation of environmental resources, including reversing loss through ecosystem restoration initiatives, by March 2027

⁴² Policy proposes that by 2030 all Jamaicans will have universal access to potable water. It also proposes to have a much more integrated approach to water resource management as well as the impact of climate change on the country's water resources.

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
12, 14, 15	12.2, 14.2, 15.5

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Development of Environmental Restoration Initiatives	i. Undertake reforestation of denuded areas annually to support sustainable forest management	Forestry Department

National Strategy 13-3: Develop Efficient and Effective Governance Structures for Environmental Management	National Strategy Outcome: Efficient and Effective Governance Structures for Environmental Management
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain efficient and effective governance structures for environmental management, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Strong governance structures for environmental management ➤ An <i>enabling environment</i> for environmental education at all levels of the Jamaican education system and environmental awareness ➤ An enabling environment for adequately equipping local organizations to facilitate citizen participation in sustainable management of their local natural resources 	

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong governance structures for environmental management	
Development Area: Environmental Governance	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) strong governance structures for environmental management, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
12	12.8

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Efficient and Effective Environmental Governance Structures	i. Strengthen the regulation and operations of solid waste management institutions and processes. - <i>Integrated Solid Waste Management Public – Private Partnership (ISWM-PPP) Project</i>	MLGCD
	ii. Advance the development of a framework for environmental permits to operate disposal sites	MLGCD, NEPA, NSWMA

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain environmental education at all levels of the Jamaican education system and promote environmental awareness

Development Area: Environmental Governance	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for environmental education at all levels of the Jamaican education system and environmental awareness, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
12	12.8

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Environmental Education	i. Sensitize the population on the proper disposal of solid waste	NSWMA

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain strong capacity of local organizations to facilitate citizen participation in sustainable management of their local natural resources

Development Area:
Environmental Governance /
Citizen participation in
sustainable natural resources
management

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for adequately equipping local organizations to facilitate citizen participation in sustainable management of their local natural resources, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
11, 12	11.6, 12.2, 12.8

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
7. Sustainable natural resources management – local organization capacity building	i. Establish Local Enterprise Development projects in forest dependent communities	Forestry Department

National Strategy 13-4: Manage all forms of waste effectively

National Strategy Outcome: Effective management of all forms of waste

National Strategy Objective: To maintain effective management of all forms of waste, by March 2030

Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2:

- A strong regulatory and institutional framework for the integrated management of all types of waste
- A strong regulatory and institutional framework for the provision of incentives for the development of markets for waste

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain integrated management of all types of waste <i>(including development of a comprehensive waste management policy and associated standards and regulations)</i>	
Development Area: Waste Management	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), a strong regulatory and institutional framework for the integrated management of all types of waste, by March 2027

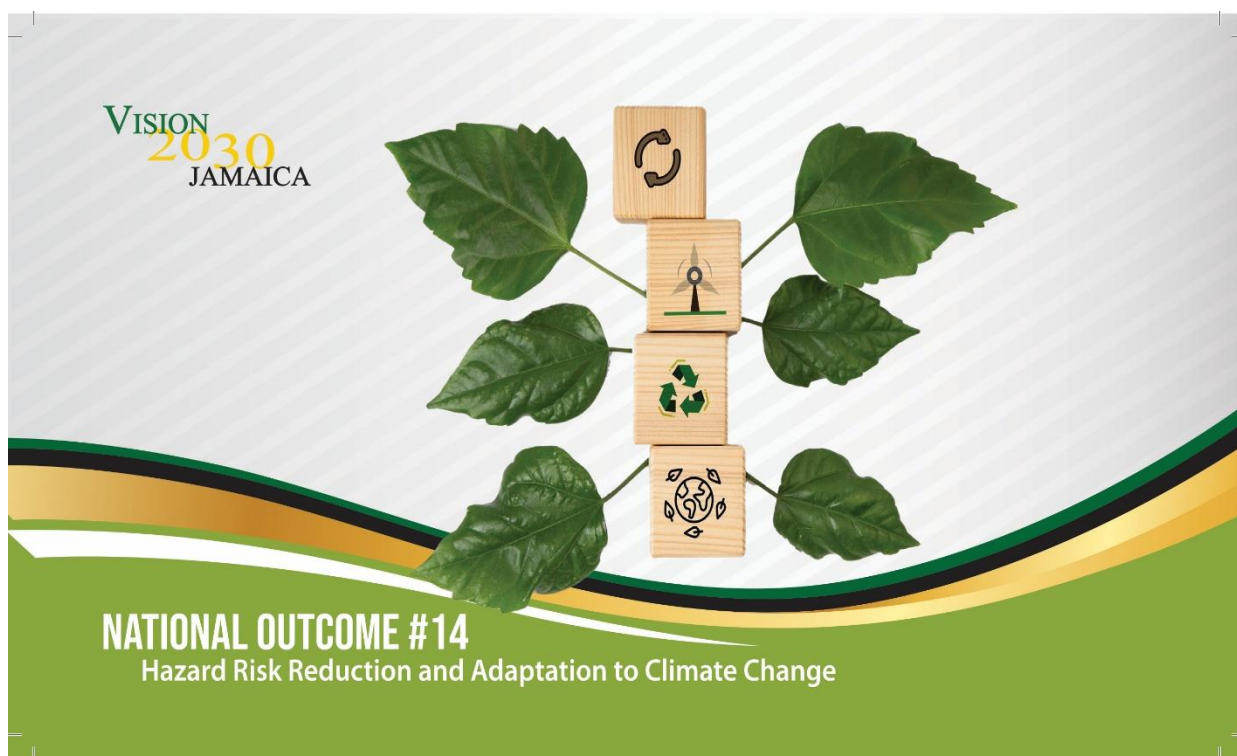
Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
12	12.2, 12.4, 12.7

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
8. Waste Management	i. Update the NSWMA Solid Waste Policy	NSWMA, MLGCD, NEPA, MOHW, NSDMD,
	ii. Conduct time and motion studies	NSWMA
	iii. Conduct waste characterization and generation studies	NSWMA

Sector Strategy (policy-driven): Maintain a strong regulatory and institutional framework for the provision of incentives for the development of markets for waste (e.g., recycling, waste to energy etc.)	
Development Area: Waste Management	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), a strong regulatory and institutional framework for the provision of incentives for the development of markets for waste, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
12	12.1, 12.5, 12.6

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
9. Development of markets for waste	i. Develop and implement a National Programme for the Environmentally Sound Management of End-Of-Life Pneumatic Tyres	MLGCD, NSWMA
	ii. Develop and implement the 3 Rs (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) Initiatives: Plastic Waste Separation	NSWMA



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #14 **“Hazard Risk Reduction and Adaptation to Climate Change”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

The planned strategies and development programming for “Hazard Risk Reduction and Adaptation to Climate Change” are aligned with SDGs 1, 11, 12 and 13 (Figure 14A).

Figure 14A. Alignment of National Outcome #14 “Hazard Risk Reduction and Adaptation to Climate Change” with the SDGs

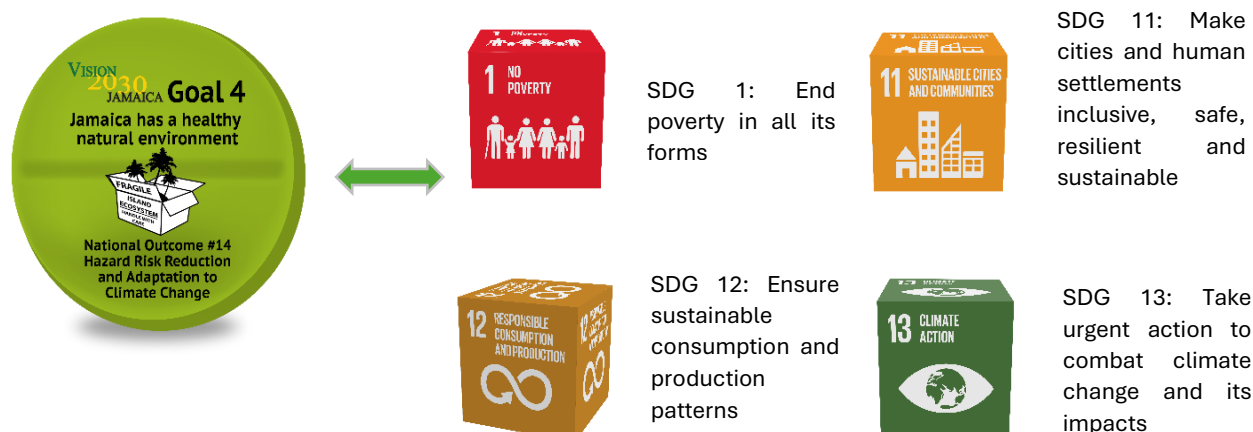


Table 14A presents medium-term targets for “Hazard Risk Reduction and Adaptation to Climate Change” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 14A). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 14A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome #14 – “Hazard Risk Reduction and Adaptation to Climate Change”												
National Outcome Indicators (NOIs)	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Hazard damage as a percentage of GDP	Per Cent	3.4	2.5	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1	1	1	1	≤1

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Table 14B shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–

FY 2026/27 to advance “Hazard Risk Reduction and Adaptation to Climate Change” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 14B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Hazard Risk Reduction and Adaptation to Climate Change”

National Strategy 14-1: Improve resilience to all forms of hazard	National Strategy Outcome: Strong resilience to all forms of hazard
National Strategic Objective: To create resilience to all forms of hazard	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ An enabling environment for evidence-based decision making in building hazard resilience ➤ Strong Early Warning Systems to reduce the risk of disasters from hazards 	

Sector Strategy: Maintain an enabling framework for evidence-based decision making in building hazard resilience	
Development Area: Hazard Resilience	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for evidence-based decision making in building hazard resilience, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
11, 13	11.6, 13.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Hazard Risks & Vulnerability Assessments	i. Create and manage a Database/ National Risk Information Platform (NRIP)	JSIF, ODPEM, NSDMD, MEGJC

Sector Strategy: Maintain strong Early Warning Systems to reduce the risk of disasters from hazards

Development Area:
Hazard Resilience

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part), strong Early Warning Systems, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
13	13.1, 13.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. National Readiness Programme	i. Improve the Emergency Communication Systems /Early Warning Systems	MSJ (Met Service of Jamaica), ODPEM, WRA, Municipal Corporations
	ii. Develop and implement the Tsunami Readiness Programme	ODPEM, Municipal Corporations

National Strategy 14-2: Improve Emergency Response Capabilities

National Strategy Outcome: Strong emergency response system

National Strategic Objective: To develop and maintain a strong emergency response system

Intermediate Sector Outcomes:

- Comprehensive national disaster response and recovery framework

Sector Strategy: Maintain strong national capacity for comprehensive disaster response and recovery

Development Area: Disaster Risk Management and Adaptation to Climate Change

Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a comprehensive national disaster response and recovery framework, by March 2027

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. National Disaster Recovery Framework	i. Develop and implement Disaster Risk Management (DRM) Plans	ODPEM, MCs, MLGCD
	ii. Revise the recovery phase of DRM to ensure inclusiveness and gender-responsiveness	ODPEM, MLGCD
	iii. Develop and apply Special Vulnerable Areas Selection Criteria	ODPEM, MLGCD
	iv. Develop and implement a National Response Coordination Plan	ODPEM, MLGCD
	v. Implement National Public Education and Awareness Programme	ODPEM, MLGCD, MCs
	vi. Develop and implement National Hazard Scenario Plans/ Natural Disasters Scenario Plans	ODPEM, MLGCD

National Strategy 14-3: Develop Measures to Adapt to Climate Change	National Strategy Outcome: Effective Climate Change Adaptation
National Strategy Objective: To maintain effective climate change adaptation	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ An enabling environment for mainstreaming climate change in all aspects of national development planning 	

Sector Strategy: Adopt best practices for building resilience to climate change / mainstream climate change in all aspects of national development planning	
Development Area: Disaster Risk Management and Adaptation to Climate Change	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment, including strong systems and capacities, for mainstreaming climate change in all aspects of national development planning, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
1, 11, 13	1.5, 11.5, 11.b, 13.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Climate Change Adaptation Best Practices	i. Implement the Revised Climate Change Policy Framework	MEGJC CCD
	ii. Implement ecosystem-based initiatives/projects for enhancing community resilience to natural hazards and climate change impacts ⁴³	NEPA, PIOJ
	iii. Promote information sharing and reporting to enable good environmental practices at the community level, especially in the areas of tourism, farming, and fishing (disaggregated by male/female)	NEPA
	iv. Implement Green Climate Fund (GCF) Readiness Programmes	MEGJC CCD, BGA, Forestry Department
	v. Promote Public Awareness and Behavioural Change	MEGJC, MLGCD, MCs, MOESYI

National Strategy 14-4: Contribute to the Effort to reduce the Global Rate of Climate Change	National Strategy Outcome: Global Rate of Climate Change stemmed and reversed
National Strategy Objective: To contribute to the effort to reduce the Global Rate of Climate Change	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ An enabling environment for low greenhouse gas emissions ➤ An enabling environment for low carbon and climate resilient development 	

⁴³ To support scaled up action for climate change resilience and green development

Sector Strategy: Maintain an enabling environment for low greenhouse gas emissions

Development Area: Climate Change Awareness	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) and enabling environment, including policy-driven evidence-based systems, mechanisms and capacities, to reduce the levels of greenhouse gas emissions to targeted/acceptable low levels, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
12, 13	12.a, 13.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Research and Development	i. Develop and implement the Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) Implementation Plan	MEGJC, CCD
	ii. Gain membership and participate in national, regional and international events	MEGJC, CCD

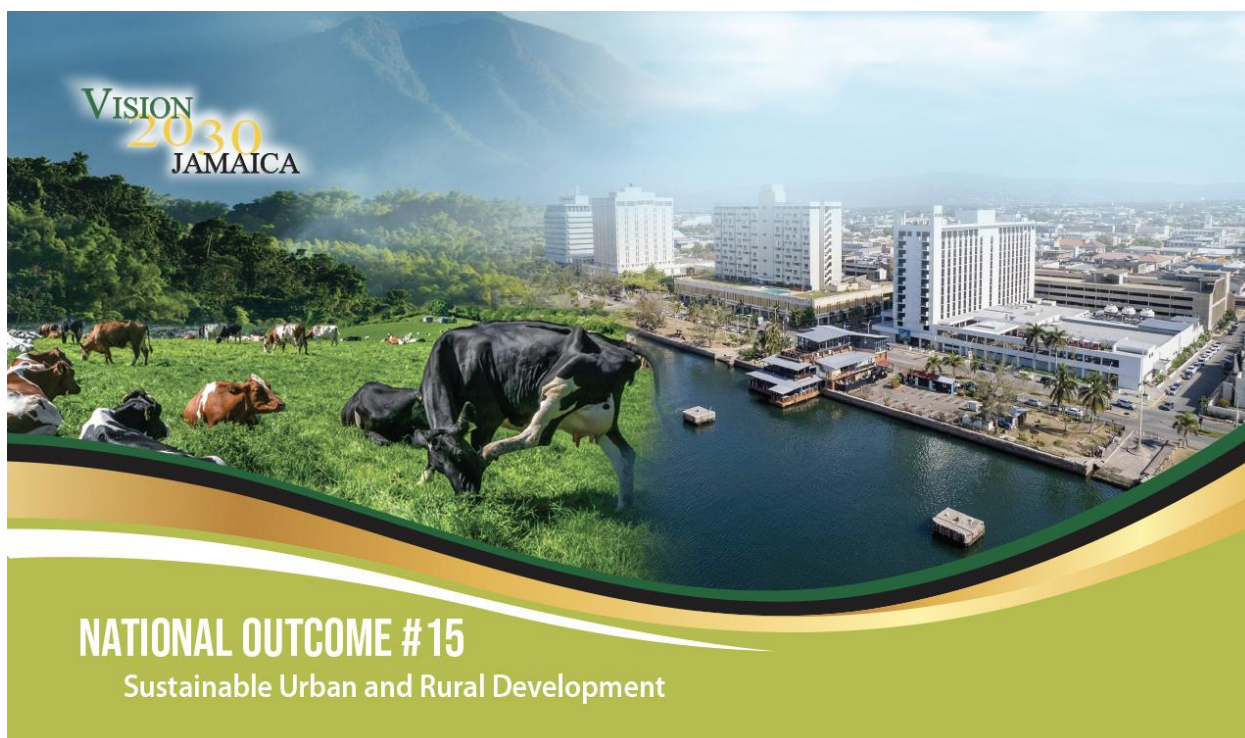
Sector Strategy: Promote low carbon and climate resilient development

Development Area: Low carbon and climate resilient development	Medium Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for promoting/facilitating low carbon and climate resilient development including energy conservation, non-carbon based forms of energy and cleaner technologies, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
12, 13	12.a, 13.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Strategic Priorities for Climate Change Mitigation and adaptation	i. Implement Long Term Strategies (LTSs) for low carbon and climate resilient development	MEGJC, CCD
	ii. Develop and implement a Climate Financing Strategy	MEGJC, CCD, MOFPS
	iii. Make advancements regarding/ Advance the transparency framework for the Paris Agreement and United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)	MEGJC, CCD
	iv. Develop and implement the National Adaptation Plan	MEGJC, CCD, PIOJ, ODPEM
	v. Develop and implement a Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions Inventory System	MEGJC, CCD



Medium-Term Expected Results and Policy-Driven Strategies and Development Programmes

The tables in this chapter show national results and an abridged performance measurement framework. They also present national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25–FY 2026/27 to advance National Outcome #15 **“Sustainable Urban and Rural Development”** and aligned SDGs.

The tables include results chains (descending order) from National Strategy Outcome to Programme Results and the mapped National and Sector Strategies and Main Actions. They also include the alignment of the SDGs and SDGs targets with the Sector Strategies and Main Actions.

Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to National and Sector Strategies and be guided by the Main Actions in crafting development programmes.

The planned strategies and development programming for “Sustainable Urban and Rural Development” are aligned with SDGs 1 and 11 (Figure 15A).

Figure 15A. Alignment of National Outcome #15 “Sustainable Urban and Rural Development” with the SDGs



Table 15A presents medium-term targets for “Sustainable Urban and Rural Development” and data for the baseline year, 2007. The actual medium-term performance will be based on the extent to which the expected policy-driven results from strategic programming and implementation are achieved (Table 15A). Partners in development contribute to the achievement of the medium-term targets by aligning their planned programme results, strategies and activities to the sector strategies in the MTF.

Table 15A. Table of Indicators: National Outcome 15 – “Sustainable Urban and Rural Development”												
National Outcome #15: Sustainable Urban and Rural Development	Unit	Baseline	Targets									
		2007	2012	2015	2018	2021	2024	2025	2026	2027	Revised 2030	Original 2030
Housing Quality Index	Index	68.1	71.34	73.77	76	76	77	≥ 77	≥ 77	≥ 77	≥ 86	86
Proportion of households with access to secure tenure	Per cent	80.5	82	85	88	88	88	77.0	77.0	77.0	78.9	95
Poverty in rural areas	Per cent	15.3	16.8	-	-	≤16.8	≤16.8	≤ 16.8	≤ 16.8	≤16.8	≤ 15	≤12
Number of parishes with sustainable development plans not older than 5 years	Number	-	8	6	8	8	8	8	9	9	14	15

For data on the baseline year, 2007, actual performance since 2009 and targets since 2012, visit the Vision 2030 Jamaica Monitoring Dashboard at <https://data4development.gov.jm/index.php/jam-dashboards> or use the QR Code:



Table 15B shows the national and sector strategies and aligned programming that will be implemented by government and other partners in development over the period FY 2024/25 – FY 2026/27 to advance “Sustainable Urban and Rural Development” and aligned SDGs. Stakeholders are encouraged to align their planning to what is presented in the table.

Medium-Term Development Policy Framework – Tables

Tables 15B. Results, National Strategies and Medium-Term Policy-Driven Sector Strategies and Programmes – “Sustainable Urban and Rural Development”

National Strategy 15-1: Create a comprehensive and efficient planning system	National Strategy Outcome: A comprehensive and efficient planning system
National Strategy Objective: To create a comprehensive and efficient planning system, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2:	
➤ A strong spatial planning framework for orderly and sustainable development island wide	

Sector Strategy: Maintain a strong spatial planning framework for orderly and sustainable development island wide	
Development Area: Spatial Planning	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an evidence-based strong spatial planning framework to guide development decisions for orderly and sustainable development island wide, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
11	11.3, 11.a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
1. Spatial Planning Framework	i. Develop and implement Jamaica's National Spatial Plan	MEGJC, NEPA
	ii. Establish National Spatial Data Infrastructure (NSDI) <i>(Implement National GIS Projects and Programmes)</i>	NSDMD, MEGJC, NEPA, ODPEM, BSJ
	iii. Develop a comprehensive Framework for Development Approval <i>(For effective management and regulation of Land Developments in parishes and communities)</i>	NEPA, MEGJC, MCs
	iv. Strengthen the Development and Application & Review Process (DARP):	NEPA/MEGJC, MLGRD MCs
	v. Develop and operationalize the AMANDA Public Portal II <i>Build the capacity of MCs and NEPA to utilize the portal</i>	MEGJC, NEPA, MLGCD, MCs, JAMPRO, Cabinet Office
	a. Develop regulatory framework for land tenure/regularization <i>Build the capacity of MCs and NEPA to utilize the portal</i>	MEGJC
	vi. Implement the Electronic Land Registration System (2021-2027) ⁴⁴	NLA

⁴⁴ To expand legal land tenure through the provision of an electronic land titling system and the regularization of informal land holdings/settlements

National Strategy 15-2: Create an appropriate framework for Sustainability Planning	National Strategy Outcome: Country-Relevant Framework for Sustainability Planning
National Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain a country-relevant framework for sustainability planning, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Strong Local Sustainable Development Planning Framework ➤ A strong framework for developing sustainable and inclusive community plans aligned with local sustainable development planning and the national development agenda ➤ A culture of enterprise and productivity in the local economy 	

Sector Strategy: Maintain a National Local Sustainable Development Planning Framework	
Development Area: Local Sustainable Development Planning	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong National Local Sustainable Development Planning (LSDP) Framework that is aligned with Vision 2030 Jamaica and the SDGs, including appropriate regulatory and institutional arrangements, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
1, 11	1.4, 11.a, 11.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
2. Local Sustainable Development Planning	i. Develop and implement Local Sustainable Development Plans (LSDPs) for all Municipalities, ensuring that updates are scheduled, and all are no older than 5 years	MLGCD, MCs
	ii. Strengthen the capacity of Local Authorities (LAs)/Municipal Corporations (MCs) to deliver on mandate regarding local sustainable development	MLGCD, MCs

Sector Strategy: Maintain sustainable and inclusive community planning aligned with local sustainable development planning and the national development agenda

Development Area: Community Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong framework for developing sustainable and inclusive community plans aligned with local sustainable development planning and the national development agenda, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
11	11.a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
3. Community Research and Development Planning (CRDP)	i. Develop a comprehensive and up-to-date database of community listings, maps, profiles, and plans	MLGCD, SDC

Sector Strategy: Maintain a culture of enterprise and productivity in the local economy, including community economies

Development Area: Community Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a culture of enterprise and productivity in the local economy, including appropriate systems and institutional arrangements, by March 2027
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Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy

SDGs	Targets
11	11.1, 11.3

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
4. Local Economic Development Support Programme	i. Implement Local Economic Development Initiatives	SDC

National Strategy 15-3: Create Sustainable Urban Centres, including Urban Renewal and Upgrading	National Strategy Outcome: Sustainable Urban Centres
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain sustainable urban centres, including urban renewal and upgrading, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ A strong framework for sustainable urban centres 	

Sector Strategy: Maintain a strong framework for creating sustainable urban centres, including promoting urban renewal and upgrading	
Development Area: Urban Renewal	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) a strong framework for creating sustainable urban centres, based on growth scenarios, including promoting urban renewal and upgrading

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
11	11.1, 11.3, 11.4, 11.a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
5. Urban Renewal Programme	i. Develop and implement Urban Renewal Programme	UDC, MEGJC
	ii. Integrate Urban Public Spaces	UDC, MEGJC, TEF, JSIF

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
	iii. Develop and implement Sustainable Community Model	UDC, MEGJC, NHT, NWA, NWC
	iv. Develop Commercial Urban Services	UDC, MEGJC, , NWA, NWC

National Strategy 15-4: Create Vibrant and Diversified Rural Areas	National Strategy Outcome: Vibrant and Diversified Rural Areas
National Strategy Objective: To create and maintain vibrant and diversified rural areas, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcome 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ An enabling environment for environmentally sustainable rural growth 	

Sector Strategy: Promote growth in rural areas while protecting the environment / Promote investment in services and infrastructure	
Development Area: Rural Development	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for environmentally sustainable rural growth, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
11	11.1, 11.6, 11.a

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
6. Built Environment Development – Road Works and Construction of Community Facilities	i. Develop the rural road infrastructure/network	MLGCD, MCs
	ii. Expand and improve the rural water supply ⁴⁵	RSWL, MEGJC
	iii. Upgrade Air Traffic facilities and surveillance schedules	MSETT, JCAA, AAJ, AEROTEL

National Strategy 15-5 Ensure safe, sanitary, and affordable shelter for all	National Strategy Outcome: Safe, sanitary, and affordable shelter for all
National Strategy Objective: To deliver and maintain safe, sanitary, and affordable shelter for all, by March 2030	
Intermediate Sector Outcomes 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ An enabling environment for inclusive and equitable access to housing ➤ An enabling environment for evidence-based decision making in delivering an adequate housing stock/shelter for all ➤ An effective framework for building safety and resilience 	

Sector Strategy: Maintain inclusive and equitable provision of housing opportunities and improve economic access to housing for all income levels of the population	
Development Area: Safe, Sanitary and Affordable Shelter	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for the provision of inclusive and equitable housing opportunities and improving economic access to housing for all, by March 2027

⁴⁵ To provide access to water to non-utility service areas

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
11	11.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
7. Provision of adequate shelter	i. Increase access to housing solutions	OPM
	ii. Implement Social Housing Programme	MEGJC, NSHP, HOPE, HAJ
	iii. Maintain relevant legislative/regulatory framework for the housing sector	MEGJC, OPM

Sector Strategy: Deliver an adequate housing stock/shelter for all	
Development Area: Safe, Sanitary and Affordable Shelter	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To further develop and maintain (in part) an enabling environment for evidence-based decision making in delivering an adequate housing stock/shelter for all, including information on housing concerns in the country, and the resources available to address housing needs, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
11	11.1

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
8. Data/ Information to support safe, sanitary, and affordable shelter for all	i. Conduct and report on squatter census/survey	MEGJC

Sector Strategy: Maintain building safety and resilience, including capabilities and risk reduction strategies	
Development Area: Building safety and resilience	Medium-Term Sector Strategy Objective: To develop and maintain (in part) an effective framework for building safety and resilience, by March 2027

Alignment of SDGs with Sector Strategy	
SDGs	Targets
11	11.5, 11.b

Development Programme Areas	Main actions include:	Responsible Entities
9. Public Safety and Fire Prevention	i. Fire Prevention Programme: Investigations and Inspections (Including Building Code Compliance and Public Education)	JFB MLGCD


Appendix 1: Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and Targets



Appendix 1: Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and Targets


2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

17 Sustainable Development Goals


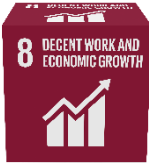




Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Targets
GOAL 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere 	1.1 – By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than US\$1.25 a day
	1.2 – By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions
	1.3 – Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable
	1.4 – By 2030 ensure that all men and women, particularly the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership, and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology, and financial services including microfinance
	1.5 – By 2030 build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters
	1.a – Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries (LDCs), to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions
	1.b – Create sound policy frameworks at national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies to support accelerated investments in poverty eradication actions
	2.1 – By 2030 end hunger and ensure access by all people , in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round
	2.2 – By 2030 end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving by 2025 the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under five years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women, and older persons
	2.3 – By 2030 double the agricultural productivity and the incomes of small-scale food producers, particularly women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets, and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment


Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Targets
GOAL 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture 	2.4 – By 2030 ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters, and that progressively improve land and soil quality
	2.5 – By 2020 maintain genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants, farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at national, regional and international levels, and ensure access to fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge as internationally agreed
	2.a – Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development, and plant and livestock gene banks to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular in least developed countries
	2.b – Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets including by the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round
	2.c – Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives, and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility
GOAL 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages 	3.1 – By 2030 reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births
	3.2 – By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births
	3.3 – By 2030 end the epidemics of HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria, and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases, and other communicable diseases
	3.4 – By 2030 reduce by one-third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases (NCDs), through prevention and treatment, and promote mental health and well-being
	3.5 – Strengthen prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol
	3.6 – By 2020 halve global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents
	3.7 – By 2030 ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes
	3.8 – Achieve Universal health coverage (UHC), including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health care services, and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all
	3.9 – By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination



Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Targets
	3.a – Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate
	3.b – Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all
	3.c – Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States
	3.d – Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks
GOAL 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable education and promote life-long learning opportunities for all 	4.1 – By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes
	4.2 – By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education
	4.3 – By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university
	4.4 – By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills including technical and vocation skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship
	4.5 – By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples, and children in vulnerable situations
	4.6 – By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy
	4.7 – By 2030, ensure all learners acquire knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship, and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development
	4.a – Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all
	4.b – By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular LDCs, SIDS and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training, ICT, technical, engineering and scientific programmes in developed countries and other developing countries
	4.c – By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially LDCs and SIDS



Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Targets
GOAL 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls 	5.1 – End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere
	5.2 – Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation
	5.3 – Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation
	5.4 – Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies, and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate
	5.5 – Ensure women’s full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life
	5.6 – Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference of Population and Development (ICPD) and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences
	5.a – Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance, and natural resources in accordance with national laws
	5.b – Enhance the use of enabling technologies, in particular ICT, to promote women’s empowerment
	5.c – Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels
GOAL 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all 	6.1 – By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all
	6.2 – By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all, and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
	6.3 – By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally
	6.4 – By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity, and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity
	6.5 – By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate
	6.6 – By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes
	6.a – By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water and sanitation related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies
	6.b – Support and strengthen the participation of local communities for improving water and sanitation management
	7.1 – By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services


Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Targets
GOAL 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all 	7.2 – By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix
	7.3 – By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency
	7.a – By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology
	7.b – By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support
GOAL 8: Promote sustained and inclusive economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all 	8.4 – Improve progressively through 2030 global resource efficiency in consumption and production, and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation in accordance with the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production with developed countries taking the lead
	8.5 – By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value
	8.6 – By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training
	8.7 – Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms
	8.8 – Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments of all workers, including migrant workers, particularly women migrants, and those in precarious employment
	8.9 – By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism which creates jobs and promotes local culture and products
	8.10 – Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and to expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all
	8.a – Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, particularly LDCs including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-Related Technical Assistance for LDCs
	8.b – By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization
	8.4 – Improve progressively through 2030 global resource efficiency in consumption and production, and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation in accordance with the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production with developed countries taking the lead
	8.5 – By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value
	8.6 – By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Targets
GOAL 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation 	9.1 – Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all
	9.2 – Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and GDP in line with national circumstances, and double its share in LDCs
	9.3 – Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, particularly in developing countries, to financial services including affordable credit and their integration into value chains and markets
	9.4 – By 2030 upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities
	9.5 – Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending
	9.a – Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, LDCs, LLDCs and SIDS
	9.b – Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for inter alia industrial diversification and value addition to commodities
	9.c – Significantly increase access to ICT and strive to provide universal and affordable access to internet in LDCs by 2020
GOAL10: Reduce inequality within and among countries 	10.1 – By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average
	10.2 – By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status
	10.3 – Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including through eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and actions in this regard
	10.4 – Adopt policies especially fiscal, wage, and social protection policies and progressively achieve greater equality
	10.5 – Improve regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen implementation of such regulations
	10.6 – Ensure enhanced representation and voice of developing countries in decision making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions
	10.7 – Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies
	10.a – Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with WTO agreements
	10.b – Encourage ODA and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to states where the need is greatest, in particular LDCs, African countries, SIDS, and LLDCs, in accordance with their national plans and programmes

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Targets
	10.c – By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent
 <p>GOAL 11 - Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable</p>	11.1 – By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services, and upgrade slums
	11.2 – By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons
	11.3 – By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacities for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries
	11.4 – Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world’s cultural and natural heritage
	11.5 – By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of affected people and decrease by y per cent the economic losses relative to GDP caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with the focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations
	11.6 – By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality, municipal and other waste management
	11.7 – By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, particularly for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities
	11.a – Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, per-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning
	11.b – By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, develop and implement in line with the forthcoming Hyogo Framework holistic disaster risk management at all levels
	11.c – Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, for sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials
	12.1 – Implement the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on sustainable consumption and production (10YFP), all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries
	12.2 – By 2030, achieve sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources
	12.3 – By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer level, and reduce food losses along production and supply chains including post-harvest losses
	12.4 – By 2020, achieve environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle in accordance with agreed international frameworks and significantly

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Targets
<p>GOAL 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns</p> 	<p>reduce their release to air, water and soil to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment</p>
	<p>12.5 – By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling, and reuse</p>
	<p>12.6 – Encourage companies, especially large and trans-national companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle</p>
	<p>12.7 – Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable in accordance with national policies and priorities</p>
	<p>12.8 – By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature</p>
	<p>12.a – Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacities to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production</p>
	<p>12.b – Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism which creates jobs, promotes local culture and products</p> <p>12.c – Rationalize inefficient fossil fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities</p>
<p>Goal 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impact</p> 	<p>13.1 – Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate related hazards and natural disasters in all countries</p>
	<p>13.2 – Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies, and planning</p>
	<p>13.3 – Improve education, awareness raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction, and early warning</p>
	<p>13.a – Implement the commitment undertaken by developed country Parties to the UNFCCC to a goal of mobilizing jointly USD100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible</p>
	<p>13.b – Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities</p>
<p>GOAL 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development</p>	<p>14.1 – By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, particularly from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution</p>
	<p>14.2 By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans</p>
	<p>14.3 – Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels</p>
	<p>14.4 – By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting, and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based</p>

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Targets
	management plans, to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics
	14.5 – By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on best available scientific information
	14.6 – By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, and eliminate subsidies that contribute to IUU fishing, and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the WTO fisheries subsidies negotiation
	14.7 – By 2030, increase the economic benefits to small island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism
	14.a – Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacities and transfer marine technology taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular SIDS and LDCs
	14.b – Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets
	14.c – Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of “The future we want”
GOAL 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss 	15.1 – By 2020, ensure conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements
	15.2 – By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally
	15.3 – By 2020, combat desertification, and restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land-degradation neutral world
	15.4 – By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, to enhance their capacity to provide benefits which are essential for sustainable development
	15.5 – Take urgent and significant action to reduce degradation of natural habitat, halt the loss of biodiversity, and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species
	15.6 – Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed
	15.7 – Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna, and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products
	15.8 – By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems, and control or eradicate the priority species
	15.9 – By 2020, integrate ecosystems and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes and poverty reduction strategies, and accounts

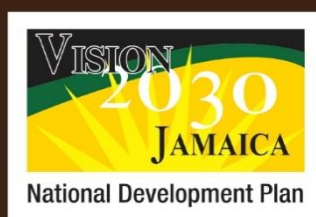
Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Targets
	15.a – Mobilize and significantly increase from all sources financial resources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems
	15.b – Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management, and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance sustainable forest management, including for conservation and reforestation
	15.c – Enhance global support to efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities
GOAL 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for  sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective and inclusive institutions at all levels	16.1 – Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere
	16.2 – End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence and torture against children
	16.3 – Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels, and ensure equal access to justice for all
	16.4 – By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen recovery and return of stolen assets, and combat all forms of organized crime
	16.5 – Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms
	16.6 – Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels
	16.7 – Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels
	16.8 – Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance
	16.9 – By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration
	16.10 – Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements
	16.a – Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacities at all levels, in particular in developing countries, for preventing violence and combating terrorism and crime
GOAL 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development	16.b – Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development
	17.1 – Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection
	17.2 – Developed countries to implement fully their Official Development Assistance (ODA) commitments, including to provide 0.7 per cent of Gross National Income (GNI) in ODA to developing countries of which 0.15-0.20 per cent to least-developed countries
	17.3 – Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources
	17.4 – Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries (HIPC) to reduce debt distress

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Targets
	17.5 – Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for LDCs
	17.6 – Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation, and enhance knowledge sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, particularly at UN level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism
	17.7 – Promote development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed
	17.8 – Fully operationalize the Technology Bank and STI (Science, Technology and Innovation) capacity building mechanism for LDCs by 2017, and enhance the use of enabling technologies in particular ICT
	17.9 – Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all sustainable development goals, including through North-South, South-South, and triangular cooperation
	17.10 – Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the WTO including through the conclusion of negotiations within its Doha Development Agenda
	17.11 – Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020
	17.12 – Realize timely implementation of duty-free, quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries consistent with WTO decisions, including through ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from LDCs are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access
	17.13 – Enhance global macroeconomic stability including through policy coordination and policy coherence
	17.14 – Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development
	17.15 - Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development
	17.16 – Enhance the global partnerships for sustainable development complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships. In particular, enhance those partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technologies and financial resources to support the achievement of sustainable development goals in all countries, particularly developing countries
	17.17 – Encourage and promote effective public, public-private, and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships Data, monitoring and accountability
	17.18 – By 2020, enhance capacity building support to developing countries, including for LDCs and SIDS, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts"
	17.19 – By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement GDP, and support statistical capacity building in developing countries

**Thank You for Having Viewed Medium-Term Socio-Economic
Policy Framework (MTF) 2024–2027**

Together, we will make “Jamaica, the place of choice to live, work, raise families
and do business”

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